"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, cooler to-day; clouding to-morrow; northeast winds.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,268. * * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY. OCTOBER 26, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

GAYNOR CHOSE DIX, E. M. SHEPARD SAYS

The Mayor Was the "Boss" Who, by Letter to Creelman, Brought About His Nomination.

CARNEGIE HALL STATEMENT

"Jupiter Tonans" Roosevelt Cited as an Example of Political Passion Plus Ambition.

Edward M. Shepard, who in the first sessions of the Democratic Convention at Rochester seemed likely to be the nominee for Governor, announced last night at a ratification meeting of the Democratic League in Carnegie Hall that John A. Dix was chosen after Mayor Gaynor had strongly advised the leaders to make Mr. Dix the candidate.

"If any bosses controlled that nomination," said Mr. Shepard, "the most powerful of all the bosses was Boss Gaynor."

Mr. Shepard's announcement aroused some surprise among the 1,000 or more Democrats at the meeting. The Mayor's letter to James Creelman, stating that under no circumstances would he accept the nomination, contained no advice from the Mayor to the convention leaders as to who should be chosen. Here is Mr. Shepard's statement. It came out in the course of a description of the scene in Convention Hall when the choice of a Democratic standard bearer was uncertain.

"In the midst of this situation," said Mr. Shepard, "there came a message from a man most prominent in this community—[loud cheers]—a message from Mayor Gaynor. [More cheers.]

"I wish I knew Mr. Creelman," continued Mr. Shepard. "All the messages seemed to come through Mr. Creelman. In this message the Mayor strongly advised the convention that they should nominate John A. Dix. So if any bosses controlled the nomination, the most powerful of all the bosses was Boss Gaynor."

Gaynor Wrote to Creelman.

This was all the reference. In an effort to learn more a TIMES reporter wrote out several questions and handed them to Mr. Shepard on the platform. Here are the questions and his answers:

Q.—Did Mayor Gaynor say in his message that his choice was Mr. Dix? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did Mr. Creelman deliver the message? A.—Yes.

Q.—Was it in writing? A.—Yes, and no doubt oral also.

Q.—To whom was it delivered? A.—To Mr. Dix himself, among others.

Mr. Creelman at his home after the meeting said he did not think it would be proper for him to discuss the contents of any letter he might have taken to Rochester from Mayor Gaynor without express permission from the Mayor.

"Every one knows," continued Mr. Creelman, "that I went to Rochester as the emissary of Mayor Gaynor. It is also known that I bore letters from him, for one was made public after his permission had been obtained. Regarding the alleged letter referred to by Mr. Shepard I cannot say anything. Mayor Gaynor will have to make any such letter public himself."

Mayor Gaynor, who was at his home in Brooklyn last night, had retired for the night when this information came out.

Roosevelt Advised to Apologize.

Mr. Shepard said that an apology was due from Col. Roosevelt to Mr. Dix for the Colonel's assertion that Mr. Dix was identified with the Standard Wall Paper Company when it was under attack as being party to a monopoly. He said, too, that Col. Roosevelt "shoved to one side the President of the United States, his own choice, and his own friend, and took the centre of the stage himself.

"For thirteen years the Nation has been governed by one party alone," said Mr. Shepard. If there be evil, then upon that party rests the responsibility. And at the end of thirteen years of Republican rule we find throughout the country discord and distress and a profound distrust of Government. The masses of both parties are thinking of taxation—tariff taxation. And with the increase in taxation has come the era of high prices. The Republicans and their spokesmen will admit that these are great questions. Now I wish to say nothing to dishonor or disparage Mr. Roosevelt. I admire him. But it is impossible to ignore him. And no one would be more aggrieved if he were ignored. With all his faunal triumphs in Africa, the thousands of skeletons and skins, he came back and we wondered whether he would be quiet. In a few days there began this interesting campaign.

The Roosevelt Nationalism.

"We wondered what we should hear from the titular head of the Republican Party. He left us not long in doubt. He went West and then was opened to the vision the New Nationalism. All that old nationalism under which had come the amazing power civilization has ever known, all that he would put to death in favor of the New Nationalism which he describes as a governmental power to regulate the business of every man and woman in the United States.

"As for the candidate. Mr. Stimson I esteem as a man and a lawyer. He is upright, and if chosen Governor would no doubt make a good Governor. But Mr. Roosevelt tells us he should be Governor because he prosecuted Morse and the Sugar Trust. As District Attorney he got $10,000 a year, but in the middle of the Sugar Trust suit he resigned, and became a special counsel for the Government and got $64,000 for his services for fifteen months' work.

"Now, I don't say this in criticism, for I don't know the real value of his services. But is that service to the people so much over $64,000 that it can only be paid by the gift of the Governorship?

"And now we come to Mr. Dix. He has been giving his services for many years without hoping for any reward. There are perhaps six questions which are vital in this campaign. At least, we all supposed so until this Jupiter Tonans of politics descended upon us. But those six great questions were not the ones chosen by Mr. Roosevelt. He has drawn herrings across the trail to mislead the scent. If I understand him right, his three great questions to be decided are, first, the Standard Wall Paper Company; second, Room 212 or Charles F. Murphy, and third, the issues between Judge Whitney and Judge Delaney.

"To-day Mr. Roosevelt reiterated his charges against Mr. Dix and the Standard Wall Paper Company, and to-day I obtained the original record of the suit he refers to. There is no mention of the Standard Wall Paper Company in that suit. Mr. Roosevelt has said recklessly and unfairly that Mr. Dix's company was mentioned in the court decree. What is expected that he should do? The proper thing would be to apologize. Suppose this person of whom I am thinking was a very courageous man and contemptuous against all meanness and other vices—what would such a man do? Apologize surely.

"This attitude of Mr. Roosevelt's is a striking example of to what extent polit-

Continued on Page 2.

RIOT OUTSIDE ROYAL THEATRE

Caruso Admirers Fight with Ticket Speculators—Many Swindled.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—A riot took place outside the Royal Theatre last night, where Caruso made a triumphant appearance in "Aïda" in the presence of the Kaiser. For half an hour a throng of admirers of the tenor, clad in evening dress and furs, engaged in a hand-to-hand mêlée with a gang of professional speculators who had contrived to capture whole rows of the best seats in the house.

Negotiations between buyers and speculators became so boisterous that the police, who were on duty in force, were compelled to intervene with their accustomed roughness. The police drove the crowd into an adjacent teirgarten, and on this neutral ground, amid frostbitten trees and in almost total darkness, the speculators resumed operations, the theatregoers, with $20 notes waved aloft, following helter skelter in their zeal to gain admission at any price.

Scores of people were victimized by speculators with bogus tickets, which sold as long as the supply lasted at $15 apiece. These counterfeit tickets appear to have been purloined from an obsolete stock at the Royal Opera box office. When buyers of bogus tickets were unable to obtain admission angry encounters with doorkeepers resulted. Several wealthy Americans were among those duped.

PLOT TO RUIN FRANCE.

Briand Says Leaders of Strike Have Confessed to a Conspiracy.

PARIS, Oct. 25.—On the reassembling of the Chamber of Deputies to-day, after an attack on the Government by the Socialists, Premier Briand created a sensation by declaring that he had proof, through confessions on the part of the leaders of the recent railroad strike, that there was a deliberate plot to ruin France by violence, anarchy, and civil war.

In concluding his address, the Premier said that the Cabinet was studying a plan to prevent a repetition of such strikes, while at the same time guarding the legitimate rights of wage earners.

The Socialist members of the Chamber made a violent demonstration against M. Lepine, Police Prefect of Paris, who was present as a spectator. They cried, "Down with Lepine!" and demanded his expulsion from the building.

President Brisson was compelled to adjourn the session, which was resumed after the Prefect had retired.

Several interpellations on the subject of the strike were made, some for and some against the right of the railroad men to organize a union and strike. One interpellation called for the dissolution of the National Federation of Labor on the ground that it was revolutionary.

The Socialists denounced the Ministry for "throwing the military resources of the country to the service of capital," asserting that such a proceeding only increased the war among the classes. The discussion went over until Thursday.

President Fallières and the members of the Cabinet are being guarded constantly as a result of the appearance of an Anarchist circular condemning the Ministers to death because of the conviction in the courts of the militant members among the railway strikers.

FLORIDA ISLES DEVASTATED.

Many Persons Dead—Survivors Destitute—Buildings Destroyed.

TAMPA, Oct. 25.—A belated appeal for aid was received here to-day from Punta Rassa on the Gulf Coast, reporting that the Ten Thousand Islands were swept by a tidal wave at the time of the recent West Indian storm and that all the residents who escaped are destitute.

Small settlements were wiped out of existence. Many persons saved themselves by climbing into trees.

G. W. Storter, a merchant of Everglades brings news of the ruining of crops, the wrecking of all business houses, and the desolation of that region.

C. G. McEneky of Chokoloskee reports the drowning of many women and children, the men seeking safety in trees. Heroic work was done by some of the men in saving those who could not help themselves.

H. W. Martin of Bokeelia reports the washing ashore of seventeen bodies, supposed to be those of sailors who perished in the storm.

The schooner Eureka arrived to-day from the devastated area bringing a petition from Chokoloskee asking the Tampa Board of Trade for assistance. The petition was signed by thirty-six surviving residents.

A cargo of provisions will be sent from Tampa to-morrow.

CLARA MORRIS'S HOME SAFE

Court Finally Dismisses the Foreclosure Proceedings Against It.

Supreme Court Justice Keogh, at White Plains, signed an order recently discontinuing the foreclosure proceedings against the home of Clara Morris Harriott, known to the stage as Clara Morris. The action to foreclose was brought by the Lawyers Title Insurance Company against Clara Morris Harriott, and Frederick C. Harriott, and the amount due was $25,000. It is understood that Mr. Harriott's brother came to the front to save the couple from being evicted.

Clara Morris, as she is better known, is now ill and almost blind in her old home at Yonkers. Her friends have stood by her loyally in her time of trouble.

FOSS BACKING HIMSELF?

$10,000 Wager on His Chances Is Credited to Candidate.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Oct. 25.—It is the general understanding along State Street and throughout the financial district that the $10,000 recently wagered by the brokerage concern of Hayden, Stone & Co. on the election of Eugene N. Foss, Democratic candidate for Governor, was supplied by the candidate himself. Foss has traded through Hayden, Stone & Co. for years, and has common interest in a number of enterprises with the latter.

With James J. Storrow known to be hostile to his candidacy and Foss facing the necessity of carrying Boston by 20,000 votes and securing between 30,000 and 40,000 Republican votes outside this city, the Congressman from the Fourteenth District is neglecting nothing to create sentimental strength.

Col. Roosevelt's speech here last Friday night, in which he attacked Foss as a man who had made his money speculating in stocks, has reacted on the Republicans. Foss has a good constructive business record, which he was able to show in his reply to Roosevelt.

To Savannah—Jacksonville—Atlanta.
Fine service via Seaboard Air Line Ry. Electric lighted sleepers and observation car. Office, 1183 B'way, cor. 28th St. Phone 5644 Mad.—Adv.

MARY GARDEN BACK; SAYS SHE'S MARRIED

Wears Wedding Ring, but Won't Talk About the Man, Except to Say "He's Poor."

STEAMER LOAD OF SINGERS

Tenors Dalmores, McCormack, Zerola, and Conductor Mahler in List—Lillian Grenville Returns.

"Is Mary Garden married?"

That is the question which was asked by every one on the dock when the Kaiser Wilhelm II. arrived last night at 5 o'clock with such a boatload of singers and musicians as seldom comes into this port on one single liner. The reason for the question was obvious. Miss Garden was wearing a plain band of gold on the proper finger.

Miss Garden would answer no direct questions herself, but she was heard to remark while some newspaper photographers were taking her picture as she stood posed on top of a trunk: "What a position for a married woman!"

"I am wearing a wedding ring," she said. "But I can't talk about the man now. You must wait until he comes over to carry me away to his mountain fastnesses, and then you must corner him and ask him how it was done."

Once during the conversation she asserted that she had married a poor man.

"Oh, indeed, yes," she exclaimed, "I never would marry a rich man."

There were rumors of a Magyar nobleman who was immensely wealthy, but these she would not confirm. She was met at the boat by any number of friends, including her father, in whose arms she remained for at least a full minute, while she kissed him with great fervor.

Afterward she held him at arms length and exclaimed, "Isn't he handsome, my father?"

Mr. Dippel's agent had arranged for her to take a train for Chicago, where she is to sing this season, to-day, but she soon upset this plan.

"It's been a beastly voyage, and I've eaten nothing but eggs and drank nothing but ginger ale," she said. "I'm all tired out and I shan't go before Friday. I must have some rest."

Lights on the Pier Go Out.

Here she was interrupted by some friends from Philadelphia. She chatted with one after the other until the customs officer made his appearance, and just about that time all the lights on the dock went out and remained out for thirty-five minutes, while everybody staggered about trying to close half-emptied trunks and wondering if getting into New York was going to be attended with new difficulties.

The blowing out of a fuse on a pole in front of the piers snuffed out the electric lights just as the customs officials were beginning the examination of the baggage.

Several young men had brought over walking sticks from Germany with tiny electric bulbs set in the end, with which they marched about in the darkness. An official of the company sent messengers to a neighboring beer garden and borrowed lanterns for the reporters so they could distinguish passengers. Several photographers were present and expressed their desire to take flashlight photographs of the scene, but this they were not permitted to do. The report of a flashlight on that crowded pier might have been followed by a rush for the doors.

A group of German students who were among the second cabin passengers sang college songs and yodeled from one end of the pier to the other. The North German Lloyd Company will equip its piers with big oil lamps for such emergencies.

Miss Garden was wearing a long velvet coat trimmed with sables and a white hat with a black aigrette. Under the coat she wore a purple velvet suit and many diamonds. Her hair is a perceptibly lighter shade. She also carried a monocle, which she used now and then. She was accompanied on the voyage by her sister Agnes.

Her new parts this year will be the title rôle of "The Girl of the Golden West," which she will create in Chicago, and Carmen. After ten weeks in Chicago she will sing in Philadelphia and in New York at the Metropolitan Opera House every Tuesday night.

There were three tenors for the Chicago company on the boat, Charles Dalmorès, John McCormack, and Nicola Zerola. Mr. Dalmorès will sing the leading tenor part in "The Girl of the Golden West" in Chicago. Mr. McCormack said he hoped to sing the leading tenor part in Victor Herbert's "Natoma."

Mario Sammarco, who returns to sing in Chicago, has just given his first song recital in London. He said that he hoped to be heard in song recital in New York some time. Hector Dufranne and Huberdeau returned to join the Chicago company. A newcomer was Wayda Korolewicz, a beautiful Russian soprano.

Gustav Mahler, the conductor of the New York Philharmonic Society, arrived with Mrs. Mahler and their little girl. Mr. Mahler said he did not know whether his new symphony could be done in New York this season or not.

"It requires a large chorus and a great deal of rehearsing," he said. "They rehearsed the work in Munich six months before I came."

Felix Berber Arrives.

Felix Berber, a German violinist, who makes his first appearance in this country on Friday with the Symphony Society of New York, Walter Damrosch conducting, at The New Theatre, was another arrival.

Adolphe Borchard, a French pianist, who also is to make his first American appearance, was also on the boat. He goes to Chicago to play with the Theodore Thomas Orchestra, but will be heard in a recital here early in November, when he will play a suite by Saint-Saëns for the first time in America.

Two Metropolitan Opera House singers who arrived on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. were Leon Rothier, the new French bass, and Leonora Sparkes, soprano.

More singers for Andreas Dippel's Chicago Opera Company arrived yesterday on the Potsdam. The group included Lillian Grenville, a young American soprano, who hopes to make her début in "La Bohème," and the Countess Eleanora de Cisneros, who sang two seasons ago at the Manhattan Opera House.

"Genuine pebble eyeglasses, the cool kind that never mist, at Spencer's, 81 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

THE 'OTHER BROTHER' OF SOME FAMOUS MEN
They have won success in special lines, but not fame, and are overshadowed by the better known member of the family. Read of them in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

DR. IRVINE DYING AFTER AUTO CRASH

Health Officer of Ossining Left in the Road by Auto Which Ran Into His Motor.

SURROUNDED BY FLAMES

Burning Gasoline Was Slowly Approaching the Tank of His Auto When Physician Was Found Unconscious.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Oct. 25.—Dr. Robert T. Irvine, health officer of this village, who is now in private practice after being for many years physician of the penitentiary, was this evening, while riding in his automobile, run down by another motor, and left unaided by the roadside. He is probably fatally injured. The gasoline from his car set fire to the grass and leaves, and the flames were approaching the machine when Dr. Irvine was discovered. If there had not been rain to moisten the turf and make the fire burn slowly he would have been burned to death.

Dr. Irvine was discovered by Edward Rockett, a contractor of this place. Mr. Rockett passed along the Post Road, and noticed the machine lying wrecked in the ditch. He saw no traces of the owner, but as the fire was evidently drawing near the car he jumped out to extinguish it. As he went round the car he saw a man lying underneath. He was unconscious, and the fire had already reached his legs. Mr. Rockett extricated him, and recognized him as Dr. Irvine.

Mr. Rockett put the doctor in his own machine, and drove him home. It was two hours before the doctor recovered consciousness for long enough to tell what had happened to him. He said that he had left home this evening to go to Ardsley. There was no one in the car with him, and as there had been a little rain and more seemed likely he had wrapped himself in a thick rubber poncho. This seems to have saved him from worse injuries than he suffered when he fell.

"Near the Elliott F. Shepard place," said Dr. Irvine, "a big machine came flying at a terrific pace on my side of the road. I tried to dodge it, but couldn't, and it struck me right in the middle and cut me nearly in two. That's all I know about it."

Dr. Irvine suffered a badly cut head and bruises on the hips and at the base of the spine. Though it is hoped that he has escaped a fracture of the skull the doctor's recovery is doubtful. There are symptoms, the attending physicians say, of a rupture of an artery in the brain, and he seems to be getting worse rather than better.

An examination of the place where the accident occurred shows that the crash was a terrific one. The doctor's car was lifted off its wheels and thrown into the ditch. The other car skidded, so that it must have almost upset, but it seems to have continued on, probably without checking speed.

The police believe that this car cannot have escaped without injury, and an alarm has been sent out for miles around to all garages ordering them to be on the lookout for any car which shows signs of having been in collision, and to report it at once.

TAMMANY LEADER DYING.

M. J. Hasset Thrown from Auto and Mortally Hurt.

While an automobile of Michael J. Hasset of 203 West 128th Street, Tammany leader of the Twenty-eighth Assembly District, and owner of a large horseshoeing establishment, was speeding south down a steep grade at Amsterdam Avenue and 160th Street, early this morning, (Wednesday), on the way from the Arrowhead Inn, 177th Street and Port Washington Avenue, to his home, a tire exploded, and the car skidded sharply toward the curb. Mr. Hasset, who was sitting beside the chauffeur, was thrown far out of the car, landing on his head.

He was picked up by the chauffeur, who had clung to his seat, and was carried, unconscious, in the car to the Washington Heights Hospital. There an operation was performed, but it was found that he had suffered a fracture of the skull and many internal injuries and would die. The police had not ascertained early this morning whether there were any other occupants of the automobile and whether any one else had been injured.

LAWYER HAIRE ARRESTED.

Accused of Subornation of Perjury and Held in $5,000 Bail.

Robert J. Haire, one of the oldest criminal lawyers in this city, was arrested yesterday by detectives from the District Attorney's office on a charge of attempted subornation of perjury.

Haire's arrest followed an affidavit made to Assistant District Attorney Ellison by John Rodgers, who is in the Tombs charged with grand larceny. Rodgers swears that he retained Haire and his partner, Harold E. Trippett, on Sept. 8 and that Trippett told him no fee would be asked for the defense, as Rodgers could have his services and those of Haire for past favors he had shown Trippett. The affidavit continues:

That thereafter and a few days later the defendant, Col. Haire, called to see me in the Tombs and said to me, "Your case can be easily beat." He said that he could have either of three Judges who were favorable to him, Rosalsky, O'Sullivan, or Foster, and that for the consideration of $100 either of these Judges would at the worst give me a suspended sentence, and that for $100 more he could get two witnesses, or three if necessary, to testify to evidence to clear me.

Rodgers adds that he told his brother-in-law, Charles D. Bass, about the case, and that Bass informed him that he had pair Haire the $200 demanded as well as $85 on account of his fee of $50. Rodgers says that on Oct. 6 he told of his transactions with Haire to Judge Rosalsky and on the following day to one of District Attorney Whitman's staff, who saw him in the Tombs.

It was further charged that Haire had arranged to have two witnesses produced who would swear falsely in the case. Haire was held in $5,000 by Judge Mulqueen.

Mr. A. Harris, formerly of Jacobs & Harris, Tailors, will welcome old friends and patrons at his new store, 61 Nassau Street, N. Y.—Adv.

NO HOPEFUL REPORT OF THE BALLOONISTS

Rumors of Hawley and Post Landing in Canada Are Not Verified.

$1,000 REWARD FOR THEM

Clifford B. Harmon Starts a Fund to Encourage Searchers—Plans Being Perfected.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Oct. 25.—No definite information has been received to-night of the fate of the lost balloonists, Alan R. Hawley and Augustus Post of New York and their sky-ship the America II., which left St. Louis eight days ago with other competitors in the international distance contest.

Various rumors reached the bureau established here by Edmond F. Stratton, representing the Aero Club of America, but when sifted down they produced nothing that would indicate with any degree of definiteness the whereabouts of the aeronauts.

The Most Promising Clues.

What appeared to be a promising clue developed early in the day, when a dispatch from Huntsville stated that a guide, Richard Cole, and a hunting party had seen a balloon on Thursday twenty miles north of Biscoe, Ontario.

The balloon apparently made a landing on the shore of Fox Lake, two miles from Rumsey Lake, and about twenty-two miles due north of Biscoe. A heavy snowstorm and fear of frost drove Cole and his companions out before efficient attempts to reach the aeronauts could be made, but upon reaching Biscoe a searching party was dispatched. Provisions were left in a hunter's cabin on Rumsey Lake, and shots were fired to attract the attention of the aeronauts.

This report, taken in connection with the fact that all the other balloons in the contest were known to have come to earth on Wednesday, inspired great hopes that something definite had been obtained to work on. Later in the day, however, it was learned from Dr. D. C. Meyers of Toronto, a member of the hunting party, that the guide was mistaken in the day.

The balloon was seen on Wednesday, according to Dr. Meyers, and might therefore have been either the Isle de France or the Azurea, both of which landed in that neighborhood. The idea that the party saw the America has not been entirely given up, but the incident immediately lost most of its significance with the change in date.

A second report that a balloon had been seen on Thursday in the district immediately north of Georgian Bay reached here late to-day from the provincial police at Toronto. The report was sent in by Constable McCurdy of Chapleau. Some doubt also is cast upon this story. It is figured that the America on Thursday would have been either several hundred miles to the north or to the northeast of Chapleau.

Louis Spindler of the St. Louis Aero Club, who has been gathering data from friends in Toronto, to-day advised Mr. Stratton by wire that he would leave for the north to-night to make a personal investigation of both the Cole and McCurdy stories and gather further information on the ground.

A third report came from Quebec, but it is regarded as the least promising. Peter Brown, a constable of the provincial force, sent word that he had seen a balloon over Lake Kipawa on Wednesday. Both the Germania and the Dusseldorf II. passed through this territory, and it is possible that it was one of them that Brown saw.

These reports from Cole, McCurdy, and Brown are the only ones that held any promise of results, and when viewed from every angle they do not contain much encouragement to the searchers for the lost balloon.

Their Chances of Safety.

Opinion here is divided as to the possibility of rescuing the men even if they passed safely over Lake Huron and Georgian Bay into the vast wilderness of Northern Ontario and Quebec or the Ungava district, still further north. Prof. R. W. Bock, Director of the Geological Survey, who knows the rugged and unpeopled country like a book, is outspoken in his opinion that the aeronauts will surely perish if they sailed into the far northern sections. There are parts of it, he said, where Indians and half-breed hunters have gone and starved to death.

Other officials, including Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who is taking a keen interest in the search for the lost men, believe they will come out all right, especially if they landed south of the new line of the transcontinental railway. Except for a gap of 114 miles near the border line between Quebec and New Ontario and another of the same size directly north of Lake Superior, the entire line is in some stage of construction.

South of it the woods are traversed by scores of hunters, bushwhackers, prospectors, fire wardens, and Indians, any of whom would readily aid the aeronauts. South of this line there is a chance for rescue; north of it is regarded as death.

Despite the feeling among some officials that the quest will be hopeless, there is no hesitancy on the part of any of them to act upon any suggestion or to lend aid in any direction that might lead to the right trail.

Mr. Stratton spent a busy night following his arrival here late yesterday, and has already made his headquarters a focal point at which reports from co-operators throughout Ontario and Quebec will be received. From the data already available and that which is coming in a map is being prepared upon which the location and time of sighting balloons last week will be noted.

"Within forty-eight hours," said Mr. Stratton to-day, "sufficient advices will probably be at hand to indicate the courses of the balloons known to have crossed Georgian Bay. If, when the courses of the Azurea, Dusseldorf II., and the others are plotted out, there still remains several points on the map where a balloon has been sighted, and these points indicate a fairly straight course, it will be taken for granted that the America II. got safely across the chain of great lakes.

"I concede," said Mr. Stratton, "that as the situation now stands, it would be ridiculous to send out relief expeditions. But with the co-operation of the press of Canada and the reports from all sources, I believe we can figure with a fair amount of accuracy the course of the America II., provided she got safely across Lake Huron and the Georgian Bay.

HARMON OFFERS REWARD.

Will Give $1,000 for Discovery of Hawley and Post.

It was announced last night that Clifford B. Harmon, the aeronaut, would pay $1,000 as a reward for the rescue of Alan R. Hawley and Augustus Post of New York, the two missing balloonists, or their bodies.

Mr. Harmon is willing to head a subscription list with $1,000, and believes others will contribute to such a fund.

The Aero Club of America may also offer a reward.

A NEW TRAIN.
The Southern's Southeastern Limited especially for Aiken, Augusta, Florida; also Columbia, Savannah, etc. Beginning NOV. 27th. Through from New York direct via P. R. R. and Southern Ry. N. Y. Office, 264 Fifth Av., cor. 29th St.—Adv.

DRY ELECTION NIGHT.

Mayor Will Hand Out No Special All-Night Cafe Licenses.

It will be a dry election night this year, according to Mayor Gaynor. He said yesterday that he had received some 200 applications for all-night licenses for Broadway cafés and restaurants on election night and that he had denied them all.

The Mayor will maintain this position, granting no special licenses for election night. The only places which will be open will be the regular saloons to which he has already granted all-night privileges.

REPORT FINDING GREAT LAKE.

Inland Sea Larger Than Superior Discovered in Canada, Indians Say.

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 25.—According to a dispatch received here from William Drulard of Windsor, Ont., now in Edmonton, Alberta, a lake supposed to be as large as Lake Superior, has been discovered in the Canadian Northwest.

Indians arriving from the Far North brought the story to Edmonton that Government surveyors made the discovery.

FIND SKELETON IN WOODS.

Body of a Man Shot in the Left Side Had Been There a Year.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The skeleton of a man was found to-day in the woods near the south end of the town, 500 feet from the main road, near Upper Sloatsburg, N. Y., by William Conklin, an employe of the park.

Police Captain G. O. Bush notified Coroner Heaton, who decided that the man had been lying in the woods for over a year. The flesh was entirely gone.

The skeleton was dressed in a dark serge coat and vest, gray trousers, a striped overcoat, and soft hat. It was of a man about 35 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches in height. It also was discovered that a 44-calibre bullet had been lodged in the right shoulder blade, evidently entering the body from the left side. No pistol was found. No one in this vicinity has been reported missing within the last year.

ASK ANTI-BETTING LAWS.

Maryland Presbyterians Also Want Publication of Odds Prohibited.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 25.—Legislation prohibiting bookmaking at Maryland race tracks is demanded in a resolution adopted unanimously to-day by the Baltimore Presbyterian Synod at its annual meeting. The Synod is made up of clergymen and laymen of that denomination in Maryland and the District of Columbia.

The Legislature also is asked to make illegal the publication of betting odds in advance of the races. No legislative action can be had, however, for more than a year, as the Maryland General Assembly does not meet until January, 1912.

NEW PLAN FOR AKED'S CHURCH

Committees Reconsider Their Decision to Build in Forty-sixth Street.

The trustees of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church have called for a joint meeting this evening of the deacons, the Building Committee, and the Finance Committee. The meeting will consider the advisability of proceeding further with the plans for the building of a new church in Forty-sixth Street.

According to an announcement sent out last night the trustees feel that the opinion, strengthened by neighborhood changes of the last year, that Forty-sixth Street is not a suitable location for a great new church deserves an exhaustive hearing with a probable reconsideration of the resolution that the new church should be built there.

"So rapidly are these changes now proceeding," says the announcement, "that we might be forgiven if we thought that the delay in action has really been a blessing in disguise."

FREE BERG OF BOY'S DEATH.

Exonerated of the Charge of Using Him as a Shield.

The inquest into the death of 12-year-old Charles Fischer, who was shot and killed in a gang fight at Madison Avenue and 103d Street on Oct. 11, was begun yesterday afternoon by Coroner Feinberg and a jury. After a number of witnesses had been heard the jurors, after a short deliberation, returned a verdict that Fischer came to his death as the result of a bullet fired by Harry Greenwald, who afterward committed suicide.

They exonerated Adolph Berg, alias "Pickels," of the charge of having used the boy as a shield. The Coroner then discharged Berg.

MILITARY AIRMAN KILLED.

Prussian's Wright Machine Turns Turtle When Motor Is Started.

MAGDEBURG, Oct. 25.—Lieut. Mente fell with a Wright aeroplane to-day and was killed instantly.

The Lieutenant was planing to the earth when he started his motor. The strain caused the machine to turn turtle. It crashed to the ground, carrying the Lieutenant beneath it. The aeroplane was smashed.

DOG KEEPS HOSPITAL VIGIL.

Refuses to Leave His Dying Master and Seems to Grieve for Him.

In the Kings County Hospital, Brooklyn, Joseph Donohue, suffering from tuberculosis, is believed to be dying, while his faithful dog Carlo, which is sticking to his master in the institution, seems to be wasting away with grief. At least, the dog appears to be greatly troubled and is getting thinner every day.

With his dog, an intelligent cocker spaniel, Donohue lived alone at Church Avenue and East Thirty-ninth Street. About three weeks ago he was removed from there in an ambulance. The faithful Carlo followed his master to the hospital. Efforts to chase the dog away from the building were in vain.

Both master and dog grieved so over separation that Carlo was finally admitted to the corridor. He walks or lies outside the door of the ward in which is his master, and shows great delight when he is admitted to the bedside of Donohue. The dog eats but little.

Dix Still 2 to 1; Betting Slow.

Very little was heard of election wagers in the Street yesterday, and only a little more than $2,000 of Dix money was placed according to the men who are usually well informed on what is going on. The largest bet heard of was $600 on Stimson, put up early in the day to cover $1,000 of Dix money. The next bet was at the usual odds of 2 to 1, being one of $1,000 on Dix against $500 on Stimson. A few smaller bets, involving less than $100 each, were placed on the Curb.

DEWEY'S "BRUT-CUVEE" CHAMPAGNE
The Wine for those who Know Wine
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.—Adv.

CLOUDS HIDE FLIERS AT BELMONT PARK

Johnstone Breaks American Altitude Record with an Ascension of 7,313 Feet.

VIEW OF DE LESSEPS ALOFT

Sudden Parting of the Clouds Discloses Aviator High in the Air—McCurdy and Drexel Lost in the Darkness.

YESTERDAY'S SUMMARY.

First Hourly Distance.

Amt.	Name.	Laps.	M. S.
$250.	Latham	*19	34:36 4-5
100.	Grahame-White	2	6:37 2-5

*Lost one lap for fouling pylon.

Second Hourly Distance.

250.	Grahame-White	14	34:16 4-5
100.	Mars	*13	28:20 1-5
50.	McCurdy	12	21:43 1-5

*Lost two laps for fouling pylons.

First Hourly Altitude.

De Lesseps	6,391 feet
Hoxsey	5,796 feet
*Johnstone	

*Disqualified for failing to carry baragraph.

Second Hourly Altitude.

Johnstone	7,203 feet (New American record.)
Hoxsey	4,882 feet
Latham	3,772 feet

The former American altitude record was 7,105 feet, made by Drexel at the Belmont Park aviation meet on Monday.

Daily Totalization of Duration.

	H. M. S.
Johnstone	2:00:00
Hoxsey	2:00:00
Latham	1:00:00

Cross-Country Flight.

	M. S.
$500. Radley	19:48 2-5
250. Moisant	58:26

Total Winnings of Aviators.

Grahame-White	$1,400
Moisant	1,200
Hoxsey	900
Radley	500
Latham	500
Drexel	350
Aubrun	150
Mars	100
Ely	100
De Lesseps	100
Johnstone	50
McCurdy	50

Length of course, 1.35 miles.

A new American record was set at yesterday's session, the fourth of the international aviation tournament at the Belmont Park race track, L. I., and the spectators were thrilled as they had not been at previous sessions by the disappearance of three of the fliers, who stayed lost for more than an hour each. Two of them, J. A. D. McCurdy and J. Armstrong Drexel, had failed to return from a cross-country flight when darkness fell over the field, and many of the spectators refused to leave the grounds without word from the missing aviators, certain in their own minds that the airmen had met with accidents. They had simply lost their course in the dusk, as telephone messages from them showed later.

Ralph Johnstone, a Wright flier, set the new American mark, a record for altitude which broke the one made by J. Armstrong Drexel on Monday. Johnstone reached a height of 7,313 feet, his nearest competitor being Count de Lesseps, who reached a height of 6,391, and in so doing provided the first real thrill of the day, for it was he who was first lost in the clouds.

De Lesseps Lost in the Clouds.

De Lesspes's flight was made in the first hour's altitude and distance contest, which began at 1:30. He was one of the first of the fliers to have his machine, a Blériot monoplane, dragged from its hangar, and after one spin of the propeller had set the engine going he climbed into his seat and started aloft after a short run across the infield. He circled about, crossed the starting line between the judges' stand and the edge of the infield, and then started in wide, slow circles to go further aloft.

He ascended steadily, each circuit of the course carrying him many additional feet into the air, until at last he was fully 3,000 feet up and directly over the centre of the field. Then he headed out to the southeast in the direction of the Hempstead Plains, riding before the northwest wind that was blowing at from ten to fifteen miles an hour.

Overhead the sky was far from clear, although there were patches of blue here and there. Dark blue-gray clouds swept across the sky from northwest to southeast, threatening momentarily to drop their cargo of rain down upon airmen and spectators. It was into these clouds that De Lesseps finally disappeared. The crowd watched him to the last, for he was higher aloft than any of the others then flying, but as he was lost to view the spectators found enough to interest them in the feats that were being performed nearer to the earth.

Ralph Johnstone and Arch Hoxsey had gone up almost as soon as De Lesseps, while Claude Grahame-White, in his repaired Farman biplane, and Hubert Latham, in his Antoinette monoplane, brought the total of those above the track to four.

White and Latham were out for the distance records, and they shot about the course at 2,500 meters, Latham in the speedier monoplane, lapping the Englishman until the latter, finding the wind still a bit brisk for his clumsier machine, dropped back to earth to await a more favorable time. Johnstone and Hoxsey, however, were up for autitude, and both began wheeling about in slow circles, each larger than the one that preceded it, until they, too, were nearly at the height which De Lesseps had attained when he passed from view. Round and round they circled, their biplanes appearing no bigger than a man's extended hand as they were outlined clearly against the stone gray of the sky. At times they passed so near each other that it seemed as though they must collide.

Grahame-White Takes Easy Prize.

Probably the Wright fliers were hundreds of feet apart, but to the spectators it looked as though the men were flying in the same air lane. The end of the first hour's flying was approaching when Grahame-White noticed apparently that Latham, out for the hourly distance prize, had no competitor. The Englishman hastened to his Farman biplane again, and an instant later was in the air, rushing about the course at full speed. He had completed two laps and had started on his third when the bomb, signaling the end of the hour, exploded high in the air.

Latham and Farman coasted swiftly to the turf, the former having covered nine-

teen laps of the course in 54 minutes and Grahame-White having made his two laps in 6 minutes 37 seconds, the former winning $250 and the latter $100.

Hoxsey and Johnstone meantime were descending from their higher altitudes in long spirals, each one of which brought them apparently more than 100 feet nearer the ground. As he neared the ground Johnstone straightened his craft out and passed the grand stand at a height of some 75 feet, waving his hand as the crowd cheered him.

"Where is De Lesseps?" was the question heard throughout the grand stand. "Can he have dropped somewhere?"

In the excitement of watching Hoxsey and Johnstone and Latham and Grahame-White, the crowd had forgotten De Lesseps, but his failure to appear at the sound of the bomb recalled him to their minds. But De Lesseps was nowhere to be seen. The entire sky was overcast by this time with gray clouds, so high up that they appeared to form one continuous sheet of cold gray without a rift anywhere. Somewhere on the other side of these was De Lesseps.

The gun sounded for the second hour of distance and altitude flying and Hoxsey and Johnstone, who already were in the air, circling about as they jockeyed to keep just as near the line as possible before the starting signal, set off together for the mark. Hoxsey, flying nearer the ground, beat his teammate to it, but Johnstone was only a second behind on what was to prove his record-breaking flight.

Emil Aubrun, Grahame-White, James Radley, Simon, and Eugene B. Ely were entrants for the second hour's distance flight, but most of them failed to appear at the starting line. Grahame-White, still in his biplane, finally crossed the line three minutes after the bomb and set off in a tireless circuit of the course which brought to mind the plodding round of the old six-day bicycle riders. He declined to be hurried or to be teased into airplanes above those in which he chose to fly, but kept up the same steady pace for lap after lap.

Meantime Johnstone and Hoxsey were repeating their flights of the earlier hour, mounting steadily higher and higher in ever-widening circles until at last they were more than 3,000 feet in the air and far back of the grand stand. The wind had dropped, but the sky continued overcast, and only now and then a rift in it through which blue sky could be seen.

The rifts were so few that each one immediately attracted the attention of the watching throng, and as a deep blue cloud over the southeast of the field suddenly parted almost in the middle, in the very centre could be seen a dark spot, scarcely more than a speck in the expanse of white and gray.

"It's De Lesseps," went up the cry. "There he comes."

The speck like object took the form of a monoplane presently as it came nearer and nearer, apparently issuing from between the banks of clouds in the small rift that seemed to have been opened for its passage. It was De Lesseps, as the crowd knew from the fact that his was the only monoplane in the air at that time. So small did it appear that its identity could not have been established otherwise. But rapidly it grew larger in appearance as it sped swiftly toward the earth, and at last De Lesseps could be seen in the helmsman's seat.

De Lesseps Makes Graceful Landing.

He came down in long circles, pointing the nose of his craft so sharply toward the ground that those of the spectators who had learned that a monoplane cannot dip as a biplane can feared for a moment that the aviator had lost control of his craft and was falling. Within 100 feet of the ground De Lesseps showed that his craft would obey his every touch, for he straightened its keel parallel with the turf, and then coasted more slowly to a stop in the infield opposite the grand stand, but nearly even with the backstretch. He did not bother to pass in front of the grand stand for applause, but waved his hand in an evident signal for an automobile, which was hurried over to him and in which he returned to his hangar, leaving his mechanicians to go out and push his Blériot back to its shed.

Heavy black clouds were now scudding across the sky at a more rapid pace, although near the ground the wind had dropped to eight miles an hour. Into one of these Johnstone finally disappeared, only to emerge a moment later, becoming more and more clearly visible as dissolving views make themselves seen on a magic lantern screen. It was only for a moment that he stayed in sight, however, for presently another black cloud swallowed him up, and the crowd settled back, easing their stiffened necks, satisfied that, like De Lesseps, he would reappear when he chose.

Nearer earth, Bud Mars in a Curtiss biplane and Hubert Latham in his Antoinette monoplane had joined Grahame-White in his circuit of the course. Apparently the man who flew over Washington and landed in narrow Executive Avenue likes plenty of room when he flies, however, for presently he dropped in front of his hangar and dismounted.

Mars Has Engine Trouble.

His withdrawal left the course to Mars alone, for Latham immediately pointed upward to join Hoxsey and Johnstone, and presently was 3,000 feet in the air. Mars kept up his continual circuits of the course until he had reeled off twelve laps. Then his engine began to miss, and he dropped to the ground to let Glenn H. Curtiss help him tinker with it. Latham meantime gave the effect of a moving picture as he flashed beneath first a stretch of white sky and then a patch of dark black clouds.

But Hoxsey and Latham, the only two in sight, had the course to themselves for Prunty, the announcer, shouted through his megaphone:

"Grahame-White will finish the hour in his Blériot monoplane."

And presently the Englishman appeared over the course, flying in his single-planed craft for the first time at the meeting. His speed seemed nearly double what it had been in the biplane, and he set out to increase the five laps to his credit to the twelve that were recorded on the signal board beside Mars's number. Mars and Curtis saw him start, saw the speed he was making as he reeled off lap after lap in less than two minutes, and realized that Mars's lead was threatened seriously. They worked feverishly over the stubborn engine and at last got it running smoothly again.

By the time Mars was out over the course and across the starting line again, however, Grahame-White had made up the seven laps he needed and was tied with Mars. J. A. D. McCurdy came out in a Curtiss biplane, apparently hoping to win third place for the hourly distance, and one after the other the three men flew about the course.

Then Simon in a Blériot monoplane made his first appearance of the meeting and shot around after Grahame-White at a rapid pace. It was announced, however, that he was just practicing and was not out for a prize. The end of the hour approached, and with it at 3:40 o'clock came the first drops of rain.

Le Blanc's Appearance Cheered.

Le Blanc, Captain of the French team for the Bennett Cup, who heretofore has declined to fly at the meeting, threatening to withdraw altogether with his team from the international contest because of his objections to the course, was seen to rise into the air from in front of his hangar an instant or two later. The crowd, concluding from his appearance that he must have withdrawn his objections or at least have made up his mind to stay in the international contest, greeted him with a cheer, and he set out to make the cheer well deserved by speeding around the inside course at top speed.

Round and round sped the airmen, although the rain now bean to fall heavily, and the crowd turned to gaze at Latham Hoxsey and Johnstone high in the sky, and to wonder if it was raining where they were. The hour ended and Grahame-White, Mars, and McCurdy hastened to the shelter of their hangars. Le Blanc refused to be driven in. He tore about the track at ever-increasing speed, cutting his corners with banks which it seemed must overthrow him, but always managing to right his machine before it had tipped too far.

"He looks like Gabrielle," remarked a man in an auto costume, recalling the famous French driver in one of the early Vanderbilt Cup races. "He's just as much of a dare devil."

Overhead, Hoxsey alone now was visible as the crowd soon discovered and presently word came that Latham, after having got lost up in the clouds, had run out of gasoline and had been forced to drop in a field off the southeast side of the track, where he landed safely, but ran into a ditch which smashed his front skid. Help was sent to him in an automobile and the crowd turned its attention again to gazing upward for a sight of Johnstone.

Presently the airman appeared, far above Hoxsey, who could be seen coasting about 3,000 feet from ground. Johnstone began to come toward the earth in long sweeping circles. The crowd began cheering as he neared the ground, and in appreciation of it apparently Johnstone dropped to within fifty feet and then darted back and forth in front of the grand stand, making turns so sharp that the watchers held their breaths, expecting to see him turn over.

When Johnstone landed he had a tale to tell of having encountered a hail and snow storm at 5,000 feet up, high above the first layer of clouds, that obscured him from view of the spectators below.

"The hail beat in my face with force enough to cut it," said he, and his face showed the marks. "The stuff froze on my goggles, and I had to let go of my control long enough to push my glasses up on my forehead, for I couldn't see through them.

"At last I couldn't stand it any longer and had to drop down through the clouds that were hiding me from your view beneath. Under these the hail and snow, which was practically what it was, had softened into rain and I could stand it better. It was a rough experience."

Hoxsey let his teammate complete his little exhibition in front of the stands and then he, too, began to drop from the heavens. He came toward the earth with increasing speed and finally dropped lightly to the turf in midfield.

A 4 o'clock it was raining hard, although it was announced that the Weather Bureau promised only a shower, and the crowd retired to the shelter of the grand stand, café, and restaurant to await a letup. The cross-country flight, in which many of the aviators had announced their intention of competing, was still to be flown, and finally at 4:07:33 James B. Radley crossed the line in his Blériot monoplane.

Already the sun had begun to break through the storm clouds in the west, and Radley's plane was bathed in golden light as he shot off into the mist and darkness in the southeast. J. B. Moisant, in the Blériot which was smashed in Sunday's storm, followed him over the line at 4:24:13, and at 4:25:34 J. Armstrong Drexel began his flight to the captive balloon in a field near Hempstead ten miles away.

Simon, with the sun shining again, came back over the course in his Blériot, and then in succession McCurdy, Ely, Capt. Baldwin, the latter in his Red Devil, and Clifford B. Harmon, making his first appearance on the course, flew out over the field.

McCurdy was an entrant in the cross-country flight, and at 4:27:23 he crossed the starting line and disappeared after Radley and Moisant. Capt. Baldwin, Harmon, Simon, and Ely contented themselves with circling again and again about the track.

Presently there was a commotion in front of the Wright tent and suddenly the new Wright racer which was brought in under cover of darkness on Monday night rose from the ground and sped off over the short course at a pace which not even the monoplanes had been able to make.

Wright Racer Amazes the Crowd.

Orville Wright was in the driver's seat, and the way in which he swung about the pylons, cutting them so close as almost to touch, and banking his craft until it seemed that the wing tips would touch the turf showed that, expert as are Hoxsey, Johnstone, Coffyn, Turpin, and Brookins, they still can learn much from the master flier. Orville Wright seemed not to be sitting in his machine and guiding it so much as to be a part of the craft himself. The biplane followed his every move. The crowd were interested at this first view of the famous Wright racer, but they were thrilled more by Orville Wright's ability in handling it. Even other aviators acknowledged that never had a more expert feat of flying been seen.

Orville Wright was, not recognized by the spectators, and few of the aviators knew who was at the wheel of the little racer. Several persons gathered about Wilbur Wright while his brother was circling the course at racing speed, and at last one of them inquired:

"Mr. Wright, can you tell me who is flying your racer?"

Wilbur Wright looked at his questioner a moment, and then replied slowly:

"Why, that is a young man we trained out at Dayton."

But after all it was in the speed that the machine could make that the rival aviators were most interested, and nearly every one on the field who possessed such a thing had a stop watch in his hand. No official time was announced for the two laps that Wright made, but amateur clockers caught him at 1:20 and 1:22 for the two laps, a speed of about sixty-nine miles an hour, by far the fastest flying that has been seen over the course at the meeting.

And while Orville Wright flew the racer, Hoxsey took Allan Ryan, the manager of the meet, up with him. Mr. Ryan said afterward that it was the most thrilling experience he had ever had and that he would be down early this morning to take a lesson in flying from Hoxsey.

It was growing so dark by this time that more flying seemed out of the question, but Charles K. Hamilton, in his big 110 horse power Hamiltonian, determined to try it. He had no more than got started before Radley shot back into the course, almost unnoticed by the crowd until he was right upon it. He had made the twenty miles to the captive balloon and back in 19:48, and the crowd cheered him to the echo when it was announced that he had made the twenty miles in better than a mile a minute.

Hamilton, as he had done the day before, contented himself with making two circuits of the course, his engine spitting fire through its individual exhausts in each cylinder.

Hamilton's flight practically brought the day's flying to a close. Grahame-White had taken Miss Eleanor Sears on a ten-minute flight about the track and De Lesseps took up Miss Grace McKenzie again for a few minutes, but darkness settled so quickly that the aviators soon returned to their hangars. One last form appeared in the air, however, and a shout went up as Latham was recognized limping back to the field in his damaged craft.

When he first took to earth Charles Foster Willard, in his Curtiss biplane, had flown over to him, found that he was uninjured and in need only of a new front skid, and then had flown back to the judges' stand and reported the fact. The skid was taken over in an automobile, and Latham insisted on flying back under his own power.

Neither Drexel nor McCurdy had been heard of then, but presently telephone messages were received from them.

Both men had missed their course, Drexel alighting near Lynbrook at 5 o'clock, and McCurdy near Rockville Centre at about the same time. Moisant meantime had not been heard from, but presently he slipped out of the darkness, and flew over the field, having been gone for nearly an hour. Like the others he had flown wide of the mark in the gathering dusk, but had kept on going until he was certain that he had gone at least the full distance. Then he started back. He said afterward that he had flown about forty miles, having gone on for at least ten miles past where the balloon was held captive.

The airmen all left crews of mechanicians at work last night putting their machines in the best possible condition for to-day's flight, for to-day is to settle the elimination trials for the American team in the Gordon Bennett Cup race, the Michelin and Scientific American Trophies, and the Grand Altitude Prize, as well as another cross-country flight. The three first will be held at 1:30 o'clock, and the other two at 4 o'clock.

AERO HIDE AND SEEK IN FOG.

Moisant Tried to Confuse His Rivals, but Got Lost Himself.

J. B. Moisant, who, with J. Armstrong Drexel and J. A. D. McCurdy, was lost for nearly an hour on the cross-country flight from Belmont Park to and around a captive balloon in Hempstead Plains last evening declared last night in his rooms at the Hotel Astor that his failure to make better time in the event was a joke which he had brought on himself.

"I flew over the course on Saturday," said Moisant, "and consequently knew the route as none of the other aviators knew it. When I found, therefore, that Drexel and McCurdy, who had started just after me, were keeping me in sight, apparently to act as guide, I determined to have some fun with them.

"It was growing foggy, so I flew first to the right and then to the left, and finally dropping close to the ground after a dash to the right, I shot off in almost the opposite direction and, under cover of the fog, eluded Drexel and McCurdy entirely.

"But in losing them I soon found that I had lost myself. I fly by compass always, but my many twists and turns had thrown my course out of my head and I was unable to find the captive balloon. I had to laugh when I discovered that in fooling Drexel and McCurdy I really had fooled myself. I kept on until it grew too dark to fly any more, and finally, by means of my compass, managed to get back to the field. No more hide and seek in a fog for me."

THE BOXES WELL FILLED.

Society Turns Out in Force for Yesterday's Aviation Events.

The largest throng of persons prominent in society which has so far attended the aviation meet at Belmont Park was seen there yesterday. There were many new faces in the groups which gathered in front of the club stand and in the grand stand and in the parking space inclosure, and the animated expressions which predominated on all the faces turned skyward indicated that the interest in aviation has extended to all ranks.

Among the first arrivals this afternoon were Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Butler Duncan, Miss Eleanora Sears, and Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt was in the clubhouse. Miss Marion Hollins was the centre of a group of debutantes. Mr. and Mrs. E. Berry Wall, Miss Elise Ladew, Harvey Ladew, and W. Burling Cocks were together. Mr. and Mrs. Roy Rainey occupied a box. Miss Leonie Burrill and Miss Parke of Westbury were seen much together. Other visitors to the meet included Harry S. Page, Mr. and Mrs. William S. Farquhar, S. Taber Willets, Horace Anderson, Miss Belle Anderson, Miss Mary Hancock, John Barry Ryan, Dudley Bird, Philip Wilcox, Mrs. Edward Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Hazard, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Warner, Dr. William M. Polk, Clifford B. Harmon, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward M. Hough, Louise Larocque, Miss Dorothy Draper, W. R. Grace, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Mr. and Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, and Mr. and Mrs. Osgood Pell.

TO SETTLE FRENCH PROTEST.

Aero Club of France Appoints Representative to Examine Bennett Course.

The settlement of the differences between the French aviators and the management of the international meet at Belmont Park regarding the course for the competition for the International Aviation Trophy may be satisfactorily made by to-morrow night. With the removal of the objectionable trees and other changes the principal source of objection has been eliminated.

Pierre Gasnier of the Aero Club of France, who acted as a judge at the international balloon race at St. Louis, Oct. 17, yesterday received a cable message from the Aero Club of France directing him to represent that organization. A conference was held between the French representative and Cortlandt Field Bishop, President of the Aero Club of America, and official representative of the International Federation of the United States. As a result the pair will make a trip over the course to-morrow for the purpose of making a complete inspection, and M. Gasnier will decide not later than Thursday night on his attitude.

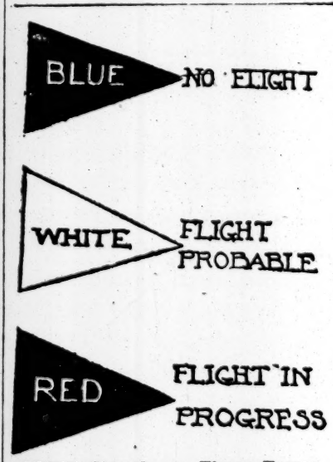
Alfred Le Blanc, who leads in the protests, said yesterday that, from the standpoint of the French aviators, there was no change in the situation. That there is some basis for the report that the situation will be cleared up is shown by the appearance yesterday of Le Blanc in competition. He flew his Blériot monoplane and made his first flight of the tournament.

FLIGHT SIGNALS HERE.

Flags on the Times Tower Will Tell Belmont Park Prospects.

By special arrangement with the managers of the Belmont Park meeting signals will again be shown on the Times tower to-day, indicating whether the flights will taken place or not.

Should the wind velocity prevent flights this will be announced by flying a big blue flag. When the flights are probable



Flight Signals on Times Tower.

a white flag will indicate it, and during the progress of the flights a red flag will be displayed.

The Times Building will be the only one of great height where the flags will be displayed, although smaller flags will be hoisted on the flagpoles of the Calumet, Knickerbocker, and Union Clubs. These are the signals:

BISHOP MAY HEAD TICKET.

The opponents of the nomination of Allen A. Ryan as President of the Aero Club of America are formulating plans to nominate an opposition ticket at the election of the club officials next month. Cortlandt Field Bishop, the present President, has been mentioned as the head of the ticket, and considerable electioneering was done yesterday among the members of the club at Belmont Park.

Mr. Bishop declined to say whether he would be a candidate on the opposition ticket. He said that he had filled the position for four years and supposed that the members were desirous of a change. He however said that he was particularly gratified with the many expressions of approval of his work in his connection with the Aero Club.

The feeling among many members of the club is that recent developments in the aviation world have made it necessary to elect a business man head of the organization. It is pointed out that, as Mr. Bishop spends at least six months every year in Europe, the interests of the science and also of the club demand that the President shall devote more time to his duties. It is admitted, however, that Mr. Bishop has given valuable service to the organization, while his work as the representative of the club in Europe has done much to give the organization an international reputation.

CITY'S SICK POOR SEEM BADLY AIDED

Ex-Commissioner Hebberd Tells of Patient an Unintelligent Nurse Sent to the Coroner.

LOW STANDARD OF LABOR

Economies, He Says, Have Cut Pay and Good Employes Won't Work for It—Conditions on Blackwell's Island.

Robert W. Hebberd, ex-Commissioner of Charities, told a mass meeting of taxpayers at the Labor Temple, Second Avenue and Fourteenth Street, last night, that conditions among the sick poor on Blackwell's Island were wretched. This was not due to the overcrowding alone, he said, though the congestion was about as bad as possible, but largely to the inefficient help which the city had to employ.

The meeting was held to give the east side an opportunity to express itself regarding which parts of the city budget it thought ought to go through and which parts ought to be trimmed.

Ex-Commissioner Hebberd said it was almost impossible to imagine the low standard of labor that had to be employed to wait on the ill in the city hospitals because of the lack of money to pay better wages. He said one of the physicians had instructed the nurses to give a woman patient a bichloride bath. In a short while the bath was prepared and the patient put in the water, carefully heated to the proper temperature. Then the nurses gave her a dose of bichloride of mercury, or corrosive sublimate, and the Coroner, of course, had to be called. Another employe, a man, was told to take a cartload of refuse and dump it into the river. He did so, dumping in both mule and cart. The mule was drowned, and the incident cost the city $400 in the end.

Mr. Hebbard read a letter which the State Board of Charities had sent to the Board of Estimate describing the tuberculosis hospitals as "terribly congested," and the departments in some of the private hospitals which receive public patients as just as bad.

Prof. Frederic C. Howe of the Western Reserve University, Cleveland, an authority on taxation, suggested a ring of fire in the form of taxation around the man who owned land and would not build on it. He said it was the people who increase the value of land, yet they, unless they happen to own it, get none of the benefit of it.

"Did Astor, living in England, do anything to increase the value of his land in New York? It has doubled and tripled in value because of the 5,000,000 people here."

"If a man is dog in the manger enough to own land," he went on, "and not build on it, the people should make it so hot for him that he would have to build."

Prof. Howe said it was absurd to say New York was too poor to give its children five hours a day in the schools; too poor to take care of its sick poor; too poor to furnish playgrounds for its children. The city was able to vote $5,000,000 for the public amusement alone of its people, he said.

Miss Jane E. Robbins, Secretary of the Public Education Association, the third speaker, urged the appropriation of enough money to correct the part-time evil.

Benjamin C. Marsh offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the Board of Estimate to provide $150,000 for two years for the creation and expenses of a commission which should give its time to standardizing the city departments, so that the incompetence of any department will not seriously interfere with the prosecution of needed work.

ALLEGE FALSE ARREST.

Brothers Saying They Belong to Hardware Club, Deny Chauffeur's Charge.

"Why are we here, Judge? We haven't done anything. We never saw this man until the policeman arrested us," exclaimed John and Philip Brown, brothers, and hardware dealers from Detroit, Mich., when in the Yorkville Court yesterday morning.

The man referred to was Joseph Daly, a taxicab chauffeur, who seized the Browns as they entered the kiosk of the Times Square Subway station and called on Patrolman Petherr of the West Thirtieth Street Station to arrest them, saying they owed him $4.90 fare.

Daly told Magistrate Freschi that the men had hired his cab in front of a restaurant at Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, and he drove them to the Hotel Albany. They entered the hotel, and he waited three hours for them to come out, he said. When they appeared he declares he demanded his money, but the men said "Run along, little boy," and sauntered up Broadway. He followed in his cab, and when they attempted to enter the Subway he called a policeman.

The Browns denied the charge. They said they spent the evening at the Hardware Club, Broadway and Murray Street, and walked up to Times Square. As they started to enter the Subway they were arrested "for no reason whatever."

"We are members of the Hardware Club," declared Philip Brown, "and we don't evade our cab bills."

The Magistrate studied the case for several minutes and then said he believed Daly's story. John Brown then agreed to pay. The $4.90 was paid and Magistrate Freschi dismissed the case.

STRIKERS IN FIGHTS HURT MANY; 1 DYING

Driver of Patrol Wagon in Jersey City Gets Blow Which Fractures His Skull.

BOYS THE ASSAILANTS

Helpers for Express Company on Strike, and Drivers Refuse to Work Because of the Danger.

There were lively skirmishes yesterday in Jersey City between the police and the striking wagon helpers of the United States Express Company. Most of the strikers are boys who look upon the conflict as a good deal of a lark. At the end of the day a dozen or more persons had been injured.

Most seriously hurt was Edward Connolly, a patrol wagon driver, who lies with a fractured skull at St. Francis Hospital. As he was driving in front of a pay wagon of the express company in Grove Street a flying stone struck him in the head with such violence that he was knocked unconscious to the roadway. He is not expected to live.

The police have under arrest two of the strikers, Patrick Gallagher of 219 Boyd Avenue and Edward Glory of 53 Gregory Street.

There are on strike now in Jersey City some 110 helpers and as many railroad platform men, while the drivers, about 100 of them, have quit rather than work in the present dangerous disorder. Monday night the helpers organized at meetings held in Lafayette Hall and Hawke's Hall. "More wages" is the cry. They have been getting $35 and $40 a month, and each grade wants a $5 increase.

The scenes of the greatest and most concerted disorder yesterday were in the neighborhood of the company's stables and on the ferryboats. The trouble began early in the day when policemen, mounted and on foot, escorted some loaded wagons from the stables in Monitor Street to the freight houses of the Central Railroad. Strikers tried to hold up the wagons but were driven off.

ROB NEAR ROCKEFELLER, JR.

House Two Doors from His Entered by Burglars.

About 1 o'clock this morning (Wednesday) Mrs. Kathrine Tabaski and her son, George, caretakers in the home of Dr. Walker B. James of 17 West Fifty-fourth Street, two doors west of the home of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., reported to Policemen Kratch and Widener, at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, that the doctor's house had been entered.

The policemen made an examination of the fourth floor of the house and found that the room of George Tabaski had been turned upside down by some intruder. They searched the house, but could find no one.

Leading from the fourth floor to the roof is a staircase, and on the steps the policemen noticed marks of footsteps outlined in red paint. The floor of the Summer house on the roof had been painted red the day before, and so the policemen hurried to the roof hoping to catch the alleged thief. They found that the door of the Summer house had been forced. They went out on the roof and on to the roof of No. 19, next door, the home of S. S. Kinney, but they could find no further traces of the supposed intruders.

Kratch reported the occurrence at the East Fifty-first Street Station at the third branch detective bureau. Detectives were detailed on the case.

GERRY HOME FROM EUROPE.

Commodore Tells of the Strike in France—Wears His Fur Cap.

Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry, who arrived here yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm II., accompanied by his family and wearing his famous sealskin cap, said that the ship was late because she had to call at Boulogne owing to the strike on the French railroads. The weather had been bad coming over, he said, but he always enjoyed rough weather.

Commodore Gerry said he believed the strike in Paris was caused by the revolution in Portugal. It was believed that Spain would follow suit, he said, and the French Anarchists made a demonstration to spur them on. Before leaving on his annual trip to Europe the Commodore always goes to the Custom House and registers his cap for which he gets an official receipt to hand to the Inspector on his return to this country.

NEW YORK YACHT BURNS.

EDGARTOWN, Oct. 25.—The auxiliary schooner yacht Senta of the New York Yacht Club, and owned by John A. Fish of New York, was burned to the water's edge and then sank at her anchorage in Edgartown Harbor early to-day. Mr. Fish, his guests, Mrs. D. A. Williams of Noank, Conn., and Miss K. S. Brown of New York, the sailing master, Capt. Wallace Brown of Noank, and the crew of four men escaped injury and reached the shore in the yacht's boats.

GAYNOR CHOSE DIX, E. M. SHEPARD SAYS

Continued from Page 1.

ical passion and, shall I say ambition, will carry a noble man."

Roosevelt and the Bosses.

"Is it for Mr. Roosevelt to say who shall throw stones at political bosses after Saratoga and after Tom Platt?" he asked. "When Mr. Platt died Mr. Roosevelt was chief eulogist." Referring to the Whitney-Delany question Mr. Shepard said: "This criticism is beneath contempt."

Thomas M. Osborne, who seconded Mr. Dix's nomination at the Rochester Convention, followed Mr. Shepard. "I must confess that I cannot take Col. Roosevelt so seriously as did Mr. Shepard," said he. "He calls himself a Republican. But in England he announced that he was a radical. Is Col. Roosevelt's memory on his sense of humor deficient? He thinks our candidate for Governor is a very bad man because he isn't a Roosevelt man."

Martin W. Littleton, who was late in arriving, was warmly received. He struck right out at Col. Roosevelt by saying that the Colonel had constantly exhibited an abiding disrespect toward the form and stability of this kind of a republic. He said that the Colonel had not been any more satisfied with the Nation's public men than with the public institutions.

"We find that for Mr. Jefferson, whom we have always regarded as a constructive statesman," said Mr. Littleton, "he had so little respect as to say of him that he was a 'timid and shifty doctrinaire,' 'the most incapable executive to ever fill the President's chair.' He said of Mr. Madison: 'Incapable,' and he said of Mr. Monroe: 'He was a courageous, high-bred gentleman of no especial ability,' and he said of Mr. Jackson: 'He was an ignorant, headstrong, and straightforward soldier.' He said of Van Buren: 'The first product of what are now called machine politics that was put into the Presidential chair.' He said of Tyler: 'Tyler has been called a mediocre man, but this is unwarranted flattery,' and he said of Mr. Polk: 'The three men [Calhoun, Birney, and Isaiah Rynders] may be taken as types of the classes that were chiefly instrumental in the election of Polk, and that must therefore bear the responsibility for all the evils attendant thereon.' He said of Buchanan: 'Polk's administration was neither capable nor warlike, however well disposed to bluster, and the Secretary of State, the timid, shifty, and selfish politician Buchanan, naturally fond of facing both ways, was the last man to wish to force a quarrel on a high-spirited and determined antagonist like England.'

"He has not yet completed his symposium of mediocrity. He has not yet concluded his catalogue of incompetents; but there seems to be another President scheduled to fall under his condemnation. There seems to be another who will find his place with Buchanan, the 'shifty and selfish politician'; with Tyler, who was a 'politician of monumental littleness'; with Madison, whose incapacity 'brought shame and disgrace to America in the War of 1812.'

Lee Kohns, one of the organizers of the Democratic League, presided at the ratification meeting. He said:

"The Republican Party in the State as in the Nation has shown its unfitness to be further trusted. Uncertainty is in the air. Nature is bountiful. We have abundant crops, which have always been the backbone of our prosperity. The farmer is receiving good prices for his produce. The railroads have plenty of freight; the hoard of the people in the savings bank is large. And yet capital hesitates to embark in new enterprises. Industry is at a low ebb of activity, and our securities are looked upon askance.

"It was Grover Cleveland who gave the Democratic Party an invaluable asset in the utterance which he so fully lived up to, that public office is a public trust.

"Crookedness and graft are rife in the State and National Governments, and we must rebuke and cast out the party responsible therefor. We insist at least upon the same standards of honesty and decency in public as we do in private life. When a political party is honeycombed with dishonesty—when tariff favors in the halls of Congress and legislation in the capital at Albany are flagrantly bought and sold it it high time for a change."

DIX SAW NO LETTER

But Did Receive a Verbal Message from the Mayor.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Oct. 25.—John A. Dix said to-night that the only letter written to him by Mayor Gaynor at the time of the State Convention was that stating that the Mayor would not be a candidate for Gubernatorial honors.

"When Mr. Creelman delivered Mayor Gaynor's letter," said Mr. Dix, "he delivered a verbal message from the Mayor that he hoped I would be the choice of the convention for Governor. At that time I did not consider myself a candidate for the nomination, so I said nothing of Mayor Gaynor's words.

"I am afraid that the Mayor's letter regarding his refusal to run for the Governorship has been confounded with the word of mouth message of which, as I said, nothing was known at the time."

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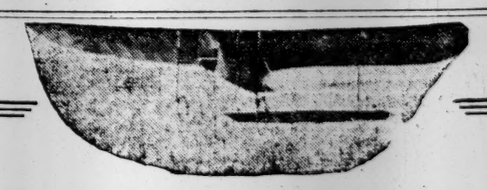

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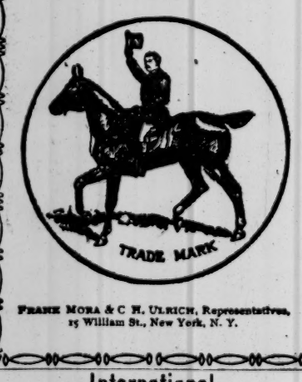

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SHARED ROOT'S BIG CLIENTS

Democratic Nominee Declares He Will Enforce Present Service Laws—Against Corruption in All Parties.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Oct. 25.—Not in Presidential years have larger audiences assembled than that which jammed Convention Hall to-night to greet John A. Dix, Democratic nominee for Governor. The contrast between the reception to Mr. Dix and the small and spiritless crowd that greeted Henry L. Stimson on his recent visit to this city was marked.

After his arrival at the Iroquois Hotel in the early evening Mr. Dix for an hour held a public reception, and thousands of persons availed themselves of an opportunity to shake hands with him. It was one of the most enthusiastic affairs held here in years, and was attended by many Republicans. One of these, Frederick Stevens, remarked as he shook the candidate's hand: "Mr. Dix, you will receive thousands of votes you do not expect."

Mr. Dix made no attempt at oratory, but his points came with telling effect and the response of the audience was spontaneous. Both Roosevelt and Stimson were arraigned for personalities in the campaign. The use of "upstart" and "liar" by the Republican candidate were referred to as savoring too much of his "nominator."

Mr. Dix's speech was as follows:

"It is a source of regret to observe that my opponent has seen fit to make this largely a campaign of personalities instead of a temperate and reasoned discussion of the issues before the people, and among other things has chosen to refer to me as a 'reckless liar' and 'an upstart.' He has called me a 'reckless liar' because I have characterised his nominator in language which I shall neither qualify nor withdraw, and complete justification for the use of which has been, I submit to the voters of the State, furnished by the recent activities and past performances of the man who has done more to destroy business confidence and unsettle values than any man who has ever appeared in the public life of our country.

"Why he has called me an 'upstart' is something which, in this land of equality and opportunity, greatly puzzles me. Of course, I realize that my opponent is placed in a position which must be very trying to the self-respect and susceptibilities of a man who takes himself seriously. Overshadowed by his nominator to a degree which makes him only a very secondary issue indeed, he is trying hard to emerge from his enforced obscuration so that he may, in some real way, appear to be the candidate of his party rather than the occasion for the prancing around of his nominator.

"This condition, of course, may ruffle his temper, but why, in spite of that, has he chosen to refer to me as an 'upstart?' Can it be that he has an idea that a candidate for Governor must perforce have been born within a certain circle and must have the hall-mark of his respectability placed upon him by some one of the small group of men among my opponent's intimate friends, who arrogate to themselves the right to monopolize all the virtue as well as all the best citizenship of this great State?

"Can it be that he believes the old traditions of the country are entirely forgotten, and that something more is required now for a candidate than character, efficiency, and honesty? Does he believe this to be still a land of democracy, or has his mind been so completely influenced by the views of his nominator as to think that the 'New Nationalism' has been already put in operation here; that the Constitution, with its provisions for equality, has already gone out of existence, and that his friends have so soon established the classes which go with aristocratic and monarchical government, and which might, in his eyes, justify a man of his class in referring to a representative of the business men of the State as an 'upstart'?

"I neither owe nor make an apology to my opponent for my antecedents or my candidacy. I am intensely proud to be a plain American citizen; to have forced my way forward by hard, continuous and daily work, and to have reached the point where I have been chosen to stand for the progressive, alert, common-sense man of affairs, whose interest in public life is not to make a living out of it or to draw a salary from the public treasury, but rather to see that business principles and business standards are properly applied in running the affairs of this great State.

"I deprecate the discussion of personal matters in political campaigns, and would much prefer to rest my case upon the discussion of questions in which the people are vitally interested and which are now pressing with great force for immediate and proper solution. My position upon all these questions has been made clear to the voters of New York in language neither equivocal nor doubtful, in my speech of acceptance; and my party's position is before the people in the lucid and exhaustive platform adopted at the Rochester Convention.

"I had intended to confine such further speeches as I might make to the discussion of some of the planks in that platform, but I am now reluctantly forced, by the tactics of Mr. Stimson, to somewhat change my view and to call attention to matters which his methods of campaigning have made pertinent and timely.

"My opponent talks much of his devotion to high ideals and promises, if elected, to continue the same high standards which he attributes to the administration of Gov. Hughes. Passing, for the time being, the question of the success or failure of the Hughes administration, from the standpoint of the rent payer and taxpayer, let me ask how the conduct of Mr. Stimson in the public positions which he has held squares with his promises.

"If I am correctly informed, Mr. Stimson, while acting as the Federal District Attorney in New York, at a salary of $10,000 per year, came into possession of facts, papers, and data which showed that the Sugar Trust had defrauded the United States Government out of millions of dollars. With the vast machinery of the Government at his command, he began investigations and conducted certain of the proceedings incident thereto up to the point where all the strings of all the matters were in his hands alone, and one case had been actually tried, and then resigned from the Government service.

"The Government was largely helpless. No other lawyer could, without many months of labor, have familiarized himself with the thousand and one details of these matters, and time was of the essence of the prosecution if it were to be successful and to serve as an example for other lawbreakers. Mr. Stimson was almost immediately retained by the Government as special counsel, and after fifteen months of work has been paid, according to the published official statements from Washington, $55,000 in fees in addition to his necessary and large disbursements. Had he continued as District Attorney he would have been paid $14,500 for that same work.

"I venture the prediction that this is not the sort of conduct which will commend him very strongly to the business standard or nice sense of honor of the great mass of the voters of the State. A plain business man, governed by the rules which exist among such men, would have stayed at his job until he had finished the work to which he had set his hand, even if the salary were only the $10,000 a year which Mr. Stimson so willingly gave up in favor of the special retainers.

"In a letter, dated April 26, 1909, addressed to the Directors of the American Sugar Refining Company by their counsel, the statement is made that the Government, undoubtedly acting upon the advice of Mr. Stimson, had agreed to accept in full for its claims against the company the sum of $2,000,000, in addition to the payment of the amount of the judgment already obtained of $134,000.

"This settlement has been effected and my opponent's friends are making much of his triumph in those cases, as well as in some other sugar cases in which settlements were made. It is therefore pertinent to see what the amount at issue in those cases was, and there can be no better evidence than the same letter of these gentlemen, from which I beg now to quote. They say:

> Since the trial the Government, acting through its special attorney, Mr. Stimson, has filed reliquidations of importations between 1901 and 1907, by which the company has been brought in further debt to it to the extent of $1,239,000.
>
> Reliquidations of importations to the same refinery from 1894 to 1901 were threatened, and also importations to Jersey City, which would have brought the company into debt to the Government, if sustained, to the extent of upward of $1,000,000 additional, making a total of about $3,000,000.
>
> In addition to this the Government also threatened to bring forfeiture proceedings for all importations during the last three years, outside of those involved in the suit which had been tried. The claim under these forfeitures would have amounted to about $6,000,000.
>
> If the Government was right in its contentions of fact and law, it was entitled to collect not only the amounts involved in the reliquidations, but also additionally the forfeitures for the value of the goods imported.
>
> The total amount for which the Government threatened to sue amounted to nearly $9,000,000.

"In view of these admissions, is it not entirely fair to ask Mr. Stimson why those cases were not pressed for final trial against a perfectly solvent corporation, which had been convicted of most meanly and flagrantly robbing the United States? The sum collected from this company was a large sum, but it was insignificant when compared to the amount which was claimed by the Government to be due from the company, and practically admitted to be due by the counsel for the company.

"Why, all through this prosecution, conducted as conceded by the friends of my opponent, with so much ability, but also, as appears from the figures, with so much expense to the Government, has there been so much consideration for the Sugar Trust and those who were most responsible for its formation and its conduct?

"Why, for instance, did this determined prosecutor, who, to believe either himself or his nominator, could not be influenced in his work by pressure from any source, no matter how exalted or how friendly—why did he leave to his successor the bringing of an indictment against John E. Parsons—father of the Sugar Trust—and of Mr. Roosevelt's great friend, Herbert Parsons?

"During the term of Mr. Stimson as Federal District Attorney, and long before he resigned that office, Mr. Earle of Philadelphia, as receiver, brought a civil action against the American Sugar Refining Company. This action was for fraud and conspiracy, and for violation of the anti-trust laws.

"This civil action of Mr. Earle was subsequently settled by the payment by the Sugar Trust to Mr. Earle, as receiver, of about $2,000,000. Although the evidence was plain and clear that the Directors and officers of the Sugar Trust had violated the Sherman anti-trust law, neither Mr. Stimson nor Mr. Roosevelt, as President, could be induced to move against these officers or Directors, and they were not indicted until July, 1909, after Mr. Stimson had gone out of office.

"Among those who were then indicted with the other Directors was Mr. John E. Parsons; and Judge Holt of the United States Court has held that the Statute of Limitations now bars this prosecution.

"Has my opponent been persuaded that the only men who could commit a crime for which they should be punished are the unfortunate underlings who have been already sent to prison, while the men of great wealth and social position, at the head of the company, have entirely escaped punishment?

"I recognize that every man is influenced by his environment, and it may well be that my opponent's position in these Sugar Trust matters is explained by his long and intimate association with Elihu Root, father of the trusts and big corporations of the country.

"Mr. Root has been chief counsel for the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, for the Equitable Life Assurance Society, for the Morton Trust Company, counsel for the electric light companies of the City of New York, when they were consolidated into one giant corporation; counsel for the Consolidated Gas Company of New York; he was counsel with Mr. Parsons for the American Sugar Company, and generally represented—until he went into the Cabinet—more corporations than any man in the country.

"During much of this time Mr. Stimson was his law partner—did a large part of the work and shared in the emoluments coming from such labor. Can these facts have in any way influenced Mr. Stimson in his action, and especially in his non-action in these Sugar Trust matters?

"But enough of these matters:

"I wish to repeat to you, in language as strong and clear as I can use, that I stand with my party squarely upon the Rochester platform and every plank thereof.

"If there is a single man within the confines of the State who is in doubt about my position on the enforcement of the public service laws, I repeat and reiterate that I stand squarely and unqualifiedly for the efficient and reasonable regulation of public service corporations—by the continuance and enforcement of these laws—a regulation in every way efficient from the single standpoint of the public interests.

"As to my statement about corruption in public life, I again assert that I stand and shall stand against corruption in public life in every form and every place, and I make it and shall make on that question no distinction of any kind, political, social, or otherwise.

"I am against corruption and corrupt influences of all kinds and in all places, whether it appear in the open form of bribery or in the more insidious and dangerous form of taking from the public by indirection that which could not be taken directly.

"I call attention to the fact that all exposures of corruption in this State have been aimed at Legislatures controlled by the Republicans, and I repeat that if I am Governor I shall drive the Black Horse Cavalry, regardless of what party affiliations they may disgrace, out of Albany.

"For sixteen years the Republicans have controlled both houses of the Legislature, and it is now a notorious fact that during this time legislation has been trafficked in and the business interests of the State blackmailed. I say, in the name of the Democratic Party, that this must cease, and I promise, if the people place me in control of the Government, that blackmail and corruption shall be driven in disgrace from the Capitol of this great State, and the conditions restored under which the reputation of the State was untarnished and above reproach.

"The Democracy of this State has now before it a great opportunity and a great responsibility.

"Unless I greatly err in reading the signs of the times, we are about to win the greatest victory in the history of the State—a victory in which partisan lines are broken and smashed, and in which great numbers of Republican and independent voters are placing the State above party, and helping us in our work to clean out the Government of the State and restore it to the proud position of leadership in the country to which the patriotism, intelligence, and resources of its citizens entitle it.

"This victory, however, will throw upon the Democratic Party a great responsibility for results in the way of progressive, honest, and good government, and in order that we may have the power to work out those results as well as the responsibility for them, I appeal to you, regardless of party ties, to aid in restoring the Democracy to power in this State, and then hold us to the strictest letter of performance in carrying out the promises we have made."

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ULSTER AND GREENE MAY GO DEMOCRATIC

Defeat of Hughes Senator by Old Guard Has Turned Away the Insurgents.

A HEAVY RESERVOIR VOTE

Republicans Vainly Tried to Stop Registration of New York's Laborers—Little Sentiment Against Roosevelt.

Special to The New York Times.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The Senatorial district composed of Ulster and Greene Counties has been represented in the upper branch of the Legislature for the last four years by a man who has supported consistently all the progressive policies advocated by ex-Gov. Hughes. This year, with the Old Guard in undisputed control of the Republican organization in Ulster County, John N. Cordts, the Hughes man, has been side-tracked for a nominee who promises to become a docile tool of the local machine. Hence there has arisen a situation which bodes ill to the Republicans in the coming election. It differs from the situation in Odell's old bailiwick chiefly in that here it is the insurgent element instead of the Old Guard which may prove the insurmountable obstacle to Republican hopes.

On the strength of conditions as they exist to-day, the Democrats assert that they will be able to turn the Republican majority of 1,600 by which Hughes carried Ulster County two years ago into a Democratic majority of from 500 up. The correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES, in a careful investigation of conditions, found Republicans who frankly admitted that just now the Democrats stood a good chance of carrying a county which has been safely Republican since 1899. Other Republicans, while admitting that the local and legislative tickets were in jeopardy, expressed the hope that with the vigorous exposition of campaign issues that is expected in the last two weeks of the fight Henry L. Stimson and the Republican State ticket would carry the county.

Greene County for many years has been on the verge of shifting to the Democratic column, and with anybody but Bryan running on the Democratic ticket two years ago the Republicans would have lost it. Even then it gave a majority of only 265 to the Republicans in 1908, and last year a Democratic Assemblyman was elected by a majority of 193 votes. George R. Van Valkenburg, Chairman of the County Democratic Committee, in discussing the situation to-day, declared that the Democrats would carry Greene by a majority of at least 300.

The danger from the insurgent element in the Republican organization of Ulster is chiefly to the local ticket and to the candidates for Senate and Assembly. It is not necessarily a menace to the State ticket. Col. Roosevelt is thought very well of by the Republican rank and file here. Even among the business and banking element in this city there are not many who will oppose the Republican candidate for Governor because Col. Roosevelt is his political sponsor.

There is another condition, however, which is recognized by the Republican leaders here as a distinct menace to their candidates on the State ticket. This is the influx of new voters resulting from the massing of laborers in the various contractors' camps in the Catskills where the Ashokan Dam project is now taking shape. It is estimated that at least 1,000 new names have found their way to the registration booths of Ulster County from these camps alone.

The Republican leaders here who, for apparently good and substantial reasons, have assumed that the bulk of this vote would be controlled by the Tammany contractors, have done everything possible to keep the names of the reservoir workers off the registry books, but have succeeded in comparatively few cases. On the last registration day, Roscoe Irwin, the aggressive young Mayor of Kingston and the de facto Democratic leader in Ulster County, received information of what the Republican leaders were doing and went himself, accompanied by a number of Democratic lawyers, to the various registration places and compelled the registration of every laborer who was qualified to vote.

A large percentage of these workers are negroes. Others are low-grade laborers, mostly of foreign birth. The Republican leaders declare that they are being threatened with loss of employment unless they vote for John A. Bensel for State Engineer and the rest of the Democratic ticket. The Democrats deny this. In fact, the activity displayed by the Democratic leaders at the construction camps does not indicate any feeling of assurance on their part that the vote there is certain.

Ulster County Democrats are displaying intense activity. Even the Republicans admit that the Democrats managed to get out their full registration, while from apathy or some other reason the Republicans fell 350 behind.

"Our prospects in this county," said Mayor Irwin to-day, "are better than they have been since 1898. We have every reason to believe that we will carry this county for the Democratic ticket by at least 500 majority. While there is every reason to believe that a majority of the voters in this county would like to see a change in the Governorship, the Democratic zeal here is directed chiefly toward an effort to see that good Democrats are sent to the Legislature so there shall not be a repetition of the scandals that have been unearthed through the graft investigation now in progress."

The Republican leader here is former Judge Gilbert D. B. Hasbrouck frankly a politician of the old school. He has been working in close co-operation with Odell and the Old Guard. The fight between the progressives, who have stood behind Senator Cordts, and the reactionaries, who have been behind Hasbrouck, during the last two years has virtually rent the Republican organization in twain.

This year Hasbrouck insisted on the nomination of Augustus Hayes, a machine man, in place of Senator Cordts. The Democrats took advantage of the situation to name William P. Fiero of Catskill, a lawyer, who was an Assistant United States District Attorney in New York City under Stewart L. Woodford a score of years ago. He comes from one of the leading families here. He has a fine leonine head surmounted by a generous crop of silvery hair.

"I took this nomination, which came unsought, for sentimental reasons more than anything else," said Mr. Fiero. "Just fifty years ago next month my father was elected to the Senate from this district on the Republican ticket."

For the Assembly and for their local ticket, too, the Democrats under their present leadership have nominated good men.

Mr. Hasbrouck has declared with much reiteration that the county will be as safely Republican as ever. THE TIMES correspondent talked to many Republicans to-day and every one of them disputed that statement. One Republican officeholder said nothing would surprise him more than a Republican victory, and that he did not care anyhow. Another Republican not identified with the management of the local organization in any way declared that he was only one of many Republicans who intended to vote the Democratic ticket.

One Republican of prominence, whose estimate may be accepted without reservation, summed up the situation as follows:

"The fate of the local Republican ticket in doubt with the situation favoring the Democrats. With the proper kind of campaign during the last two weeks I look for a change of sentiment, which should give the Republican State ticket possibly a majority of 1,000 in this county. If anything, I think Mr. Stimson will run ahead of his ticket in Ulster on account of having Col. Roosevelt's backing. The farmers are all right, but the doubtful factor is the labor element, which in this election holds the balance of power in this district."

In the campaign of 1908 William R. Hearst's candidate for President got 204 votes and his candidate for Governor 208. In Ulster County this year it is conceded that the Hearst ticket may poll 50 votes. The Independence League has indorsed a majority of the Democratic candidates here.

YESTERDAY IN POLITICS.

Speaking in Carnegie Hall last night, Edward M. Shepard denied that the nomination of John A. Dix was brought about by Charles F. Murphy. James Cresiman, Mr. Shepard declared, took to Rochester a letter from Mayor Gaynor in which the Mayor expressed the wish that the nomination go to Mr. Dix. The hall was crowded and Mr. Dix's name was repeatedly cheered.

John A. Dix spoke before an enormous crowd in Convention Hall, Buffalo, last night. He devoted a large part of his speech to an attack on the Sugar Trust record of Henry L. Stimson, declaring that Mr. Stimson had gathered the evidence against the trust while in the Attorney General's office, and then accepted a large fee as a special prosecutor. He said that if elected he would enforce the Public service laws and drive the Black Horse Cavalry out of Albany, regardless of arty.

Henry L. Stimson tourned through Alleghany, Cattaragus, and Chatauqua Counties, ending at Jamestown last night. He spoke to large crowds and stirred up more enthusiasm than at any time in his trip. He confined his speeches to attacks on Tammany.

Col. Roosevelt, despite bad weather addressed large crowds up-State. The enthusiasm of his hearers seemed to increase. He refused to apologize to Candidate Dix for declaring that the latter was affiliated wi the Wall Paper Trust. The Colonel admitted he had feared a defection of business men from his party, because of their fear of him, but said he believed this had been overcome.

Reports from Ulster and Greene Counties show that the Democrats there are making a lively campaign, believing that both counties will be taken out of the Republican column this Fall.

Winfield A. Huppuch, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee and George Hosing, editor of Moody's Manual, corroborated the statement of Candidate Dix that he was never connected with the Standard Wall Paper Company, referred to by Col. Roosevelt, as being in the paper trust.

BUTLER SEES POLITICAL HOPE

Nominations of Wilson and Baldwin Encouraging Signs.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II. from Europe was President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, who went abroad five months ago as a delegate to the centenary celebration of Berlin University. Before leaving the German capital he was decorated by Emperor William with the order of the Red Eagle.

Asked if he had anything to say regarding the statements of ex-Prof. Harry Thurston Peck of Columbia, Dr. Butler said that he never discussed what other people said about himself. He regretted that he had arrived too late to register and would lose his vote for the first time sinice he was 21 year old. It was difficult to get news regarding the political situation while in Europe, he said, but the Americans he had met seemed to be of the opinion that it would be a Democratic year.

"What is your opinion of the campaign up-State made by Col. Roosevelt?" he was asked.

"I can't talk about Col. Roosevelt, can I Mr. Bacon?" said Dr. Butler, turning to E. R. Bacon, a Director of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, who was standing on the deck near him. "No, you'd better not," replied Mr. Bacon.

When asked what he thought of the nomination of Woodrow Wilson for Governor of New Jersey Dr. Butler became eloquent on the subject, and said:

"The nomination of Judge Baldwin in Connecticut and Prof. Wilson in New Jersey is the most hopeful sign I have seen in politics for the last fifteen years. Both these campaigns are being conducted on a high plane. They are dealing with principles, not personalities. What difference does it make if a man has an uncle who was once connected with a trust? We want to know what principles a candidate stands upon.

"Prof. Wilson is one of the best men in the country, and Judge Baldwin is a man of the same type. They are men of high character, who will bring brains into the business and put politics back where it used to be by appealing to the intelligence of the people. The fact that I belong to a different party makes no difference in my opinion of these two candidates. Their nomination is highly encouraging."

"What do you think of the candidates for Governor of New York State?" he was asked.

"I know Mr. Stimson personally," replied Dr. Butler. "He is a charming fellow, and comes of good people. I have heard Mr. Dix spoken of as a man of high character, but I do not know him personally. I think that it was a great pity Mr. Tawney was defeated in Minnesota for his renomination for Congress, as he was an able man as Chairman of the Appropriations Committee, and very economical. He was averse to a big expenditure for military purposes, and generally set his face against extravagance. He was a first-rate man and one of the ablest members in the House of Representatives."

REPLIES TO LITTLETON.

Stimson's Law Partner Explains the Connection with the Morse Bank.

Ezra P. Prentice, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, gave out a statement yesterday on behalf of Bronson Winthrop, the law partner of Henry L. Stimson, which is a reply to the attack made upon Mr. Stimson in Brooklyn on Monday night by Martin W. Littleton in regard to his being retained by the National Bank of North America before prosecuting Charles W. Morse. Mr. Winthrop says:

> I have seen the statement of Mr. Littleton as reported in the morning papers concerning the relation of Mr. Henry L. Stimson to the National Bank of North America after he became United States Attorney. The facts in relation to this are as follows: Mr. Stimson assumed the duties of United States Attorney on Feb. 1, 1906. After that date he took no part in the business of the firm of Winthrop & Stimson, beyond winding up some personal matters for a few days after Feb. 1, 1906, arguing a railroad case which he had previously tried, and drawing a will for a personal client, nor did he share directly or indirectly in any fees of the firm earned after that date. In other words, while his name remained in the title of the firm, his connection with it was purely nominal, and he had no share whatsoever in its business or profits.

Mr. Prentice said he had received a little more information about the activity of a man up-State who was trying to make it appear that the labor vote was going to John A. Dix.

"I have received word," said the State Chairman, "that a man who gave his name as Hamblin had been in Syracuse, Oneida, and Canastota, who said he was sent out by a man named Brower to go among manufacturers and get into the shops in order to talk with the employes and hire them to work for Dix until election day."

Mr. Prentice's information appeared to be somewhat hazy in regard to what the man was really doing, but he said he expected to get more information to-day.

It was announced at the personal headquarters of Mr. Stimson at the Manhattan Hotel yesterday that about fifty business men had formed a Stimson club, and that they would work until election to elect the Republican candidate. The officers of the club are: R. M. Hurd, President; James Anderson Havens, Treasurer, and Charles Mellen, Secretary. Among the other members are Robert Walker, President of the Rook Island Railroad Company; former Gov. Post of Porto Rico; William Hepburn Russell, and John H. Rhoades.

GERMAN LEAGUE FOR DIX.

Resolutions in favor of the candidature of John A. Dix were adopted last night in the Yorkville Casino, Eighty-sixth Street, near Third Avenue, by the German-American Citizens' League at its second annual convention. It indorsed Mr. Dix on the ground that the league "desires a business administration with a dollar's worth of service and material for every dollar paid," and it also pointed out that Mr. Dix by declining to support Hearst or Bryan had put patriotism above party regularity.

The Republican Party was denounced for its corruption and extravagance in this State and its extravagance, high living, and dishonest tariff revision in the Nation. It was also declared that the election of the Democratic ticket would be a rebuke to Rooseveltism, the New Nationalism, and the "deplorable attacks on the judiciary." Special support was also pledged to William Sohmer in his candidacy for the Controllership and John J. Delany in his campaign for the Supreme Court.

The league represents sixty-seven Assembly districts and 30,000 German citizens. It will hold a meeting in Cooper Union on Nov. 3. In addressing the delegates the President, Alphonse G. Koeble, said that he had just come from a tour through the State, and he had been amazed at the universal feeling that it is a Democratic year.

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Coats, Hoods, & Hats in original designs

Gone is the belief that utility must spell the finish of becomingness. To-day the woman of tasteful inclination may array herself in Auto garments that will do full justice to her personality.

Yet the beauty of our models in no way sacrifices their efficiency for performing the functions for which they were intended.

Auto Coats at 16.50 to 75.00

Full, loose, liberal of cut, staunchly made and affording ample protection against the exposure incidental to auto wear. Of wide wale diagonals, English homespuns, fancy cheviots, tweeds, shepherd checks, imported woolens or double-faced cloths. Full sweeping skirts; high-cut, buttoning to neck. Models, some with belts, others semi-fitted or loose.

English Polo & Rug Coats

Belted models of imported materials

at 32.50 to 85.00

Auto Bonnets, Hats and Hoods

Of taffeta silks, satin, velvets, beavers, marabout or fancy tweeds. Our own exclusive creations in new effects, handsomely trimmed and finished.

Hoods of taffeta silk, Persian trimmed, 5.00
Satin Bonnets, with heavy cordings, at 7.00
Hats in mushroom or polo effects, of velvet or beaver, trimmed with satin, 8.50
Imported English Tweed Auto Hats trimmed with fancy plumage at 12.50
Fur Hats and Hoods in soft effects, of near seal, beaver, Persian lamb, muskrat, squirrel, raccoon or Hudson seal, at 10.00 to 30.00

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and they are like the boy who has found a well-laden chestnut tree.

they watch the department through an entire season picking up things they think pleasing every once in a while.

and then they remember

because the goods are choice

and the prices,—

well, you will come again too, if you find our lace tree

45-inch Chiffon Cloth, black and full assortment of colors, heavy weight, 98c. per yard.

45-inch Persian Chiffon Cloth, many color combinations, $1.89

21-inch Persian Crepe, all silk, 68c. per yard.

Gold and Silver Nets, $1.15 to $3.50

Gold and silver band trimmings, 2 to 5 inches. 39c., 49c. and 89c.

Shadow Nets for evening dresses, $1.79 and $2.50

Laces and bandings to match.

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A dozen other stylish models at this price.

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The kind used by those who know the best.

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The new perfume that London Society approves.

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ROOSEVELT STIRS UP CROWDS IN THE RAIN

More Enthusiasm Is Shown in Central New York and Republicans Gain Confidence.

DIX CHARGES ARE RENEWED

Colonel Admits He Has Feared Bolt Against Himself—Again Makes Point of Tammany Circular.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 25.—To-day furnished evidence from morning until night that the campaign being waged by Col. Roosevelt and Henry L. Stimson, the Republican candidate for Governor, is beginning to tell in Middle New York. Col. Roosevelt traveled through Yates, Ontario, Seneca, Cayuga, and Onondaga Counties during the day, and everywhere there were impressive signs that Republican indifference is disappearing.

The Colonel made five speeches, at Penn Yan, Canandaigua, Geneva, Auburn, and Syracuse, with two fifteen-minute rear platform talks at Waterloo and Seneca Falls. It was one of the worst days for campaigning that a New York October can produce. A hard, cold rain fell steadily all day, but despite it there was no long stop where the hall provided for the meeting, always the biggest in the town, was not overcrowded, with a considerable overflow standing in the rain outside, and always there was enthusiasm of a kind that has not often greeted Col. Roosevelt in his New York State campaigning this Fall. At Auburn the theatre, which seats 5,800, was overcrowded, and the Alhambra here to-night held more than 5,000 persons.

In all these counties it was admitted that there was no present indication that there would be enough gains from disaffected Democrats to offset the Republican loss. There was great encouragement, however, over the way the campaign has been picking up in the last few days. Mr. Stimson has been over a good part of this country already, and the Republican workers said to-day that his trip had done him a lot of good. They expect still better results from the trip of Col. Roosevelt to-day.

No Apology to Dix.

In the main Col. Roosevelt followed the lines of campaigning that he has taken in his other speeches in this State, but there were a few striking additions. He made a great deal of the Tammany contribution circular, which he used for the first time in Binghamton last night, and always it was very effective. It never failed to evoke hearty applause.

Just as soon as he had opportunity after reading the reply of Mr. Dix to his speech at Ithaca yesterday morning the Colonel returned to that matter, and, instead of delivering the apology demanded by the Democratic candidate, reiterated in extenso his charge that the Standard Wall Paper Company, during eighteen months while Mr. Dix was one of its Directors, continued to be a member of the Wall Paper Trust denounced by the Federal courts, and would have profited proportionately if the trust suit against the Voight & Sons Company had succeeded. It was at Penn Yan that the morning papers containing Mr. Dix's statement reached the Colonel, and his reply was delivered at Canandaigua, the next stop.

Coming to Geneva, in the Congressional district of Sereno E. Payne, whose name the present tariff law bears, Col. Roosevelt went into a discussion of the tariff question once more. He declared that his position was the same that President Taft takes on the Tariff Commission and revision schedule by schedule, and expressed regret that the tariff plank of the Saratoga platform was not as progressive as it should have been.

In all his speeches Col. Roosevelt made an elaborate defense against the charge that he is a menace to business and to prosperity. He steadily treated this charge as if it were that Mr. Stimson would be a menace to business or prosperity. His answer was always a showing of the records of Mr. Stimson as District Attorney. He constantly brought it out in connection with his discussion of the Tammany circular and its statement that "the Democratic Party in this fight stands for tranquillity and business peace," and cited the different convictions obtained by Mr. Stimson as evidences of the way in which he interfered with "tranquillity and business peace."

Reads Appeal of Tammany.

The Tammany circular was the first thing of the day to receive the Colonel's attention. Right at the start of his Penn Yan speech he said:

"During the last twelve years, ever since I became Gevornor of New York, the prime articles of my political creed have been the enforcement of absolute honesty; second, the trying to make the representatives of the people genuinely responsive to the popular need and will, and third, the divorcing of big interests from politics."

After telling about the Saratoga Convention Col. Roosevelt took the Tammany circular out of his pocket and read it, saying that he had received it from a Wall Street man who is of "the rank and file who believe in honest business."

In discussing the Tammany circular Col. Roosevelt quoted from it, and made remarks on it as follows, his remarks being in parenthesis:

Tammany Hall, Oct. 7, 1910.

Dear Sir: The campaign upon which we have just entered is of supreme importance to the people of this city and State, (and I agree with it so far.) More than any other campaign for years past it will affect the business and financial interests of every person within the borders of the State. The Democratic Party (I should suggest an amendment there; I should say that to express accurately what this campaign circular really means instead of the "Democratic Party" it should say "Mr. Charles F. Murphy") in this fight stands for tranquillity and business peace and is opposed to the wild doctrines of Roosevelt. (Those wild doctrines I may explain gentlemen, include such startling propositions as "Thou shalt not steal" which would unsettle values, disturb business, and renew the panic from which the country suffered during his recent incumbency of the Presidency. (And then we come to the kernel of the letter.) To defeat the Roosevelt policies, however, will require for purely legitimate expenses a large outlay of money.

"They are quite right," continued Col. Roosevelt. "To defeat the policies for which I have stood, which are substantially those that have been set forth in rather ancient documents, the Decalogue and the Golden Rule, for instance, to defeat those policies will require large outlay of money, because they can't be defeated on their merits. They can't be defeated by any truthful statement of facts, they can't be defeated by any appeal to conscience or reason. They can't be defeated on a square and fair vote, uninfluenced by money. Tammany Hall is entirely right. They can be defeated only by a large outlay of money, and I want to call your attention to the fact that I am not saying this; Tammany Hall is saying it. I have been betrayed into a momentary lapse of truthfulness."

Renews Attack on Dix.

In replying to Mr. Dix at Canandaigua Col. Roosevelt said:

"Friends, the first thing I want to say to you is in connection with the letter of Mr. Dix to-day explaining his connection and denying his connection with the Paper Trust. Mr. Dix's explanation in substance is precisely like the statement of the Shakespearean scholar, who having studied the question of the authorship of Shakespeare's plays, finally announced that he had come to the conclusion that they were not written by Shakespeare, but by another man with the same name.

"Mr. Dix announces that the Standard Wall Paper Company, of which he is a member, shed its skin a few years ago, between the time it was a wicked company and a member of the trust and the time that it was a harmless company with Mr. Dix in it. I have no concern with the hanges of internal management or organization in the Standard Wall Paper Company.

"What I ask you to remember is the connection of that company with the Wall Paper Trust. Soon after it went into the Wall Paper Trust difficulties arose, and it became difficult to enforce obedience from various companies in that trust, and the trust instituted proceedings against one of those companies, the Voight Company, to recover about $60,000—which $60,000, of course, would have been divided, if recovered, pro rata among the companies forming the trust, of which the Standard Wall Paper Company was one. Owing largely to the early judicial decisions, the trust company ceased to be active in business, but continued to exist, and continued to carry on the suit against Voight, the Standard Wall Paper Company still being one of the companies that was a party to that suit through the trust.

Trust Would Have Resumed.

"If the suit had been successful the trust would, of course, have again sprung into full operation. It was probable in the eyes of every one, after Judge Lurton's decision in 1905, that the suit would not be successful, but there was a chance that it would be, and, therefore, the suit was continued. Mr. Dix became a Director in the Standard Wall Paper Company in June, 1907. The suit of the trust was continued for eighteen months after that date, and was only decided adversely to the trust by the Supreme Court in February, 1909.

"One of Mr. Dix's partners, Julius Jackson, was one of the prominent officers—I think the President—of the trust during the time of the carrying on of the suit. If in February, 1909, the suit of the trust, in which the Standard Wall Paper Company was mentioned as one of the parties to the agreement that constituted the trust—if that suit had been successful the Standard Wall Paper Company would have been entitled to its share of the funds recovered, and Mr. Dix's partner in the Standard Wall Paper Company was a prominent official of the trust engaged in carrying on that suit; and if that suit had been successful the trust would have been revived in all its power. As it was not successful the trust was allowed to continue in a condition of innocuous desuetude.

"Therefore it appears that for eighteen months after Mr. Dix became a Director of the Standard Wall Paper Company a suit was in progress on behalf of the trust in which, if the trust had been successful, the Standard Wall Paper Company, as a component part of that trust, would have been one of the beneficiaries of the success. And if the suit had been successful, no man in his senses doubts that the trust would instantly have sprung again into full life. As to Mr. Dix's explanation, it is not like the explanation of the Shakespearean scholar which I quoted to you."

Col. Roosevelt again assailed Mr. Dix because of the action of his partner, Mr. Hupputch, the present Democratic State Chairman, in endeavoring to secure an increase of the duty on wallpaper.

At Geneva Col. Roosevelt, discussing the "new Nationalism" as "the application of old moralities to new conditions" said: "We have simply shown ourselves to be the real heirs of Abraham Lincoln and his policies when we prove our devotion to Abraham Lincoln, not by praising him for having grappled successfully with issues that are dead, but by working in his spirit and meeting the issues that are living."

Flouts Talk of King Roosevelt.

At Auburn the Colonel referred to the issue of Rooseveltism, saying:

"I want to use moderate language, but it is difficult to do so in speaking of something which is folly. So I shall say that I wish the unwise creatures who say I wish to be King—the men who talk that utter twaddle—could have been at Saratoga to see the fight we had to make me Temporary Chairman."

In his discussion of the Tammany circular at Syracuse Col. Roosevelt frankly admitted that he had been afraid of the charge that he was a menace to business prosperity.

Col. Roosevelt came to Syracuse from Auburn by private trolley car with Francis Hendricks, the Republican leader of this section, and one of the "Old Guard." Col. Roosevelt dined with Mr. Hendricks, and spent the night at the Hendricks home.

REPLY TO JUDGE BALDWIN.

Col. Roosevelt Still Holds Connecticut Leader Is Not Progressive.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 25.—When Col. Roosevelt receives copies of the morning papers to-day he found in one of them the open leter from Judge Simeon E. Baldwin, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Connecticut, accusing the Colonel of misquoting him in a speech at Concord, N. H., last Saturday, in which he said Judge Baldwin had taken a retrogressive position on the question of workingmen's compensation. Col. Roosevelt read Judge Baldwin's letter carefully, and then dictated the following reply, a copy of which he mailed to Judge Baldwin:

Judge Simeon E. Baldwin, New Haven, Conn.:

Sir: I have not received the letter which it is said you have sent me, but I have seen extracts from it in the press to-day, and hasten to answer. Two or three different versions of what I am alleged to have said appear in different papers. Apparently they include two different and distinct sentences, neither reported at length or quite correctly, and both combined into one.

What I said in substance is as follows: I had stated the attitude of the Democratic candidate for Governor in the State of New York in upholding the view that it was unconstitutional for the State to enact legislation prohibiting laboring men from being required to work an excessive number of hours under conditions which the Legislature deemed unhealthy. I stated that the Republican Party, in contradiction to these retrogressive views, took in the strongest fashion a progressive position on all these matters; that we held it was the right of the Legislature to interfere with the conditions of labor whenever the hours of labor were so excessive that under the actual hygienic conditions in any business it amounted to a menace to the health and welfare of the workman.

I continued by saying that many Judges in the past and some Judges, even in the present, had held or were holding the view that legislative bodies could not interfere with what I regarded as the utterly miscalled liberty of laboring men and women to contract for the performance of work under conditions which jeopardized their welfare and their lives or limbs. I continued by saying that the Democratic candidate for Governor of Connecticut also occupied a retrogressive attitude in this matter. I again continued, stating that we, on the contrary, stand for what I regard as the only proper progressive attitude, which is that it is not competent for the workman who may be driven by dire need to accept any employment in spite of the conditions imposed upon his acceptance, to bind himself or to be bound in any way by any action of his not to be compensated if his health is damaged or if he loses life or limb in that occupation.

You say in your letter as printed that the view of which I speak would be opposed to the settled principles of law, and no competent lawyer could or would take it, and that to ascribe such a position to you is calculated to affect your standing as a lawyer. If you will turn to Mr. Alger's little volume called "Moral Overstrain," and read the chapter in which he deals with the decisions of the courts upholding this so-called liberty of the laboring man to make a contract to his disadvantage, you will see that very many Judges have taken the position to which I object.

These Judges, I have no doubt, were honorable and conscientious men, of high standing as lawyers, but I emphatically hold that the position they took was and is retrogressive and not progressive. I have not with me the printed transcript of one of your opinions which was handed to me prior to my making the speech in question, but if the newspaper account of your letter is correct, you hold therein that railroad employes who accept benefits from the accident insurance which the railroads often style a relief department, cannot look to the company in case of accident.

If you are correctly reported by the press in this matter, I hold that this position is retrogressive and not progressive. I hold that the State has absolutely the right to enact laws refusing to permit, and that existing laws should be in accordance with the opinions of very many progressive Judges be construed as not permitting any man, directly or indirectly, by any action of his own to stop himself from his right to have a railroad or other corporation forced to compensate him for any injury done to him in the performance of his duty. If your letter is correctly quoted in the press in this matter you hold that the acceptance of a very small benefit from the accident insurance company by a railroad employe would stop him from recovering the substantial amount which he otherwise would be entitled to recover for an injury received. I hold that such a view is most emphatically not progressive. Very respectfully yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

TACKS TO CURE BLINDNESS.

Negro Swindler Drove Them Into His Victims' Skulls at $2.50 Each.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 25.—William Williams, a negro, is in jail here to-day charged with swindling by an alleged cure for blindness. His remedy consisted in driving a tack into the back portion of a blind negro's skull and charging $2.50 for the operation. Robert Ward, the victim, told the Police Court Judge that the tack process was not very painful, but that Williams's manner of taking the $2.50 "hurt considerable."

MUST STICK TO LAZY SPOUSE.

Shiftlessness Not a Ground for Separation, Justice Greenbaum Says.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum stopped the suit of Hattie Frank for separation from her husband, Joseph A. Frank, yesterday by saying:

"If a woman marries a shiftless fellow, one who is lazy and indolent, she has made a bad bargain. But that is not necessarily ground for a legal separation. If the husband has money and does not support her, the case is different. But if he has nothing, I don't know what can be done."

HER BODY FOUND ON TRACKS.

Frank Hardcastle's Daughter, Eluding Nurse, Killed by B. & M. Train.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTON, Mass., Oct. 25.—Miss Ethel Hardcastle, aged 26, daughter of Frank Hardcastle of New York, who has been under treatment here for nervous trouble, eluded the vigilance of her nurse to-night, and her body was found later on the Boston & Maine tracks, between the stations of Kendall Green and Hastings.

Miss Hardcastle was staying at Drabbington Lodge, and was not missed until evening. She came from Waltham, where she had previously undergone treatment at the Hillside Sanitarium.

B.M. Green Trading Stamps With All Cash or Charge Purchases

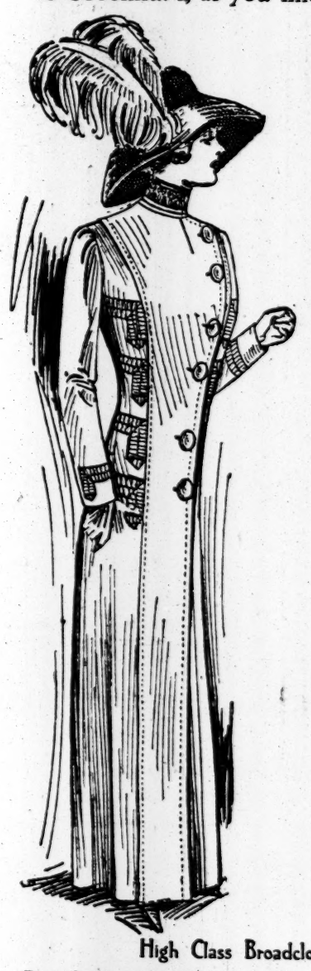
Double Stamps Before Noon, Single Stamps After Noon

Dry Goods **Greenhut & Co.** Wearing Apparel

Red-Letter Day Liberal Offer of Extra B.M. Stamps Free

This Large Purchase of New Coats Comes With Its Special Prices Just at the Right Moment

SOME stores may pursue the old policy of taking good profits while the demand is strong. That principle has no place in the policy of such a store as Greenhut's, as you know.



We look at it in this way—a strong demand means a public need, and we think that the stronger a public demand is the more intensified becomes our obligation to serve it with good, new merchandise at low prices. That's the Greenhut way, and it is the way you like best.

These New Coats, Special at $19.75

High class, severely tailored Coats of broadcloth, in a variety of models, including the new velvet inlay rolling, shawl and notch collars; lined throughout with soft guaranteed satins; all sizes.

Stunning Dress Coats at $22.50

Satin-faced broadcloth in extremely attractive models, plain custom tailored models, hand-turned reveres, Faile silk inlay, plain coat sleeve. Other models effectively braid-trimmed, including military model, as illustrated.

Serge and English Cheviot Coats at $22.50

Serge model—semi-fitting wide sailor collar and cuffs, deep inlay of velvet and ornament trimmed. The rough English Cheviots—in perfectly plain tailored effects. Saltz Seal plush in semi-fitting—56-inch model with wide 45-inch roll shawl collar, lined throughout with Skinner's satin—crochet buttons.

High Class Broadcloth Coats, $27.50

Reproductions of styles shown only in much more expensive garments. Handsome embroidered models for street or evening wear; others with the deep sailor collar or velvet and Hercules braid.

Second Floor—On Sale Wednesday.

Greenhut & Co., Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th St. Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

The roughish fabrics we are showing in Fall Overcoats have an air of newness that lends unusual distinction to the garments.

Genuine Shetlands, Harris Tweeds, Real Irish Homespuns, all imported, together with specialties from the foremost American manufacturers.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY

B. Altman & Co.

SEVERAL THOUSAND YARDS OF REVERSIBLE FIGURED COTTON EIDERDOWN

SUITABLE FOR HOUSE GOWNS, BATH ROBES, ETC. WILL BE ON SALE THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY), AT A SPECIAL PRICE.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO A LARGE STOCK OF SILK AND WOOL, AND ALL-WOOL NON-SHRINKABLE FLANNELS. FRENCH BORDURE FLANNELS IN EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS AND EMBROIDERED WHITE SKIRTING FLANNELS.

WINTER BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES, BEDSPREADS, MUSLIN SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES,

AT THE FOLLOWING SPECIAL SALE PRICES, FOR THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY), OCT. 26th:

BLANKETS . .	PER PAIR, $5.25, 6.50, 7.25 & 8.50
SATIN FINISH BEDSPREADS . . .	EACH, $2.75
CROCHET BEDSPREADS . .	EACH, 95c. & $1.25
WOOL FILLED COMFORTABLES, SILK TOP	EACH, $6.75
MUSLIN SHEETS	EACH, 72c. TO $1.10
MUSLIN SHEETS, HEMSTITCHED .	EACH, $1.10 & 1.25
MUSLIN PILLOW CASES . . .	EACH, 19c. TO 28c.
MUSLIN PILLOW CASES, HEMSTITCHED	EACH, 27c., 32c. & 36c.

ART NEEDLEWORK AND FANCY ARTICLES

STAMPED PATTERNS OF PILLOWS, SCARFS, CENTERPIECES, ETC., FOR CUT-WORK, BRAIDING AND CROSS-STITCHWORK, TOGETHER WITH THE NECESSARY FLOSSES FOR EMBROIDERING.

THERE ARE ALSO DECORATIVE ARTICLES, SUCH AS TAPESTRY AND EMBROIDERED PILLOWS, SCARFS, TABLE COVERS, PILLOW SLIPS, BASKETS, DESK SETS AND MANY OTHER ATTRACTIVE NOVELTIES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Smith Gray & Co.

Bates-Street Shirts

1.50 2.00 2.50

In Bates-Street Shirts are found character, quality, style and fit to an extent only equalled by the finest custom shirt makers.

The exclusive fabrics, made from the finest hand combed Egyptian yarns, are generously cut on custom lines and hand tailored with the same exacting care as high grade custom shirts.

The colors are absolutely fast, the cuffs are guaranteed not to crack and the buttons, being sewed on by hand, last the life of the shirt.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

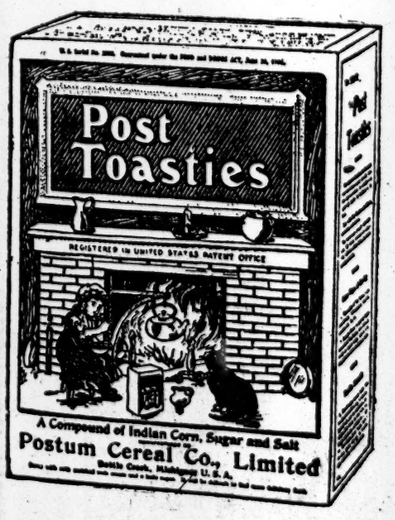
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Switched Over

Some folks thought they didn't care for breakfast cereals—until they tried

Post Toasties

Selected white corn is thoroughly cooked—rolled out thin and fluffy—toasted to a delightfully appetizing brown.


Post Toasties
REGISTERED IN UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE
A Compound of Indian Corn, Sugar and Salt
Postum Cereal Co., Limited
Battle Creek, Michigan, U.S.A.

They are ready to serve direct from the package with only the addition of cream or milk, and a sprinkling of sugar if desired.

Try Post Toasties and tell yourself!

"The Memory Lingers"

MADE AT THE PURE FOOD FACTORIES OF

Postum Cereal Company, Limited.

Battle Creek, Michigan.

I have been wearing W. L. Douglas $4.00 shoes for the past seven years, and I consider them equal to any $5.00 or $7.00 shoe on the market.
Wm. S. McDonald, D.D.S.
936 Main Street, Kansas City, Mo.

During the past four years I have been wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes. For perfection of fit, durability of wear, and general all around satisfaction I have never found any shoe that suits me as well.
A. S. Riddle, Electrician, Post Office Dept. Washington, D.C.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

DO You Realize that my shoes have been the standard for over thirty years, that I make and sell more $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U. S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy?

Quality counts, and quality has made my shoes what they are—THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

For FALL and WINTER WEAR, my immense stock includes the latest and best styles in every size and width, especially in **Young Men's Lasts**, and my stores also carry at all times the most complete assortment of the more substantial styles, such as have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

W. L. Douglas, President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

BOYS' SHOES $2.00 AND $2.50

CAUTION None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. **TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE**

If your dealer cannot supply you with the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK:

93 Nassau Street.	984 Third Avenue.	345 Eighth Avenue	708-710 Broadway.
755 Broadway.	1452 Third Avenue.	663 Eighth Avenue	1007 Broadway.
853 Broadway.	2202 Third Avenue.	250 West 125th St.	1367 Broadway.
1349 Broadway.	2779 Third Avenue.	BROOKLYN	478 Fifth Avenue.
1437 Broadway.	356 Sixth Avenue.	421 Fulton Street.	1779 Pitkin Avenue

NEWARK—785 Broad Street. JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Ave.

Sincerity

Sincerity is of as much value in advertising as in anything. The Want advertisements published in The New York Times are subject to close scrutiny. Those of objectionable or doubtful character are rejected. Go to any advertising agent or telephone 1000 Bryant.

The Gentleman Sportsman

who wants a gun that he can take out to the club with the feeling that it is right in every particular will find just what he wishes at our store.

We like to see the man who wants the finest gun money can buy because we make a specialty of having just such guns—imported and domestic—we can show less expensive ones too.

When there is anything a sportsman wants we have it.

Von Lengerke & Detmold

Fifth Ave. and B'way
Bet. 23d & 24th St.

The Boys' Book OF Model Aëroplanes

By Francis Arnold Collins

All about how to make aëroplane models and how to fly them, and the story of the evolution of the flying-machine.

Over fifty pictures and diagrams by the author.

12mo. 308 pages.
Price, $1.20 net. Postage, 14 cents.

THE CENTURY CO.

Changeable Fall Weather

YOU need now the protection of "American Hosiery" merino underwear, allowing exercise without overheating the body and yet safeguarding against chilling winds and fluctuating temperature. For boys and girls, men and women, at leading stores.

NINE HIGHEST AWARDS.
This label on every garment.

TRADE "NO BETTER IN THE WORLD" AMERICAN HOSIERY UNDERWEAR MARK
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Wholesale only. 108-110 Franklin St.

BUFFALO LIMITED

Lackawanna Railroad.

Leaves New York 8:45 P. M. daily for Syracuse, Utica, Ithaca, Buffalo.

The Road of Anthracite

LONG SANG TI
293 Fifth Ave., near 31st St., N. Y.
CHINESE CURIO COMPANY
Porcelains and Potteries of Various Periods, Oriental Art Jewelry and Old Chinese Embroideries.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue T.

The Boy Aviators' Series

By Capt. Wilbur Lawton

Six stirring, up-to-the-minute Aviation Stories for wide-awake Boys. Illustrated. Price 50c. per volume, postpaid. Sold wherever books are sold.

HURST & CO.,
395 Broadway, New York.

C. H. PEPPER

Has removed his retail showroom to 120 and 122 West 31st Street.

Telephone 5289 Madison Square

LINOLEUM

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

WISSNER PIANOS

WAREROOMS

NEW YORK: Bet. 5th Ave. & 15th St. Cor. Fulton St. & Flatbush Ave.
NEWARK, N. J., 603 Broad Street
JERSEY CITY, N. J., 184 Newark Avenue
BRIDGEPORT, CONN., Cor. State and Broad Streets.

OLD CROW RYE

"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."

GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE

Largest Stock of **Desks** in the city. Also Sanitary Filing Cabinets to match desks.

The Globe Furniture Co., 380-382 Broadway

WOMAN RESCUES BESET POLICEMAN

Wrenches His Club Away from One Assailant and Beats Off the Gang.

VICTIM BADLY INJURED

Crowd Stands By and Makes No Move to Save Him—His Assailants Escape.

A woman went yesterday to the rescue of a policeman who had been beaten up in broad daylight by a gang on the west side, while a crowd stood by and did nothing to help her. She wrested from one of the men the policeman's club which he had seized and beat him with it. As she took the policeman's part the gang feared that they might be set on by others and ran away, but none of the rest of the crowd lifted a finger to stop them.

As Patrolman Edward Collins of the West Forty-seventh Street Station was on duty in Fifty-second Street between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock a man came up to him and complained that a gang of four or five men were going from store to store demanding money for a so-called sick benefit. The stores of the district are all small places and their owners were practically coerced into handing out money to satisfy the gang. Collins got a description of them and went on his way.

Five or six minutes afterward he saw a group of men answering their description standing in front of 533 West Fifty-second Street. He went up to them and is supposed to have tried to arrest two of them. Collins was not sufficiently recovered from the beating he received last night to give a clear statement of what happened, but as far as the police could ascertain as he turned away with his prisoners one of the others drew a club.

With this he struck Collins from behind. The patrolman fell, but managed to regain his feet. Drawing his club he made for his assailant. But now the other men closed in and he had to fight four or five at once. A crowd gathered around from all the tenement houses, but they merely stood and watched, while the patrolman was knocked down and beaten with his own club. The men kicked him all over the body, cut his lip open, struck him with their clubs in his eye, and beat him over the head.

Kate Barth, who lives at 535 West Fifty-second Street, who, the neighbors say, is employed by the Board of Health in Brooklyn, was one of those attracted by the row. She broke through the crowd and as she saw the policeman almost unconscious on the ground sprang at the man who had his club. She seized it and, before the man could recover from his surprise, twisted it from his grasp. He sprang back, but she went after him and struck him with it with all her force.

By this time the gang thought that the alarm would be sure to be given and decided it was time to make off. They made their way through the crowd, separated, and ran off. No one tried to stop them and the police said last night that they found the people of the neighborhood unwilling to give them any information about who the men were or what had happened. Collins, however, declared that he would be able to identify his assailants if they were arrested. Detectives were sent all through the district last night.

Collins was unable to rise, and was picked up and carried into an empty store, used as a mission kindergarten, at 533 West Fifty-second Street. The first policeman on the scene was Patrolman Quick of Police Headquarters, who is employed on the school census. He happened to be at 724 Eleventh Avenue, near Fifty-first Street, when he was told that a policeman was in trouble, and he came up on the run. He had two blocks to travel, however, and the gang had disappeared before he arrived.

A call for an ambulance was sent in to Police Headquarters and Flower Hospital was notified. The ambulance arrived in ten minutes and the surgeon found that Collins was suffering from an incised wound of the left eye, lacerated wounds on the scalp, a cut mouth, and contusions all over the body. He was conscious, but dazed, and was removed to the hospital.

The reserves were also called out from the West Forty-seventh Street Station, but they found that they had nothing to do but to disperse the crowd. Miss Barth was in the kindergarten with the wounded patrolman when they arrived, but was unwilling to tell anything about herself. It was only with considerable difficulty that the police induced her to give her name and address.

Pugilist Johnson's Case Up Again

The case of the people against "Jack" Johnson, the prizefighter, was before Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday, after hanging fire for more than six months. Johnson has been out on $5,000 cash bail on the charge of assaulting Norman Pindar in the Baron Wilkins Café in West Thirty-fifth Street. Because Johnson was engaged in an automobile race the case was put over till today. Pindar, the complainant, has been missing for several months.

O'NEILL-ADAMS CO

1868 Established 43 Years 1910

6th Ave., 20th to 22d St.

The Two Days' Sale of
Housekeeping Linens

O'Neill Building—Second Floor.

Regular 35c. Towels at 24c.

Only 325 dozen—hemstitched huck towels, extra heavy and made of pure linen. If you wish to buy by the dozen, the price will be **$2.80.**

$2.50 Napkins at $1.88

Damask Table Napkins, 23 inches, extra heavy, made of pure Irish linen.

15c. Pillow Cases at 11c.
$1 Sheets at 82c.

The pillow cases are torn before being made, so they always wash straight; are 45 x 36 inches.

The sheets, also torn before made up, are 90 inches square. They are of fine, soft-finish muslin.

We give SURETY STAMPS and redeem them in merchandise.

ALL CABS TRANSFER TO
Bloomingdales
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th St.

The Price of our Exquisite Lines of $12 Hats has been Reduced to **8.50**

That ought to be incentive enough for every woman within reach of Bloomingdales' to hurry here to-day. There's a wide variety, so you may let fancy run riot.

In Velvet Hats the new models find fullest expression at this new price..... ..... **$8.50**

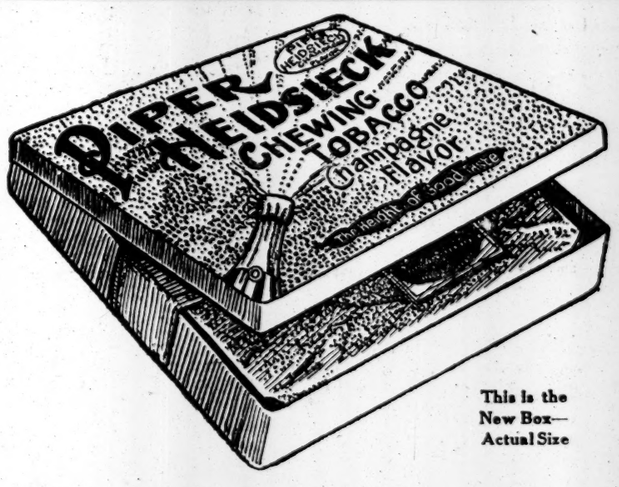
In Beaver Hats there are so many shapes and sizes, one scarcely knows which to choose; great values at..... **$8.50**

In Felt Hats there are wondrous shapes, all trimmed with artistic taste..... **$8.50**

Second Fl., Lex. Ave. Sec.

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

Chew Good Tobacco—and get all the good out of it.



This is the New Box—Actual Size

Piper Heidsieck is good chewing tobacco—just the best that is made.

No expense or pains have ever been spared to keep up its quality, recognized for over two generations as the best money could buy.

Piper Heidsieck is better for you now than ever.

Because it is sold in individual metal boxes containing one full sized 10c. piece.

Piper Heidsieck in its new package comes to you absolutely clean and fresh—no one's hands have touched the tobacco from the time it left the factory.

In the new box it stays that way—clean, pure and fresh—down to the last chew.

In the new package **Piper Heidsieck** costs no more than formerly—a ten cent piece in a handsome metal box—10c. Your money back if you don't like it.

And as an additional advantage for you, we will give for a limited time three 25c. Profit Sharing Certificates with each piece of PIPER HEIDSIECK in the new box.

CIGARS UNITED

UNITED CIGAR STORES

CIGARS UNITED

Largest in the World Because We Serve the People Best.

Evans Ale

IT'S the *quality* of the malt, the *choiceness* of the hops, the *purity* of the spring water and 124 years brewing experience that make EVANS' ALE the delicious, healthgiving, hearty beverage which it is.

Hotels, Restaurants, Oyster Houses, Dealers.

An Epic of the Forest

COMING OCTOBER 29

THE **Rules of the Game**

By Stewart Edward White
Author of "The Riverman," etc.
Illustrated in color.
Fixed price, $1.40 (postage 15 cents).

Doubleday, Page & Co., Garden City, N. Y.

CARBONA

Cleans White Kid Gloves

15c., 25c., 50c., $1 Bottles, at all Drug Stores.

Results produced for advertisers by the Want columns are gratifying. Over 175,000 copies of The New York Times are printed and sold daily. They are read by the best class of people, too.

THE YACHT CLUB FRENCH SARDINE GREETS YOU

RENE BEZIERS & CO., Packers
Perfect Fish in Finest Olive Oil
MEYER & LANGE, New York, Sole Agents.

CLAYMORE Scotch

The Whisky of Excellence

GREENLEES BROS., Distillers,
ARGYLESHIRE, SCOTLAND.
GLASSUP, JORDAN & CO., U. S. Agents.

American Bank Note Company

Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th Sts.

MACY'S NOTION SALE

The popularity of our Notion Department has been acquired through our policy of selling the best goods only. WE GIVE NO REDUCTIONS, DISCOUNTS OR COMMISSIONS, *although it has become almost a universal custom to give them to dressmakers, shopping agencies, etc.*, not only in notions, but in silks, dress goods, trimmings and allied lines.

THAT IS ONE OF THE REASONS WHY WE CAN UNDERSELL OUR COMPETITORS.

Those who know buy their buttons, pins and needles as well as their finer goods at Macy's. With them *economy*—that is, shopping at Macy's—is a matter of principle as important in little things as in big. First Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

YOUTHS' SUITS—Second Floor, Rear.

The young man of to-day does not name "STYLE" as a minor consideration in buying his clothing—he demands it as the first consideration. If he is thrifty, he demands "QUALITY" as well. STYLE AND QUALITY STAND OUT PROMINENTLY IN MACY'S SUITS FOR YOUNG MEN.

At **$9.94,** Suits made of all-wool cheviots in neat new patterns and fast color blue serges.

At **$12.75** an unusually extensive assortment of cheviots and cassimeres in bright, youthful patterns, including a full range of colors from the very lightest that can be worn in winter, to dark gray mixtures and blacks.

At **$14.75** and up to **$24.75,** Suits for the most fastidious. Cheviots in browns and grays; blue serges and self-striped serges, all in London's and New York's newest weaves.

You know without our telling you that our prices are the lowest in town. Notice our styles. You will find them as smart and as great in range as anywhere in town.

Come in and see our overcoats. Warm, low-priced and stylish.

MACY'S OWN CUSTOM-MADE SHIRTS

IN our Men's Custom Shirt Room on the main floor you will find a complete line of the finest shirtings. Select the patterns and styles that you like best. The Shirts that we will make for you will compare favorably with those produced by any specialty shirt maker in town. First Floor, 34th St., Rear.

MATERIALS	PRICE PER SHIRT
Imported Madras, $2.49 to	$4.44
Imported Flannels	$4.74
Imported Cheviot	$3.44
Imported Silk-and-wool Mixture	$5.96
White China and Pongee Silk	$7.99
French Silk-and-linen Mixture	$9.94
White Dress Shirts, from $1.99 each to All-linen Shirts, at each	$4.99

MACY'S OWN SMOKING MIXTURES

Fifth Floor, 35th St.

Gallagher's Smoking Mixtures,—*from Belfast—which we control in New York, have stanch champions the world over among tobacco connoisseurs. Packed in air-tight tins that preserve the original flavor and moisture.*

Latakia	3 oz., 39c; pound, $1.98
London Mixture	3 oz., 49c; pound, $1.98
Old Chateau Mixture	3 oz., 54c; pound, $2.74
Landscape Mixture	3 oz., 39c; pound, $1.74
Rich Dark Honey Dew	3 oz., 39c; pound, $1.84
Gold Plate	3 oz., 34c; pound, $1.59
Two Flake	3 oz., 34c; pound, $1.59

The "Pera" Cigarettes, from London, are also controlled by us here. Standing orders from men of fastidious tastes pay tribute to their excellence, and a number of the best clubs in town use the "Pera" Cigarettes exclusively.

Size A, plain or gold-tipped, box of 100, $4.96.
Size C, plain box of 10, 37c; box of 100, $3.69.
Size C, gold-tipped, box of 10, 39c; box of 100, $3.89.

AT THE BELMONT AVIATION MEET

Be sure to visit the Macy booth. Everything in Motoring Clothing for men and women **ON SALE** there at prices that have made

MACY'S—A SYNONYM FOR UNDERSELLING SUPREMACY.

MISS LENEVE FREED AFTER QUICK TRIAL

Jury Finds Her Not Guilty of Being Accessory After the Fact in Crippen Murder.

SUMMING UP IN HER FAVOR

Lord Alverstone Says He Sees No Reason Why Crippen Should Have Told the Girl of the Crime.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—After a trial lasting a few hours in the Old Bailey to-day a jury found Ethel Clara Leneve not guilty as an accessory after the fact in the murder of Cora Belle Crippen, for whose death her husband, Dr. Crippen, is to be hanged on Nov. 8.

Miss Leneve was in love with Dr. Crippen and slept in his house on the night of the day following that on which the doctor is supposed to have murdered his wife. She accompanied Crippen in his flight to Canada, and with him was arrested and indicted.

From the first she has maintained innocence of any knowledge of the crime, but the Crown alleged that her behavior subsequent to the disappearance of Mrs. Crippen, or Belle Elmore, as she was known on the stage, was such as to betray a guilty knowedge of the murder.

When arraigned to-day Miss Leneve pleaded "Not guilty." Witnesses were introduced by the prosecution to show that she had experienced periods of great mental distress after Belle Elmore's death. The Crown Prosecutor, Richard Muir, K. C., introduced only such evidence as had been brought out in the earlier hearings.

Miss Leneve's counsel, Frederick E. Smith, M. P., K. C., asked the jury to bear in mind that his client had been for years under the influence of Crippen, one of the most dangerous criminals of recent years. This, he asserted, accounted for her flight in the doctor's company. There was no proof, he declared, that she had guilty knowledge of the crime. He said he took upon his own shoulders the responsibility for not putting Miss Leneve in the witness box.

Lord Chief Justice Alverstone, who presided, in summing up, said he saw no reason why Dr. Crippen should have told Miss Leneve a story different from that which he told to others.

As upon the occasion of Crippen's trial, the courtroom was to-day crowded with members of the legal profession and as many others as could obtain places by right or influence. There was, however, this difference: if Crippen had any well-wishers they kept in the background, while there was a noticeable sentiment of sympathy for the girl who, for love of a man nearly twice her age, had sacrificed her reputation, deserted home and friends, and remained true to him even when their association made her liable as an accessory to a brutal murder.

As Miss Leneve sat in the prisoner's dock she was a pathetic figure. She is 27 years of age, of medium build, with light brown hair, gray eyes, and excellent teeth. Her face is pretty and she is trim. She wears good clothes becomingly. To-day she was attired in the same neat blue costume which she wore at the preliminary hearing in the police court. She entered the dock between the wardresses and remained standing during the few minutes occupied by the swearing in of the jury.

Miss Leneve was an object of keen scrutiny on the part of the women, who composed the majority of the spectators. In reply to the formal charge of being accessory after the fact to the murder of Belle Elmore, the girl pleaded "not guilty" in a voice that was scarcely audible.

The Lord Chief Justice then called Mr. Muir, who outlined the case against the accused. It was clear, Mr. Muir said, that the intrigue between Crippen and Miss Leneve constituted the motive for the murder of Crippen's wife. He particularly dwelt upon the evidence given by Mrs. Jackson, Miss Leneve's landlady, at the preliminary hearing. The illness of the accused on the night of her interview with Mrs. Jackson was not, the Crown Prosecutor said, an ordinary illness, but a condition of horror, the explanation of which was the knowledge that had come to her that Crippen had murdered his wife.

Inspector Dew of Scotland Yard and the other witnesses for the Crown were taken rapidly through the evidence which they had given in the lower courts. No new testimony was brought out, and the prosecution closed its case before luncheon. Afterward Mr. Smith delivered his argument, Lord Alverstone summed up, and the jury quickly returned the verdict of not guilty

AN EDITOR FINED $1,000.

Perris of Daily Chronicle Guilty of Contempt in Crippen Case.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—There was a sequel to the Crippen murder case to-day when the High Court inflicted a fine of $1,000 on Mr. Perris, assistant editor of The Daily Chronicle, for contempt of court in permitting the publication in The Chronicle of a story asserting that Dr. Crippen had purchased hyoscin and had confessed to the murder of his wife.

The court ordered that Mr. Perris be imprisoned until the fine is paid.

ORINOCO CASE AWARD.

Hague Court Orders Venezuela to Pay $46,867, with Costs.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 25.—The International Court of Arbitration rendered its decision in the Orinoco claims case to-day. The Barge award is declared null on four points and the American company obtains an award of $46,867, with 3 per cent. interest since June 16, 1903, and $7,000 costs.

The judgment is to be paid by Venezuela within two months.

The tribunal rejects the American contentions on the other points in dispute.

William Dennis, as agent for the United States, presented the case for the Orinoco Steamship Company.

To-day's decision disposes of a long-standing dispute between the United States and Venezuela. The Orinoco Steamship Company, a New Jersey corporation, obtained the grant of certain exclusive privileges from the Government of Venezuela, but the agreement was subsequently repudiated by President Castro. The company instituted an action for $1,400,000 damages. The case was eventually submitted to Dr. Charles Barge, who, as umpire, on Feb. 22, 1904, awarded $28,700 to the company. The latter appealed to the American Government, which refused to accept the decision on the ground that it was contrary to the principles of international law.

After prolonged negotiations between Washington and Caracas, it was agreed to submit the whole matter to The Hague, where Mr. Dennis asked that the Barge award be declared null, as unjust and erroneous, and that the original claims be settled on their merits.

The American representatives consider the decision a vindication of the United States' position regarding the last of the five claims arising in the course of Castro's administration. The other four have already been settled satisfactorily to the American Government.

TRAVELING MEN, ATTENTION!
Every commercial traveler should use Koh-I-Noor Pencils. Send us your business card for samples of both black lead and copying pencils. L. & C. Hardtmuth, 34 East 23d St., New York City.—Adv.

STORM HAS RUINED COAST.

Terrace Road from Sorrento to Amalfi Unrecognizable.

NAPLES, Oct. 25.—The beautiful coasts of the Bay of Naples and the Gulf of Salerno and the islands of Ischia and Procida have been devastated by a peculiar combination of the elements.

The exact number of victims has not been learned, but the latest and presumably fairly accurate estimates reduce the fatalities to about 100. The greater number of deaths were at Cetara, on the north coast of the Gulf of Salerno. The financial loss is heavy.

The disaster appears to have come in the form of a cyclone having three centres, the first over Ischia, the second over the town of Torre del Greco, on the east coast of the Bay of Naples, and the third sweeping the Gulf of Salerno.

Accompanying the cyclone were a cloudburst, a tidal wave, and violent eruptions of Mount Vesuvius and from a crater suddenly opened on the summit of the long-extinct Mount Epomeo, in Ischia.

Ischia and the adjacent islands suffered most. No Americans are reported in the troubled zone, foreigners having recently given that region a wide berth because of the cholera epidemic.

Throughout the night much confusion existed, as the failure of the electric and telegraph wires left the territory in darkness and without means of easy communication. Admiral Leonardi, the Minister of Marine, is at Ischia organizing the relief, for which $400,000 is already available.

The coasts of the mainland, which yesterday were beautiful with their growth of orange, lemon, and mandarin trees, have been overrun with rivers of mud and ashes from Vesuvius. Human bodies and the carcasses of animals have been discovered in the mud stream.

The lovely road from Sorrento to Amalfi and Salerno, formed by terraces in the mountain cliffs and bordered with fruit trees and vines, is unrecognizable to-day. At several points landslides have occurred.

Next to the loss at Ischia the greatest damage was done in the towns of Portici, Torre del Greco, Resina, Amalfi, Corrento, Maiori, Ravello, Angri, Pontecagnano, Cetara, and Montecorvino

The stationmaster on the railroad at Vietri, a mile and a half west of Salerno, was killed by an electric shock while attempting to telegraph the news of the disaster to other points.

Reports from Ischia describe the situation there as distressing. The famous Baths of Lucullus have been destroyed. At some points the lava from Mount Epomeo is twenty feet deep.

When the cyclone was at its height enormous hailstones fell and huge rocks detached from the mountain peaks came tumbling down. Some of these must have weighed several tons. One measured eighty cubic yards.

At Torre del Greco the roof of a building was blown off and the floors in collapsing carried a sailor, his wife, and their thirteen-months-old child into the cellar. The woman was killed and the husband, with the infant in his arms, escaped from the place only to be drowned in the street. The baby was rescued.

8,000 MEN STRIKE IN LISBON.

Freight and Express Drivers Quit Work—Soldiers Transport Food.

LISBON, Oct. 25.—Eight thousand freight and express wagon drivers went on strike to-day

Soldiers and firemen are being utilized in the transportation of th enecessaries of life.

The outbreak of labor trouble in the capital is considered especially unfortunate at this time, when an effort is being made to harmonize all classes in support of the Provisional Government and the new republic.

A commission was named to-day to establish courts of honor, which are designed to do away with the practice of dueling.

RIVA STAYS IN HAVANA.

American Protest Said to Have Prevented Voyage to This Country.

HAVANA, Oct. 25.—Within half an hour of the time set for the sailing of the steamer Merida, upon which he had been ordered to proceed for Washington on a special diplomatic mission, Gen. Armando Riva, Chief of the National Police, was ordered ashore to-day and told to resume his usual duties.

It was rumored about the Palace that the President's action resulted from a strong remonstrance on the part of American Minister Jackson.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERLIN, Oct. 25.—The official tables of the trials of the new cruiser Von der Tann show that the vessel made an average speed of 27.4 knots an hour in six runs The highest speed attained was 28.12 knots, the engines developing 80,000 horse power. The runs were made in water about 215 feet deep, and it is calculated that the cruiser will do better over a depth of 350 feet and average 28 knots, the speed unofficially announced after her trials off Kiel last May.

PARIS, Oct. 25.—President Fallieres gave a luncheon at the Elysee Palace to-day in honor of Jacob M. Dickinson, the American Secretary of War. Other guests were American Ambassador Bacon, Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, Foreign Minister Pichon, Major Mott, American Military Attache, and several French officers.

KIEFF, Oct. 25.—An investigation has been begun of the ship merchant guilds of Kieff, it being asserted that 5,000 Jews are enrolled as members. This would entitle them to residence, but many of them are not engaged in trade and are therefore liable to expulsion.

WHAT GAYNOR SAW IN WASHINGTON

An Evening Stroll Told Him That the Capital Was No Municipal Saint.

HE LECTURES HACKMEN

Hasn't Forgotten That One "Held Him Up for $5" the Day He Was Shot.

Mayor Gaynor returned to the City Hall yesterday, having come up from Washington on a late train on Monday night. He was asked what comparison he would make between the public morals of the Capital City and New York.

"Dear me! Dear me!" said the Mayor, "Tell it not in Gath and publish it not in the streets of Askalon; but I fear that Washington, from what I saw there in a three-mile walk after dark on Sunday evening, is no better than New York. Now, don't press me to say whether it appears to be any worse than New York. But there is no one over there who tries to befoul the city and scandalize its name constantly."

When asked how he had been impressed by President Taft, the Mayor replied: "He is a broadminded, progressive, and prudent man. It is always fortunate for the American people to have such a man for President."

One of the first things the Mayor took up on his return to his office was a public hearing on the proposed revision of the Code of City Ordinances. In the course of it he took occasion to criticise the hack drivers of the city severely. These remarks were made in reply to the protest of William Armstrong, representing the Public Hack Owners' Union of New York City against certain provisions for the regulation of the traffic recently adopted by the Aldermen.

"You know what the trouble is with the hackmen in New York," said the Mayor. "The great trouble—and I have told them this to their face—is that they have cheated and swindled the public. If they obey the ordinance and charge only the ordinance rate we would all patronize them, but when I come over from the end of the bridge to go to Europe and get into a hansom cab to go down to the steamer at the dock I am held up for $5, I don't think I want to get in them any more. If your men would only charge the regular rates they would have all the work they could do. That is the simple truth."

"The hackmen I represent don't have a chance to get that kind of custom," replied Armstrong. "They are practically barred out and excluded by organized corporations and monopolies, and there is no chance to do their work."

"Yes, this thing about these special hacks is a matter that wants to be considered," continued the Mayor. "But if you will advise your people to charge the ordinance rates, and not a cent more, and not try to cheat people, they will have everybody using their hacks. That is the truth, and you know it perfectly well. They have just caused all this prejudice against them by their own conduct, and it is the duty of every official to tell them so right to their face, and not be bothering about their votes. Let them know it positively. This ordinance has the rates for hackmen, has it not?"

"Yes."

"Well, you go back and tell them to charge these rates and they will get rich. There are plenty of people here who will use hacks if the rates are right."

The Mayor had an argument at the hearing with Alderman Dowling, Tammany leader of the board, over the advisability of including the eight-mile speed limit provision for automobiles.

"The police seem to have enforced the law very well without any ordinance," said the Mayor. "That ordinance was never in force, and could not go into force until signs were put up all over, and it was thought better not to put the signs up, but to see how the police did without them, and they have done well without them. Some States have no limit at all; in Europe there is no limit, but the police are quick to see whether you are reckless or not. And that is the test, to see whether a man is a reckless man. However, I have no opinion. I merely noticed that it got in, and it is a thing on which we had better have a good deal of discussion.

"It may be a good thing to leave it as it is, without an ordinance. You know the State law is thirty miles an hour; nevertheless, if a man gets into a congested place he may be going fast at two miles an hour, and not eight. He may be going too fast at two miles an hour in some places. Eight miles might be reckless driving out here in Broadway. You see, it is hard to make a rule."

The Mayor concluded his day's work by writing this letter to a man who wished him to intervene to stop the practice of lighting street bonfires on election night:

Dear Mr. Kayser: Your letter of Oct. 20 is at hand, but it has been the immemorial privilege of the small boy to burn barrels on election night, however little he may know about who is elected, and we may have some difficulty in stopping him. Are you willing to be sworn in as a deputy to stop him in your neighborhood? What will the small boy say or do to you when he sees you coming? Are you prepared for that moment? Sincerely yours,

W. J. GAYNOR.

Henry Kayser, Esq., 1 William Street, New York City.
Oct. 25, 1910.

The Mayor is hopeful that Mr. Kayser will consent to serve as a special policeman for the suppression of bonfires.

JACK JOHNSON BEATEN.

Oldfield Makes a Show of Negro In Match Automobile Race.

Barney Oldfield, driving a 60 horse power Knox car, defeated the champion heavyweight pugilist, Jack Johnson, who drove a 90 horse power Thomas Flier, with ridiculous ease at Sheepshead Bay track yesterday afternoon before a crowd of 5,000 people. Oldfield, skilled and experienced at track racing, left the big negro far behind in the first two five-mile heats. Johnson was a disappointment as an automobile racer. He lost ground on every turn of the track, and the great outburst of speed that was expected of him on the long stretches was missing. He was always a poor second.

The greater part of the crowd was attracted by curiosity, and it included hundreds of negro admirers of the black pugilist. Johnson learned yesterday that there's quite a difference between beating trolley cars on city streets and racing high-powered cars on a race track.

The most interested spectators of the race were the moving picture people. The competitors did more posing for the machines than racing. Before the race began two rival concerns had a lively but not disastrous argument over the privilege. The final scene of the race was developed into a stirring picture for the cameras. A crowd was collected on the track surrounding Oldfield's machine and instructed by the artist to wave their hats. This they did, and they also held Oldfield aloft on their shoulders while the cameras clicked. From a pictorial standpoint, the reproduction of the race ought to look good.

The start was made on the back stretch, and Oldfield shot off the mark and was a dozen yards in the lead before Johnson started. Johnson raised a lot of dust, while Oldfield steadily increased the lead until he finished almost half a mile ahead. Oldfield's time for the five miles was announced by Supt. Clarke of the race track as 4:44. Oldfield was not in so much of a hurry in the next heat, and sent his Knox car along at an easy clip, keeping from 10 to 40 yards ahead of Johnson all the time, teasing him along, and won by a wide margin without having to extend his machine at any time during the heat. Oldfield's time in the second heat was 5:14 4-5.

Between the heats Oldfield drove his 200 horse power Benz a mile against time. He has established a mark of 0:49 4-5 at Brighton Beach. Oldfield furnished the only bit of excitement of the short programme by sending the Benz around at high speed. The time given out was 0:44⅘.

Last night Oldfield made the following statement:

"I did not enter into the race against Johnson for gold or glory, but to eliminate from my profession an invader who might cause me trouble in a year or so if I ignored him now. If Jeffries had fought Johnson five years ago when the white man was in his prime he would not have had to return to the ring and suffer the Reno defeat.

"There is no reason why Johnson should not develop into a good driver, with track experience and a high-powered racing car. I am getting old, and it was much wiser for me to win from him to-day than to take a chance on losing to him a year or so hence, and his ambition and persistency would certainly have caused him to try to get to the top if I had ignored him. Now I am on my way to Atlanta to win another battle from the American Automobile Association."

"OPEN BREAK" AT POOL.

Champion Keogh Would Do Away with Safety Play to Interest Spectators.

Jerome R. Keogh, the pool champion, has a new "open break," which he believes will add new life to the game. He says:

"It is simply in the difference in the break that the game varies from the regular one. The balls at first are broken as usual, and when all but one have been pocketed the frame is racked up again and the player shoots the last ball of the frame in and breaks the bunch. He keeps on shooting until he misses.

"I believe that the open break not only will improve the game for spectators, but also will result in the establishment of runs and averages that would indicate relative abilities of players, as is now the case in billiards. It will do away with the safety play."

Clinton Wins Shoot by One Point.

The rifle match between teams from the High School of Commerce and De Witt Clinton High School at the latter's range yesterday afternoon was won by the Clinton team by the score of 267 to 266. The match was decided by the last shot. Barcel, Black, and Hubbard turned in perfect scores for Clinton, and this saved their team from defeat, as three of their mates made scores of 32. None of the Commerce team turned in a score below 33, and none succeeded in getting 35. Of 280 possible targets Clinton missed only thirteen and Commerce fourteen. The scores:

Clinton—Hubbard, 35; Black, 35; Barcel, 35; Eversfield, 32; Tarler, 32; Lare, 33; Storm, 32; Buckbee, 33; total, 267.

Commerce—Shapiro, 33; Serwer, 33; MacSoud, 34; Weil, 33; Vogell, 34; Weiden, 33; Epstein, 33; Johnson, 33; total, 266.

Other Sports on Page 11.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder
neutralizes the destructive acids of the mouth—cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

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And a Great Aid to the Digestion
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Made for us by the "Star" makers, with semi-stiff bosoms of imported French pique and madras; smart French stripes on white grounds; some plain and some finely plaited.

Bodies of self striped madras and turned back French cuffs.

$3.00 was the price.

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Overcoats are silk lined—plain faced or faced to edge, in Oxford, black, Cambridge gray and fancy weaves.

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You can't measure these Suits and Overcoats for men by any other $15 standard. There's many a garment in other shops marked $20, that is no better in quality, style or tailoring; some, frankly, not so good. In all-wool fabrics, rough and smooth, new colorings and new models.

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Overland, Model 42, five-passenger touring, selective sliding gear, fully equipped with top, windshield, &c., $1,000.
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Pope, new, 50-horse-power limousine, latest model; will sacrifice, $1,600.
CHARLES E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 Broadway, New York.

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Thomas, 50-horse power, newly overhauled, $500; other bargains. Yorkville Auto Garage Company, 327 E. 84th St. 'Phone, Lenox 5232.

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1911 5-PASSENGER WHITE gasoline, fully equipped; not yet delivered; bargain. R. C., 819 5th Av., New York.

Reo touring car, 1910; four-cylinder; fully equipped; big bargain. Reo Co., 1,759 Broadway,

Pope-Hartford 1910 five-passenger touring car, fully equipped, for sale. I. T. Hunter, 800 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

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BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
BRUSH Cars, 1,873 Broadway. 'Phone 5380—Columbus.
Carhartt Cars HOTEL PLAZA, 59th St. & 5th Ave.
CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 8810 Col.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,786 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
HUDSON Cars. The A. Elliott Ranney Co., 1923 B'way. Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA J. M. QUINBY & CO., Newark, N. J.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
LOZIER 56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
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OAKLAND 30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1,785 Broadway at 53th St. Tel. 477 Col.
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New Jersey Dealers Pierce-Arrow Cars.

The Diary of a Well-Dressed Man

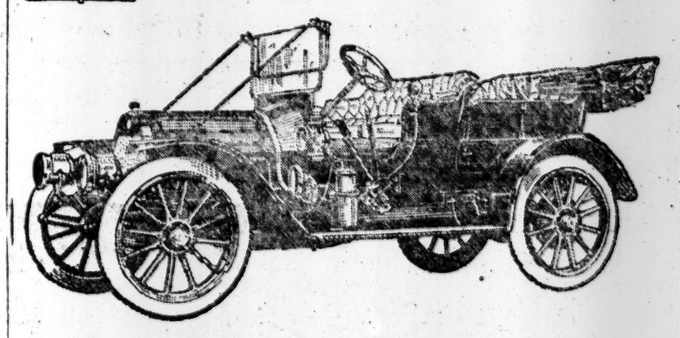
"I've been to several foot-ball games recently—the new rules have certainly cut out the rough play. But I notice most of the college chaps are wearing suits of roughest material. Not at all surprised to learn that a great many college men go to Wm. Vogel & Son."

Genuine Harris tweeds in brown, gray and light colors—$25, $27.50, $30.

WM. VOGEL & SON
Two Broadway Stores { at 44th Street / at Houston Street

Diamonds Pearls Jewelry
33⅓% Discount
On the stocks of
CHESTER BILLINGS & SON
(Formerly Randel, Baremore & Billings) Established 1840
and
ALFRED H. SMITH & CO.
Established 1822
These stocks of two of New York's leading jewelry houses are being sold at
LESS THAN WHOLESALE COST.
Billings Store
Fifth Avenue & 34th Street

You can do it with a Reo
Reo Roadster $1250
(Top and Mezger Automatic Windshield extra)



50 miles in 58 minutes
Beating a well-known "30" by 10 miles

They had quite a time out in Denver the other day. A car that is justly proud of its racing record said to the Reo: "Your New York to San Francisco in 10⅘ days is all right—great! But I can beat you all to pieces in a 50-mile race, and here is $500 to back it."

"Done," said the Reo.

The Reo made the 50 miles in 57 minutes 43 seconds; and, when the Reo finished, the other car was ten miles behind.

That's going some for a $1250 car—for any car—and, when you realize that the roads were heavy with sand, the Reo's performance (52 miles an hour) is better yet.

You didn't know the Reo had such speed. We never claimed speed; but the Reo has the "stuff" in it. We know that.

All the speed and power you want—this race proved that.

Absolute reliability—New York to San Francisco in 10⅘ days proves that.

Anything else you want proved? Come now, speak up.

Reo Five-passenger Touring Car, $1250.

Limousines and Landaulets, $2000.

R M Owen & Co 1759 Broadway New York 273-5 Halsey St Newark
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PLANS INVESTIGATION OF EDUCATION BOARD

Board of Estimate Feels That This Is the Only Way to Obtain Needed Information.

TEACHERS READY TO TALK

Half-Time Classes, School Sites, Course of Study, and Salaries to be Gone Into.

It came out last night that certain members of the Board of Estimate are determined upon a thorough investigation of the Department of Education. The matter has already been discussed in the meetings of the Budget Committee of the Board of Estimate.

For some time dissatisfaction has been growing at the City Hall regarding certain phases of the Board of Education's work. President Mitchel of the Aldermen gave some vent to his views in a letter to President Winthrop of the Board of Education, published in THE TIMES on Monday, saying he had been trying to get certain information from the Department of Education for three months, but in vain.

The purchase of school building sites has been one fly in the ointment. Sites which the Board of Education wanted the city to purchase were afterward stated to be useless to the city in relieving part time. It has been admitted also that the Board of Education does not know the number of pupils in the various sections of the city in which it is asking money from the city to build schools.

On the whole, members of the Board of Estimate are said to feel that the Board of Education has apparently a very loose grip on the problems which confront the public educational system, and that in order to get at the bottom of part time, the need for sites, for new buildings, the consolidation of schools, and such things, as the Board of Estimate needs to know them, it must get the information from independent sources.

It was said last night that the Budget Committee had practically agreed to recommend the appropriation of at least $25,000, possibly more, for the investigation of the schools. The scope is to be the broadest, if present plans are to be carried out. The investigating body will be made up entirely of men outside the Department of Education, but they will have knowledge of educational as well as of business matters.

Everything about the educational system is to be looked into, including the relative employment of men and women teachers, the courses of study, the so-called "fads and fancies" like dancing, cooking, sewing, drawing, and painting; whether or not these things are being allowed to interfere with the pupil's learning to read and write; the location of buildings, their size, equipment; the steps which have hitherto been taken to reduce part time, and the relation of the recent purchase of sites to the real needs of the schools.

Every one who is suspected of knowing anything about the situation is to be summoned to testify. The hope has been expressed by some that the witnesses could be questioned under oath, but a member of the Board of Estimate said last night that as desirable as this might be, such an investigating body would not have the power to do so. But School Superintendents, from Dr. Maxwell down, it is planned, will be summoned.

Without knowing about the Budget Committee's plan, many Principals and teachers have already expressed themselves in favor of an investigation. They are familiar with the frequent complaints that children who have finished the elementary school course are unable to write simple sentences correctly and fairly legibly, and if there is a serious defect in the course of study and the method, both of which are handed down to them from the Board of Superintendents, they want it known. It is said that if there is reasonable assurance from the city that they will be protected, many of them will cheerfully testify before any commission authorized by the Board of Estimate.

More than one member of the Board of Estimate has expressed the opinion that a thorough investigation or analytical study of the school system and its present management would be of great benefit to the city.

Ferdinand Pinney Earle Is Ill.

MONROE, N. Y., Oct. 25.—Ferdinand Pinney Earle, who recently returned from Europe, where it was said he had failed to patch up his difficulties with his first wife, is now ill. For several days he has been confined to his bed with a severe [illegible] is under the care of Dr. C. P. [illegible] Chester, and being nursed by his mother.

WANTS A SLICE OF NEW YORK.

New Zealander Thinks He Has a Good Claim to About 24 Blocks.

Off in New Zealand is a man who thinks he has a right to a large slice of Manhattan Island, worth at present, according to his estimate, about $56,000,000. He has written to lawyers here setting forth the nature of his claim, and they are engaged in making an investigation.

This man, who hopes soon to come into possession of something like twenty-four blocks of Manhattan real estate, now all built up and paying large dividends, is Horatio Edwards of East Finchley, New Zealand. He asserts that he is the heir of one Robert Edwards, who, he says, came to New York when a boy, and by middle age had amassed a considerable sum of money. With his ready cash he is said to have bought about sixty-five acres of land in the neighborhood of Wall Street, stretching northward between between Broadway and the North River. On account of the wet and marshy condition of the land, tradition in the family of the New Zealand descendant has it, it was bought for a small price.

For some unknown reason, the story from New Zealand says, the first Edwards leased the land to the Colonial Government for a term of ninety-nine years. While the revolutionary war was being fought the property, with its ninety-nine-year lease, according to the story, passed into the hands of New York, or the Federal Government, and at the end of the ninety-nine years, when the property should revert to the heirs of Robert Edwards, none appeared, and the property was finally disposed of as the lessees saw fit.

The claimants do not seem to have a very clear idea about the boundaries of the property to which ownership is asserted.

$725,000 FOR EDUCATION.

General Board Apportions It Among Six Institutions.

A meeting of the General Education Board was held yesterday afternoon at 2 Rector Street, and appropriations amounting to $725,000 were apportioned to six colleges and universities. They were all "conditional," on the stipulation that institutions themselves must raise certain amounts. The money was apportioned this way:

Baylor University, Waco, Texas	$200,000
Trinity College, Durham, N. C.	150,000
University of Chattanooga, Tenn.	150,000
Meredith College, Raleigh, N. C.	50,000
Wesleyan Female College, Macon, Ga.	100,000
Amherst College, Amherst, Mass.	75,000

The members of the board present were Frederick T. Cates, Robert O. Ogden, Walter H. Page, J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., Albert Shaw, Starr J. Murphy, Edwin A. Alderman, Hollis B. Frissell, Harry Pratt Judson, Charles W. Eliot, Wickliffe Rosen, Hugh H. Hanna, Edgar L. Marston, George Foster Peabody, and Wallace Buttrick.

SMITH NEAR A KNOCKOUT.

Frank Mantell Outclasses Westchester Boy—Bout Ends in Seventh Round.

Frank Mantell of Pawtucket so completely outclassed Jim Smith of Westchester in their scheduled ten-round bout before the Fairmont A. C. last night that Smith's seconds threw the towel into the ring shortly after the beginning of the seventh round. This action saved a knockout, as Smith had done little more than hug Mantell to avoid punishment during the last two rounds. Mantell came out of the battle without a mark, while Smith's face was badly battered, his right eye was cut, the left nearly closed, and his cauliflower ear was in full bloom as the result of the continual jabbing by Mantell.

It was a battle of two one-handed fighters. Mantell relied entirely on a left jab which he continually landed on Smith's head as the latter rushed in, and it did the trick for the Pawtucket boy. He used the right very seldom. Smith had nothing but a long right swing, which would undoubtedly have done damage if it had landed, but Mantell found no trouble getting out of harm's way. Smith recently recovered from the effects of an injury to his left arm, and apparently he did not care to take any chances. The Westchester boy showed himself a glutton for punishment, and often when he seemed to be about to go down he came back with his big swings and forced Mantell to back ground.

In the first round the men clinched repeatedly and most of the blows were little jabs delivered at close range. Smith started off in whirlwind form, but near the end of the round Mantell's ring experience began to show itself and he started in to meet Smith's rushes with that left jab which finally brought him the verdict. This was the only round in which Smith showed to any advantage. From that time to the finish Mantell stood still and met the onrushing Smith with straight left jabs to the jaw, changing his tactics only to avoid one of Smith's long swings. Often Mantell delivered as many as six successive jabs on Smith's face without getting anything which looked like a return. Gradually Smith began to fade under the punishment, and in the fifth and sixth rounds he did little more than guard himself. In the seventh, after missing two swings at Mantell and getting in return hard jolts to the jaw which staggered him, Smith's second threw the towel into the ring.

Willie Herman and Young Terry furnished a fast six-round draw in the semi-final.

AMATEUR BOXERS SHOW SPEED IN RING

Irish-American A. C. Bouts Bring Out Excellent Quality in Different Classes.

There was scrapping a-plenty last night in the preliminaries of the amateur bouts of the Irish-American Athletic Club. The entry was out in numbers, and one metropolitan champion, W. Adams, worked his way into the second round of the 135-pound class.

The proceedings began with the 105-pound class, the first bout bringing together Joe Rocks of the Irish-Americans and E. Levey, Brooklyn Athletic Club. Rocks smothered his opponent, and got the judge's decision at the end.

Artie McGovern made a chopping block of John Miller of the Irish-Americans and floored him with a straight right on the jaw, all but repeating the dose in the second round, easily getting the verdict.

The referee awarded the first bout of the 115-pound class to Frank Fox, Perry Athletic Club, who knocked down and out to all intents and purposes E. Carr, St. Peter's Lyceum, after one minute and thirty-two seconds of fighting.

Second to show in this class were Max Albert, Irish-Americans, and A. Fischer, Pastime A. C. The referee mercifully saved the latter from being massacred, and midway in the second round awarded the decision to Albert. The last bout of this class provided two willing lads in W. Stam and J. J. Hoella. Each was after his man throughout, the verdict finally going to the first named.

First in the 125-pound class were George McGregor and T. Hebblethwaite, Glencoe A. C., who were forced out of the 115-pound class through being overweight. Neither was strong on science, but both were there with the flail-like swings for three rounds. The judges disagreed at this juncture, and the referee ordered an extra round of two minutes, at the expiration of which the judges again failed to pick a winner, and the referee made a popular decision by giving the verdict to McGregor.

W. Adams, Irish-American A. C., the metropolitan champion, 135 pounds, appeared in the second bout against H. J. Martin, New West Side A. C. The latter did nothing but cover up, and the title holder had his own troubles reaching him. Adams went around his man like a cooper around a barrel, but was unable to land a decisive punch until after two minutes and fifteen seconds of the third round, when a stomach punch gave the referee's decision to Adams.

A. Cordes, Pastime A. C., was attending to the case of Joseph Fox of the Glencoes, having practically put him out in the first round of the fourth bout in this class, when the latter was saved extermination in the second by the referee, who learned that Fox had dislocated his shoulder. The summaries:

105-Pound Class. Preliminaries—First bout, Joseph Rocks, Irish-American A. C., defeated E. Levey, Brooklyn A. C. Three rounds. Judge's decision. Second bout, A. McGovern, New West Side A. C., defeated John Miller, Irish-American A. C. Three rounds. Judge's decision.

115-Pound Class. Preliminary—First bout—Frank Fox, Perry A. C., defeated E. Carr, St. Peter's Lyceum. One round. Referee's decision. Second bout, Max Albert, Irish-American A. C., defeated A. Fischer, Pastime A. C. Two rounds. Referee's decision. Third bout, W. Stam, New Polo A. A., defeated J. J. Stoella, old Cathedral A. C. Three rounds. Judge's decision.

125-Pound Class. Preliminaries.—First Bout—George McGregor, unattached, defeated T. Hebblethwaite, Glencove A. C. Four rounds. Referee's decision. Second Bout—J. Jackson, Pierce A. A., defeated J. M. Murphy, 47th Regiment A. A. Three rounds. Judge's decision. Third Bout—D. Daly, Perry A. C., defeated J. McDonough, Irish-American A. C. Three rounds. Judge's decision. Fourth Bout—P. McConville, New West Side A. C., by default, from H. Goldberg, Excelsior A. C. Referee's decision.

135-Pound Class: Preliminaries.—First Bout—J. Ryan, St. Peter's Lyceum, defeated W. Doordie, Berkeley Lyceum. Three rounds. Judge's decision. Second Bout—W. Adams, Irish-American A. C., defeated H. J. Martin, New West Side A. C. Three rounds. Referee's decision. Third Bout—J. Mulvaney, Glencoe A. C., defeated C. Murphy, Mohegan A. C. Three rounds. Referee's decision. Fourth Bout—A. Cordes, Pastime A. C., defeated J. Fox, Glencoe A. C. Two rounds. Referee's decision.

158-Pound Class. Preliminaries.—First Bout—O. Weber, Incarnation A. C., by default from A. Johnstone, unattached. Referee's decision. Second Bout—J. A. Mitchell, Forty-seventh Regiment A. A., defeated M. Sweeny, Irish-American A. C. Three rounds. Judge's decision. Third Bout—David Hickey, St. Paul's Guild, defeated M. Aselta, New West Side A. C. Four rounds. Referee's decision.

The bouts will be concluded to-morrow night.

English Championships Successful.

The English Amateur Athletic Association reports that the profits of its annual track and field chimpionships at Stamford Bridge amounted to $1,974, breaking all previous records. The meeting of Texas Ramsdell of the University of Pennsylvania and Walker, the South African, in the sprints had a great deal to do in attracting the large crowd. After declaring his intention to turn professional Walker left for his home.

3,500 GEESE IN A PARADE.

Follow a Man Dropping Corn Through a Kentucky Town.

MAYSVILLE, Ky., Oct. 25.—A parade of 3,500 geese was witnessed here to-day. The birds, which came from the Eastern Kentucky mountains, were lured through the streets by a man dropping corn.

The geese were unloaded from a car in the Louisville & Nashville Railroad yards after making the night hideous with their noise. They were taken to a farm to be fattened for the Christmas markets.

Horse Sale at Durland's.

Local dealers secured the choice horses last night at the combination horse sale at Durland's Academy, Sixty-sixth Street and Central Park West. A miscellaneous consignment along with the property of William Watts Sherman of Newport and that of Thomas F. Ryan of Oak Ridge, Va., made up the list of offerings. Most of the horses were unschooled. The evening's sale was opened with the horses of the Sherman stable, the pair Samson and Snap Dragon being knocked down to George W. Watson for $675. The Earl and The Girl were purchased by E. Kearney of Van Tassel & Kearney for $480. The black gelding Spring Chicken went to Judge W. Allen for $420. The last pair of the Sherman stable, bay geldings, after starting at $300, finally brought $525, being purchased by Bird S. Coler.

Some good hunters were shown under saddle and sent over the timber to give the patrons an idea of their ability, but despite their performances their prices were only ordinary. The bay mare Nelson Maid of the Ryan consignment, by the famous Highland Eagle, which has been shown four times and succeeded in getting blue ribbons on each occasion, was the highest priced of the Ryan collection, and was secured by Frank Loughill after a poor series of bids for $525. Lloyd Griscom had a pair of chestnut geldings of the combination class knocked down to him for $870. These were Spring Hurst and Golfordo. S. Eno, representing the Washington Riding Academy of Washington, D. C., was the largest buyer of the evening. He secured six horses, mostly for riding purposes, ranging from $160 to $350.

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Nov. 9th — Nov. 10th — Nov. 12th
ONLY TWO BUSINESS DAYS FOR A CHARMING TRIP.
THE WALL STREET SPECIAL
Most Gorgeous Equipment on Wheels, operated by The Motor Racing Ass'n, to the
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Private Safes $3.00 per year.
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NEVINS ST. SUBWAY STATION AT OUR DOOR.

39 ANSWERS.

STENOGRAPHER.—An educated young man as stenographer in the editorial department of a high-class magazine—immediately: permanent for right man; give reference. C 25 Times.

This advertisment, published in The New York Times Oct. 20, produced 39 answers. The New York Times "Help Wanted" column is the best medium for reaching desirable help of all kinds. Tel. Bryant 1000.

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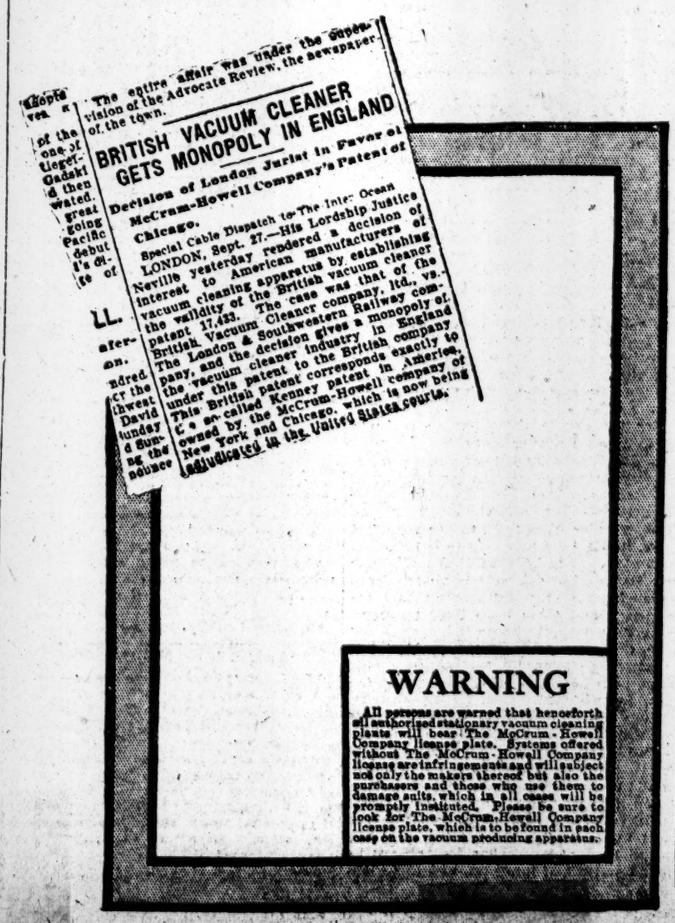
The entire affair was under the supervision of the Advocate Review, the newspaper of the town.
BRITISH VACUUM CLEANER GETS MONOPOLY IN ENGLAND
Decision of London Jurist in Favor of McCrum-Howell Company's Patent of Chicago.
Special Cable Dispatch to The Inter Ocean
LONDON, Sept. 27.—His Lordship Justice Neville yesterday rendered a decision of interest to American manufacturers of vacuum cleaning apparatus by establishing the validity of the British vacuum cleaner patent 17,423. The case was that of the British Vacuum Cleaner company, ltd., vs. The London & Southwestern Railway company, and the decision gives a monopoly of the vacuum cleaner industry in England under this patent to the British company. This British patent corresponds exactly to one called Kenney patent in America, owned by the McCrum-Howell company of New York and Chicago, which is now being adjudicated in the United States courts.
WARNING
All persons are warned that henceforth all authorized stationary vacuum cleaning plants will bear The McCrum-Howell Company license plate. Systems offered without The McCrum-Howell Company license are infringements and will subject not only the makers thereof but also the purchasers and those who use them to damage suits, which in all cases will be promptly instituted. Please be sure to look for The McCrum-Howell Company license plate, which is to be found in each case on the vacuum producing apparatus.

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THIS store shall have no intent to create demand—but its whole concern shall be to fill it.

The Gimbel organization composed of picked men, skilled each in his particular occupation, begins with the knowledge of forthcoming demands and seeks ways and means best suited to fulfill them to advantage to Gimbel customers.

As regards men's wear—this is particularly true. The demand for English styles in clothes for men finds complete reflection in Gimbel suits and overcoats. The desire of those who prefer American-made American-cut clothes has its full expression as well.

The desires of the motorist are fulfilled—of the tourist—of the sportsman—of the man-about-town. And we interpret the demands of each class in clothes of class, tone, individuality, but free of spotlight glare.

In the matter of men's shoes, hosiery, haberdashery and all things covering men's wear generally you will find this true at Gimbels—for this is a store of service, fulfilling demands of the man who *cares* what he wears.

A Glance at the Clothing Stock Includes:

Sack Suits—nearly an acre of them—**$15.00** to **$45.00**.
Dinner Suits, **$32.00** to **$55.00**.
Fur Coats for Motoring: Alaska dogskin at **$25.00**; up to heavy raccoonskin coats at **$65.00**.
Men's Fur-lined Coats from **$25.00** to **$250.00**. We show some twenty grades at as many prices.
Overcoats for Motoring, **$15.00** to **$45.00**.
Overcoats for business or dress wear from **$15.00** to **$60.00**.
Fourth Floor.

Full Dress Evening Suits, **$37.50** to **$55.00**.
Prince Albert Frock Coats and Vests, **$25.00** to **$40.00**.
Cutaway Frock Coats and Vests, **$25.00** to **$45.00**.
English Cutaway Business Suits, **$25.00** to **$35.00**.
Fancy Waistcoats for business wear, **$1.85** to **$10.00**.
Evening Dress Waistcoats, **$3.50** to **$16.50**.

Gimbel Strength in $5.00 Shoes for Men

Ordinarily one would think it unnecessary to put hand-stitched and hand-raised shanks in a shoe not custom-made—it's old-fashioned, costs more money and only fulfills a function when the shoe is worn, giving a spring and lightness to the arch.

Nobody but an expert would notice this, yet it is one of the many good features in the Gimbel five dollar shoes for men.

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A special style calfskin shoe suitable for the up-to-date young man at **$3.85**.

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Riding boots at **$10.00** a pair.

Hunting and storm boots, **$4.00, $5.00** and **$6.00** a pair.

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Second Floor.

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Derbies in black, brown and other colors.

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Soft Stetsons $3.50 to $12.00.

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A special group is offered at $2.50.
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Heavyweight French Silk—black, tan, gray, navy and heliotrope.	2.75
Good heavy quality shot silk—black and white, black and blue, black and purple, black and gold, and various other shades.	2.50
Medium weight all-silk in a complete range of colors.	1.50
Pure silk with cotton and silk soles—black and colors	1.00
Morley all-wool English golf hose with or without feet	$1.00 and 1.10
Morley all-wool English half hose—black and heather mixtures.	.75
Silk Lisle—black, tan, slate, navy, heliotrope, purple, burgundy, pearl, Copenhagen and French blue.	.50
English Cashmere—all black—various weights	.50
Hole Proof—black, tan, gray, navy and other shades. Box of 6 pairs, guaranted 6 months.	1.50
Hole Proof—black, tan, gray, navy, maroon, Copenhagen and heliotrope. Box of 6 pairs, guaranteed 6 months.	2.00
Special—Men's Pure Silk half-hose—black, navy, slate, heliotrope, tan and reseda. Silk lisle tops and soles.	.50
Men's fine lisle self-clocked—black and choice shades.	.35
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THE TAXES ON FOOD.

Mr. ROOSEVELT and his associates are making constant appeals to the workingmen on the ground that the Republican Party is the foe of privilege and the champion of equal opportunity for all. Now there is one opportunity that is very important for all of us who are compelled to support ourselves and our families on the wages and salaries that are earned in open competition, without actual or possible favor under the laws. This is the opportunity to buy the best food we can afford at the lowest price. It is not of great consequence to the rich, for food of the necessary sort makes a small showing in their expenditure; but it is of very great consequence for those to whom an addition of 50 or even 25 per cent. to the cost of daily food means either resort to less desirable products, or restricted use.

The Journal of Commerce of this city, a non-partisan paper devoted mainly to news and comment relating to the business world, publishes a list of food products, with the taxes imposed on competition in them. These taxes are collected on wholesale quantities at the point of entry into American territory on the coast or across our Northern or Southern boundaries. We select a few of the products consumed most generally by every class of people and substantially necessaries in the life of the mass of workers. It is a well-known fact in business that an addition to the price of goods at the point of importation must yield a profit to the importer, to the jobber, and to the retailer—if not to more than these—before it reaches the consumer. In the case of sugar there must be added the profit of the refiner, in the case of grain and flour the profit of the manufacturer, and so on. But taking for the present only the three profits, say, of 20 per cent. for the importer, 25 per cent. for the jobber, and 33 1-3 per cent. for the retailer, we see that a dollar tax at the point of import becomes two dollars to the consumer. We submit below a brief and plain table showing the import taxes on a dozen articles of the most common use, with the amount the consumer of these articles when imported is likely to pay:

Articles.	Import Tax.	To Consumer.
Sugar	$0.95 cwt.	$1.90 cwt.
Wheat	.25 bus.	.50 bus.
Wheat flour	25%	50%
Butter	$6.00 cwt.	$12.00 cwt.
Cheese	6.00 cwt.	12.00 cwt.
Beans	.45 bus.	.90 bus.
Peas, split	.45 bus.	.90 bus.
Potatoes	.25 bus.	.50 bus.
Bacon and hams	4.00 cwt.	8.00 cwt.
Fresh meat	1.50 cwt.	3.00 cwt.
Poultry, dead	5.00 cwt.	10.00 cwt.
Poultry, live	3.00 cwt.	6.00 cwt.

It will be seen from this simple array of undisputed facts that the imported food of these sorts will cost the consumer, if it reaches him, an increase in price of at least twice the tax, and will in some cases double the cost of what he buys. That means inevitably that there can be no relief from high prices of food through competing foreign imports until the prices are double, or nearly double, the prices on the other side of the ocean or across the border. We shall be told that these food products are produced so largely at home that there would be but little importation. If that were true, there would be not even an excuse for these taxes as protective. But in some important articles it is not true and it tends steadily to become less true. Sugar, for example, is largely imported, and the duty on it is the very basis of the much-criticised semi-monopoly of the Sugar Trust. Meat in various forms could be imported at profit in parts of the country now, and as things are going it could be brought in more and more were it not for the tariff barrier that defends the meat trust against competition. The schedule of protective duties on food products is, as a whole, a sheer gift to the monopolists at the expense of the mass of the working people of the land. It is a piece of gross, costly, and inexcusable favoritism, a grant of wicked privilege to prey upon the poor. Yet the Republican platform, made at the Roosevelt convention at Saratoga, flatly approves it, and Mr. ROOSEVELT will make no pledge as to its reduction except that it shall be, if ever made, extremely slow.

NEW YORK'S 1913 CELEBRATION.

Mayor GAYNOR'S Committee of One Hundred appointed to learn whether this city really wants a World's Fair to celebrate in 1913 the three hundredth anniversary of its first settlement by the Dutch will receive to-morrow the adverse report of its sub-committee. Whatever form the celebration shall take, it would not dignify the New World's greatest city to have a repetition of the old extravagant, tawdry, staff-and-stucco type of fair that is now out of date. There will be no World's Fair.

But there will be a 1913 celebration. The Committee is assured of that. It should be worthy of the city.

A new programme is proposed. It would unite the commemoration of the landing of ADRIAN BLOCK'S Dutch pioneers that opened this international port of commerce with the centenary of the signing of the treaty of Ghent, which established an unprotected but inviolate boundary of 3,000 miles between the United States and Canada; and, to this celebration of a century of peace, it would invite the Parliaments of the world to meet in a Constitutional Convention, similar in its purpose to the convention that united the American Colonies in 1787, "to form a more perfect union." For these purposes it would amplify the city's permanent adornments—its public buildings, its squares, and surrounding localities.

Two-thirds of the expenses of the United States Government are for war. The civilized nations are spending annually over two thousand millions of treasure for war. The last Congress authorized President TAFT to appoint a committee that shall consider a united disarmament and a permanent peace through a confederation of the chief Powers. The Peace of Portsmouth, the greatest peace treaty of recent times, was made on American soil. Is this city to witness the Peace of the World?

THE COLONEL IS NOT GOOD AT APOLOGIZING.

Mr. DIX must not be unreasonable with Col. ROOSEVELT. His absolute disproof of the assertions made by the Colonel in attempting to connect him with the Wall Paper Trust must be construed as an admonition that, in the belief of Mr. DIX, the Colonel ought to inform himself about the subjects on which he speaks. That is most unreasonable. When has it been the habit of THEODORE ROOSEVELT to seek to know before he began to speak? Did he pack his mind with information about rate-making, National incorporation, the limits of Federal authority, or the reserved powers of the States before or after he became President of the United States? His public utterances while in office refute that assumption.

In the wall paper matter Mr. ROOSEVELT accused Mr. DIX of having in 1907 a beneficial interest in a corporation that went out of existence in 1903. That was a pretty bad blunder, if it was not something worse than a blunder, and Mr. DIX exposes it calmly but without mercy. The Standard Wall Paper Company about which Mr. ROOSEVELT has been talking not only ceased to do business in 1903 but "it was dissolved and went out of existence." The second Standard Wall Paper Company, of which Mr. DIX became a director in 1907, was organized in 1903, and had no relation whatever to its predecessor save that it bought the disused plants and manufactured stock of the old company. This second Standard Company, as Mr. DIX shows, has at no time had any relation to the Continental Wall Paper Company, which was the "Trust," but has carried on its business as an entirely independent concern, selling its product at the best price it could obtain in the market, without any alliance or understanding with any other company or concern. Nothing is lacking to the completeness of Mr. DIX'S refutation of the Colonel's charge. For this reason Mr. DIX courteously demands of Col. ROOSEVELT "the apology which one gentleman owes to another for even involuntary misrepresentation."

This, again, is unreasonable. The best proof of that is the fact that, so far from apologizing, Mr. ROOSEVELT repeats his charge, though he does it in a lame and evasive manner, which may be construed an approach, though a very slight one, to that attitude of decency and gentlemanliness which Mr. DIX invites him to occupy. After the Supreme Court's decision against the Trust had gone in its favor, the Colonel declares that "as the heir of the old Standard Wall Paper Company the new Standard Wall Paper Company should have shared in all the benefits of the successful outcome of the suit." Inasmuch as the old Standard Company was dead, and the new Standard Company was not in any sense its heir and could not possibly have derived any benefits from a decision in favor of the Trust, this statement stands with those which have gone before as one wholly devoid of truth. But that is the Colonel's characteristic way of apologizing. He has made innumerable misstatements about men and affairs in his public career, and we do not recall any apology from him, even when proof of his error was forthcoming. Besides, in this campaign the Colonel has no time to apologize. He is too busy devising fresh misstatements.

Of course he will not apologize to Judge BALDWIN of Connecticut, whom he wantonly traduced in his Concord speech. He said that the Democrats of Connecticut had nominated for Governor a former Judge "who took the view that it was competent for the workman, when driven to accept any employment, to bind himself not to be compensated if he lost life or limb in that occupation." Judge BALDWIN points out that any lawyer or Judge who would take that view would be a fool, since it is contrary to the accepted principles of law, and that, in fact, in his published work on American railroad law he took exactly the contrary view, which was the only one that could be taken in a volume devoted to an exposition of legal principles. For these reasons Judge BALDWIN calls upon the Colonel to retract his statement because it is one calculated to affect his standing as a lawyer and to prejudice his position as a candidate for public office. We predict that no apology will come from the Colonel. The most to be expected is a reiteration of the charge. At least, the precedent of the DIX case warrants that conclusion.

SUGAR NEWS.

Three years after Mr. HENRY L. STIMSON'S admission to the Bar, and two years after he began the practice of his profession as a member of the firm of ROOT & CLARKE, the Sugar Trust interfered in the making of a tariff bill at Washington, the Wilson bill of 1894, and through its influence in the Senate of the United States perverted the bill, bedevilled it away from the meaning and intent of its authors, insomuch that President CLEVELAND refused to sign the measure after it passed. Mr. STIMSON was young then, but he may remember that Mr. CLEVELAND alluded to these circumstances somewhat pointedly, denouncing the forces of evil that had blighted the counsels of his party and prevented the accomplishment of its purposes.

During the time when the Sugar Trust was thus active in Washington the newspapers which Mr. STIMSON now accuses of friendliness for the Sugar Trust were denouncing the trust and the "three Senators from Havemeyer," who did its bidding by securing the adoption of perverse amendments to the sugar schedule. In the columns of THE TIMES of those days Mr. STIMSON will find many references to the three Senators from Havemeyer, but he will find no soft words about the Sugar Trust.

Mr. STIMSON complains that when he was prosecuting the Sugar Trust for its crimes and misdemeanors the newspapers of New York City did not publish fair and sufficient reports of his legal activities, so that he had to appeal to his friend Col. ROOSEVELT and get The Outlook to tell what was going on. Possibly the newspapers may have given insufficient space to the court proceedings in which Mr. STIMSON was engaged. If so, their defect of attention to him may have been due to his failure to make the proceedings interesting. Probably he did not wish to try his case in the newspapers. But when he began to bring out facts of large public interest it is our recollection that the reports were altogether adequate. At that time, and at all times, the New York newspapers have considered the Sugar Trust to be the meanest of all the trusts, and have repeatedly said so. We do not think the public through any fault of the newspapers lacked information as to the rebate suits against the New York Central and other railroads or as to the weighing frauds.

In view of the fact which must be perfectly well known to Mr. STIMSON that the New York newspapers have uniformly for something like twenty years denounced and condemned the practices of the Sugar Trust, does he not think that it is a rather large undertaking for him now to seek to establish a corrupt or suspicious relation between that trust and the press of New York? In this community Mr. STIMSON has the reputation of being a man of good sense and intelligence. He exhibits neither of those qualities in his foolish attack upon the New York newspapers. He had better leave such tactics to his friend the Colonel.

"NEW NATIONALISM'S" FEARFUL WASTE.

Mr. ROOSEVELT'S "new Nationalism" cost the country this Summer fifteen millions of dollars. Six billion feet of lumber, according to official estimate, were burned in the Federal woods of Montana and Idaho, devastating an area of 2,000 square miles, and destroying a supply equivalent to twelve years' cuttings from all the National forests. Moreover, the fires have ruined this area for future growths of timber. Mr. GIFFORD PINCHOT says that Congress is responsible. It neglected to provide an efficient fire warden service.

Mr. PINCHOT is largely responsible for the creation of the National forests. During the long years in which he and Mr. ROOSEVELT were stewards of the public welfare at Washington, why did they not make their "efficient" Federal machine work to provide a system of fire protection? To say that Congress was negligent is to confess that the Federal machine is not efficient. Many of the despised States, New York and New Jersey, for instance, have not neglected to protect their vast forests from fire. Yet, according to both these advisers of the Nation, we can get conservation best by buying up private forests and swamps equivalent in area to many States and intrusting their welfare to a bureaucratic central Government.

DEEDS AND WORDS.

President TAFT'S administration of deeds continues to afford too familiar contrast with the preceding administration of boasting without fulfillment. Of agitation under Mr. ROOSEVELT there was a surplusage, while under President TAFT there has been none. Yet under Mr. TAFT there has been an unprecedented procession of the trusts and smugglers up to Uncle Sam's counter for settlement. Postmaster General HITCHCOCK'S report published yesterday is in line with these observations. Mr. TAFT'S term had hardly begun before he was making discoveries and economies which escaped Mr. ROOSEVELT'S longer experience. Mr. TAFT'S Postmaster General has enlarged the service, and yet has reduced the postal deficit by $11,600,000, and promises to save more by revising the franking privilege.

He actually proposes to ask Congress to enact that the franking shall be done with stamps and envelopes. He is not proposing to take away any privilege, but only to learn the extent to which the privilege is used, not to say abused. It is a case where publicity will work the remedy. Now nothing is known except such statements as that such and such an individual received sundry pounds of mail under frank. In one case a single newspaper on one day this year published the receipt of 1,500 pounds of franked mail, including 600 pounds sent to one individual, who neither asked for it nor wanted it when he got it. It would have been easier and cheaper to let it accumulate at Washington or to throw it away.

But that would have stopped a lot of honest graft. It would have reduced the sums payable to the railways, it would have betrayed the uselessness of the enormous bills for printing what nobody would even pay postage on, and it would have stopped campaigning with the use of public money, itself a scandal of no mean proportions. It will be perceived that the saving on the franking privilege is small in comparison with the other savings, the total aggregating a considerable addition to the large economies already realized. For example, HENRY GEORGE'S "Progress and Poverty" was circulated under frank as part of The Congressional Record. This year another volume of almost 500 pages was franked through the mails on the same pretext. It was the "Story of the Tariff," with headlines and an index and garbled reports—so Senators said—of the tariff debate. It is well known that seeds are franked, and are expected to raise votes as well as crops. They go by carloads, the aggregate of the right of each member to circulate among his constituents 20,000 packages of vegetable seeds and 2,000 packages of flower seeds.

It is a queer function of Government. Nobody knows or appreciates the cost to him of this gratuity to others. The reform of the franking privilege would reduce it to reasonable dimensions, with excellent effect in the reduction of printing and freight bills, and still better effects in lessening the petty bribery of the electorate, and the insidious undermining of free opinion by electioneering in this manner. The reform of The Congressional Record by putting into it only what ought to be there would be one of the best appreciated by-products of this reform by President TAFT'S Postmaster General.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Safe Enough If in the Woods.

Hope for the two balloon voyagers who sailed into the unknown aboard the America II. rests chiefly at the time of present writing on the assumption that they crossed the great lakes and landed in the forest wilds of Northern Canada. If that be true, and if they managed to reach the ground without serious accident, the probabilities are all in favor of their ultimate return to civilization, alive and well. From a landing place deep in the woods it might take them weeks, or even months, to make their way to the nearest railway, but that they would suffer any great hardship while so doing it is not likely, since there are not a few people, both white and red, and all kindly and hospitable, scattered through the whole region, and its food resources are by no means small for those who know how to utilize them.

The two foreigners carried up there by the Germania report and think that they had a dreadful time in traversing a few miles of the forest, but there is a somewhat amusing significance in the frequency with which they refer to the tearing of their clothes as evidence of what a terrible country it is. Then it disturbed them much that they saw near them a "wild bison," whatever that may have been, and they imagined non-existent dangers from wolves and bears. The Americans, knowing Canada better, would take all these things as a part of the adventure, and they will be lucky, indeed, if they have had nothing worse to endure than perils and inconveniences of this kind.

What is really to be apprehended is not that they are lost in the woods, but that their balloon failed them while it was over one or another of the inland seas. They seem to have been sighted, flying low, as they drifted out over Lake Michigan, a fact indicating that their ballast was almost exhausted. Otherwise they presumably would have sought a higher altitude before attempting the crossing of so large a body of water. Why they went on in that condition is inexplicable on any other ground than that they did not know where they were. That is always possible in this sort of aerial navigation—to give it a much more dignified name than almost helpless drifting before the wind deserves.

Lived Up to Sea Traditions.

Capt. WALLS of the schooner Hollilswood was not content to be the last man to quit his vessel, which is all that the highest standards of sea heroism added to sea duty demand when abandonment is justified by circumstances. Instead he ordered his officers and crew to take advantage of the safety offered by a passing steamer, and himself remained alone on the dismantled hulk, wallowing deep in the water.

For his course there are several explanations. He may have had in mind the dark looks and interminable questionings that await the Captain who comes back without his ship, and the high probability that, even though he be proved guilty of nothing worse than bad luck, it will take him long to get another command. It is believed that more than one Captain has deliberately chosen death in preference to going through that experience, and some have lived to regret that they did not choose it.

On the other hand, Capt. WALLS'S determination to stick by his schooner may have been based on what he thought the chance—sufficiently good for him to take, though not good enough for him to ask anybody else to take it when the asking would have been an order involving a heavy responsibility—that the Hollilswood would outlive the storm. She was lumber-laden, it must be remembered, and would float while she held together. It is not well for a Captain's reputation that the vessel he abandoned should afterward be found and towed into port, and there is a big difference between the salvage in such cases, depending on whether the wreck is quite untenanted or whether it carries a single member of the original company.

Presumably Capt. WALLS judged that the situation was not entirely hopeless, and that there was still a duty to his owners and to himself for him to perform. That theory, after all, is the one most creditable to him, since it implies his possession of sense as well as heroism, while to assume that he refused rescue and went to a death at once certain and useless is to ascribe physical courage to him, indeed, but to accuse him of moral cowardice. Possibly he didn't really think much about what he was doing—just felt instinctively what was right for him and did it, without definitely and consciously counting costs and rewards. That is characteristic of what may be called "natural" heroes—the most trustworthy type, though perhaps not the highest.

Underestimating Loss by Forest Fires.

In estimating at $15,000,000 the losses by the recent fires in the National forests, account seems to have been taken only of the lumber value of the trees that were burned. In reality this, admitting its immediate or direct accuracy, is far from telling the whole story.

In the first place it ignores the fact that forests have other and highly important uses besides that of providing a supply of lumber, and in the second place it does not take into consideration the fact that, as a result of this destruction, more will have to be paid for all the lumber made of the trees that are left. There, probably, lies the great loss by the fires.

This case is much like that of the tariff—the millions collected by the Government as duties are so few as to be almost negligible in comparison with the added millions which because of them are collected from the public in the shape of increased prices for domestic goods. Of these other and so much more numerous millions the Government gets not a cent, but we all know who pays them, even though a good many of us do not yet realize to whom they are paid.

Some day every forest fire will be followed by a hunt for the man or men through whose negligence or incompetency it started and escaped control. And, when found, that man or those men will have a lot of explaining to do—before a Judge and jury. Now, being still a stupid and barbarous lot, we still view these conflagrations as the work of irresponsible "nature," and hold ourselves the victims of misfortune!

NEW TYPE IN JAPAN.

Frederick McCormick Finds a Lesson in Visit of Yukio Ozaki.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is a type of Japanese with which the Western world has not taken as much pains to familiarize itself as it might for mutual profit. The attention which the public has for the subject is absorbed in the military aspect of the Japanese race so far as I gather from the columns of the newspapers. It makes the papers seem rather shameless and venal, unless merely careless, to pander as a policy to this narrow conception. It is true that the military party is in possession of the Japanese race at present and probably the party of which Premier Katsura is the head enrolls among its ranks the worst as well as some of the best of Japanese mankind. But there is in Japan a great line of noble independent minds continually increasing their humanitarian interests and exercising more and more influence on the nation. They are not military—they are much bigger than that. The men who have honored Adams, Perry, Verbeck, and other world citizens as a class, and those who in their influence upon Japanese life do not believe in the conflict of color, but, on the contrary, in the mutual welfare of races, are not of the type that directs Japan's present international policy. How many there are of them is a matter of the greatest interest to America, who, as I see it, is groping for an Eastern policy. But that Americans are unaware of the existence of the independent, untrammeled, and broadminded Japanese world citizen I am convinced.

This subject has been brought to my attention by the visit of Yukio Ozaki to America. As far as I can make out from the press this man has not really been discovered here. I would not be understood as classifying him, for I do not lay claim to enough knowledge of him to do that, certainly not to apply my above remarks to him. But I have not seen anything in the published interviews that brings out the character of the man as it is understood in East Asia. The last public utterances of his in the East that attracted my attention were spoken with reference to the proposal of Mr. Knox for the neutralization of the Manchurian railways, in which he said that in his opinion the Japanese Government had blundered in its hasty reply to the American proposal and was also of the opinion that discourtesy had been shown, the effect of which would be apparent in the future. In the place where he spoke he was repeatedly applauded. My main point is that we take too little account of that element of the Japanese Nation that is pointed out in the last sentence by the words, "he was repeatedly applauded." To my mind this denominates an element of Japanese who represent that class of mankind who are the finest specimens of the human race. We must not forget that they exist.

Yukio Ozaki is probably of the Ito school. He gave expression to the most striking ideas during Japan's Manchurian crisis. He opposed the war with Russia. He took the view that Russia and Japan should make an alliance of friendship, that the direction of Japan's natural and practical expansion was southward and not northward, and that Saghalin was a preposterous possession. It would be interesting to have his political views on the present relation of nations in the Far East.

FREDERICK McCORMICK.

New York, Oct. 24, 1910.

Dr. Holmes's Sermon.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the sermon preached last Sunday by the Rev. Dr. John Haynes Holmes on "Dead Catholicism and Dying Protestantism," all reasonable men will surely admit that at the present time a public opinion more enlightened and humane than at any period in the world's history is brought to bear upon the solution of all political and industrial problems.

Can the reverend gentleman deny that this public opinion is largely, if not wholly, due to the influence and teachings of the Catholic and Protestant Churches during the last 1,900 years, and that its maintenance depends upon the continued effort of the churches along the same line with each new generation?

Should all our schools and colleges be closed and all our teachers silenced, no very immediate change would result, but what would be the state of affairs after the lapse of, say, twenty-five years?

Judging from my experience in countries less favored than ours, a change even more disastrous would result from the closing of our churches and the silencing of our ministers.

MINING ENGINEER.

West New Brighton, Oct. 24, 1910.

"Lemon" In Modern Slang.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A resident of New York being asked by a European his opinion of a certain man as a business proposition, replied: "Oh, they handed us a lemon!"

Whereupon the European requested an explanation of the expression "lemon" used in this connection, but even the user could not furnish a definition. May I ask that you put it to your readers to kindly help; how would they define "lemon" as commonly used in slang nowadays? F. R.

New York, Oct. 24, 1910.

QUESTIONS FOR ROOSEVELT.

His Relation to Capital—The "Old Moralities" in History.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will Col. Roosevelt or some of his adherents answer the following questions:

Is it not true that the malefactors, liars, capitalists, and corporations so frequently referred to by Col. Roosevelt attained their greatest prosperity under Republican Administration, and were particularly prosperous during his incumbency as President?

Is it not true that not one of these malefactors, &c., was convicted and punished during the seven years of Col. Roosevelt's incumbency as President?

Is it not true that Col. Roosevelt's wholesale denunciation and abuse of our judiciary and of our bankers, financial institutions, and corporations in general is having a disastrous effect upon the business of the country and creating great uneasiness and suspicion in the minds of the general public?

Is it not true that if Col. Roosevelt has any personal or positive knowledge that warrants the accusations he brings against individuals and corporations that he should specifically name them? If he has this information and knowledge, and withholds it, he is recreant to his duty or afraid to do it; if he has no such knowledge by what right does he make these accusations?

Is it not true that the generally poor business the country is now suffering from, the lack of confidence, and the abnormally high cost of living that now exists, and has existed for the past three years, have been and are now existing under Republican Administration?

Is it not true that from the time Col. Roosevelt sent for Mr. Pinchot (a Government official deposed by President Taft) to meet him abroad before his return to this country, up to last week, when he failed to call upon President Taft when the latter was in New York, he has been guilty of discourtesy?

Is it not true also that he has failed to indorse President Taft and his Administration since his return from Europe, and has not given them that loyal support the Republican Party had the right to expect he would give?

Is it not true that the American people, viewing his present activities, his attitude toward, and his treatment of, President Taft and his Administration, are justified in believing that Col. Roosevelt is determined to be a candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1912?

Is it not true that if Col. Roosevelt practices the doctrine of a "square deal," which is his slogan, and which he preaches with so much persistence, he would come out like a man and answer unequivocally the question so often asked by the American people as to whether he is a candidate or not? His failure to commit himself on this subject is killing him politically and in many other ways, and in fact it is a question if he is not now a dead issue in the political world.

Is it not true that owing to his attitude toward President Taft and his Administration that he has failed to receive the support from that quarter which would probably have been given him?

If the above facts are not true I would like to know why they are not. L. C. T.

New York, Oct. 24, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The old time statesmen were not unmindful of the "old moralities" and the desirability of incorporating them into the laws of this free and glorious land. In the Decalogue and in the laws of all the States murder, theft, perjury, &c., are prohibited. In some, if not in all, of the States other "old moralities" are likewise enforced. It may be presumed that "covetousness," when expressed by overt acts, comes under some other morality, as theft, robbery, and even murder may result from covetousness.

The guardians of the old and sacred moralities, in their legal aspects, are the courts, to whom the administration of the laws exclusively belongs. It is to the credit of this country that no abler, truer, nobler, and more representative class of men can be found than the Federal bench, and no court in the world is entitled to more honor and respect than the Supreme Court of the United States.

It has always been a recognized principle of the courts that corporations and individuals are alike accountable for wrongdoing. In the eye of the law a corporation may do wrong, and so may an individual. As long ago as 1854 Mr. Justice Campbell in delivering the opinion of the Supreme Court in York and Maryland Line Railroad Company vs. Winans, 17 Howard 40, said: "It is certainly true that the law will strip a corporation or individual of every disguise and enforce a responsibility according to the very right in despite of their artifices."

Morality of this kind existed in our laws before certain living speakers were born; it still exists and cannot be improved upon by any so-called "new Nationalism."

New York, Oct. 24, 1910. EQUALITY.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While I agree with much that THE TIMES says against Mr. Roosevelt, I cannot see that he is as bad as Charles Murphy of Tammany Hall, and on the principle that of two evils one should choose the lesser, I shall vote the Republican ticket. I think that the small registration is to be accounted for by the fact that many people saw that the election choice was between the devil and the deep sea, and did not care to have to make the choice.

Tammany is out of office in the city, and Murphy is in desperate need of patronage to hold his organization together, and if he could be defeated this year in the State it would do much permanently to destroy his control of the city. The election of the Tammany ticket would be a step backward for reform government in this city. YOUNG REPUBLICAN.

Brooklyn, Oct. 24, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The utter mendacity of the mountebank from Oyster Bay is nowhere more clearly shown than in his last outburst over the Wallpaper Trust. The suit in question was not brought, as alleged, by Roosevelt to dissolve the trust, but was an action at law between the members of the trust agreement. The terms of the trust agreement set forth in this decision show that the trust came to an end on July 1, 1900. The intervening time has been spent in reaching the court of last resort. Does the mountebank imagine that we are all in our dotage?

JOHN A. VALENTINE.

New York, Oct. 24, 1910.

Two Valuable Articles.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your little editorial article in THE TIMES of Sunday, Oct. 23, in which you call the attention of readers to Gen. Bingham's excellent article in Hampton's Magazine, is going to do much good. I consider the strong and virile article by Dr. William Lee Howard which is in the November Pearson's Magazine, a helpful companion to Gen. Bingham's statement. Prudery, hypocrisy, and a shameful cowardice have been the cause of the immorality and disease that is fast honeycombing this land.

If we had more men like Dr. Howard and Gen. Bingham in our universities and pulpits we should soon have truths spoken, immorality placed upon its proper basis, the health of our children protected, insane asylums emptied, and reformatories filled with those we can reform. CHARLES B. GAMMON.

Brookline, Mass., Oct. 23, 1910.

Punishment for Pickpockets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article in to-day's paper relating to pickpockets is opportune. The police should lose no time in rounding up this class of offenders, who in the last few years have increased tenfold. Our method of punishing them by incarceration in company with others of their ilk is entirely too lenient. They should wear a distinctive uniform marked "Pickpocket" or "Thief" and be put to cleaning the streets where their relatives, friends, neighbors, police, &c., could readily recognize them.

JOHN J. KRAFT.

Brooklyn, Oct. 24, 1910.

No Peruvian Flag.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It was no surprise to me to-day to find the grand and field stand at Belmont Park decorated with flags of a good many nations.

But how did those who are responsible for putting up those flags forget the Peruvian, and thus omit to pay a tribute to the much regretted "Hero of the Simplon"?

OUBLIER JAMAIS.

New York, Oct. 24, 1910.

FINE SHOWING MADE BY PUPILS' ESSAYS

Excellence in One Class So Uniform That a Decision Is Hard for the Judges to Make.

YOUNGER ONES' WORK BEST

Interest in Bergen's History More Evident in Their Compositions Than in Those of High School Children.

One of the finest sets of essays yet examined in THE TIMES'S contest based upon the history of Bergen Village came to light yesterday in the offering of Public School 12, Grade 8 B. There were thirty essays of excellence so nearly uniform that a decision was arrived at only after the most careful consideration of the lot. Strict chronological sequence, a thorough understanding of causes, events, and historical and political development were features of these essays. The interest inspired in the pupils by their teachers was not less than remarkable. Many could have had little expectation of winning a prize, yet every essay bore a prizeworthy aspect, in substance and general appearance. The names of the teachers of this grade and school are Miss I. B. Dominick and Miss J. V. Cormery.

An enterprising pupil whose effort is nothing if not original is Miss Dorothy Jackert. Especial interest attaches to Miss Dorothy's essay because she says:

"Michael Pauw sent his Superintendent, Jan Evertsen Bont, in whom I am interested as I am descended from him, to settle on his land."

A possible future ecclesiastical historian is now attending Jersey City High School in the person of a pupil whose essay was regretfully barred because it is concerned wholly with "The Church of Bergen." It was a well-planned and clearly presented history of the church and all its pastors and vicissitudes, but contained practically no reference to anything else.

A boy who made a masterful attempt to write in flowery language, and succeeded, affixed his personal motto to his signature, "Step by Step," is his choice. One of the Jersey City school officials who chanced to be present when this essay was examined remarked thoughtfully, "Now I wonder—if he'll ever sign checks that way?"

By far the most interesting feature of the contest is the absence of the merely parrot-like repetition of the bald historical facts. Not only do the children express themselves picturesquely, but with a real understanding of the relation of events.

The offerings of the high school pupils are of two sorts only: Extremely good and very ordinary. Evidently there are those whose interest is not as great as that of the younger pupils. The work of the younger pupils is never lacking in interest, no matter how far short it sometimes necessarily falls in execution.

It is now believed that the participants in the contest will know the results of their efforts early next week. The actual examination of the essays probably will be completed this week. The tabulating of prize winners—one thousand in all—will then be made as promptly as possible.

FAITH IN AMERICA II.

President of the Canadian Camp Hopeful for Hawley and Post.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While it would seem to be the proper thing for the United States and Canadian Governments to render all possible assistance by sending messages to various officials, and requesting private organizations to extend needed help to the occupants of the balloon, America II., searching parties would seem a useless and unnecessary task.

Mr. Hawley is a well-known sportsman and woodsman and unless an accident befalls him and his companion, Mr. Post, they will in time work their way out of the Canadian wilds, just as any sportsman or woodsman would do.

As for food, they will pack their remaining supply and forage on the country for the balance required for sustenance, for there are fish in every stream, and grouse, rabbits, and other small game abound, which can be secured without hook or gun; besides, being a woodsman, he is probably familiar with bulbs and other nutritious vegetable means of sustenance. As regards danger of wolves, a firebrand will keep them at bay, and of course, being smokers, they have matches; and if not, the Indian method of friction caused by the rubbing together of two pieces of wood, will secure a blaze.

Many sportsmen have lived in the woods for months on only such food as the country yielded. For instance, Dr. Robert T. Morris, the well-known naturalist and explorer, on one of his expeditions to Labrador, lasting several months, took but a day's rations, and returned in prime condition.

Dr. John Warren Achron, the "Woodser" of Boston, hiked his pack by trail twenty-five miles a day for four weeks without partaking of a morsel of food.

Mr. L. Fred Brown of Roanoke, Va., who, when exploring a river in the Far North, entirely alone, and hundreds of miles from civilization, was unexpectedly carried over a waterfall which swept from his his canoe and all his belongings, "hoofed it" for more than one hundred miles through an unknown country until he reached Hudson Bay.

And these men still live to tell the tale. Such experiences are not uncommon to other members of the Canadian camp, as well as to other sportsmen and explorers, so it seems to me that uneasiness for the safety of Messrs. Hawley and Post is unnecessary.

It is more than likely that these two Americans will not come to earth until their ballast, gas, or supply of food is exhausted, for they started out to win the long-distance record, and, barring accident, they will do it, and will most likely land in safety.

G. LENOX CURTIS,
President Canadian Camp.

New York, Oct. 24, 1910.

COMMENTS BY THE AMERICA'S MASCOT.

My seat,
Where was I at?
Up in the air
And over the sea.
Which I wish to remark
It was no place for me.
There wasn't any fireside,
Nor rug nor anything,
Nor any backyard to the craft
Where I could prowl and sing.
They didn't even have a bird
That I could dream about
And wonder when I'd get a chance
To pull its feathers out.
And worse than that it was to learn,
Too late, that they forgot
To bring a mouse or two along
To cheer my lonely lot.
Oh, say,
A cat can't get gay
On the Great Air Way,—
There's so much atmosphere above,
There's so much wet below,
That nothing but a cat with wings
Can have the faintest show,
And, my seat,
I'm a wingless cat.
Wow!
Meow!
But just the same
I flew to fame
With those above the sea;
The valiant men
May try again,
But never again for me!
Once more upon the solid earth,
Far from the track
Of danger, I am glad to know
The cat came back.

W. J. LAMPTON.

RAILROAD LAWYERS DISCUSS THE LAWS

Legal Representatives of All the Large Systems in Conference Here.

MANN-ELKINS ACT UP

Vote to be Taken on Advisability of Testing Its Constitutionality—Rate Rights Also Considered.

Many of the leading railroad lawyers, meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday, discussed questons which vitally affect the railroads. They considered the institution of proceedings to test the constitutionality of any or all provisions of the Mann-Elkins act of June, 1910, which conferred greater powers on the Inter-State Commerce Commission. Fifty or more attorneys were there, most of them general counsel for the lines they represent. Practcally all the large railroad systems of the United States were represented.

For six hours the railroad lawyers discussed the various provisions of the Inter-State commerce legislation, and at the close of the afternoon session in the Astor Gallery of the hotel it was decided to resume the conference to-day. The meetings will probably continue until late to-morrow or Saturday. A vote is to be taken on the question of whether the constitutionality of the Mann-Elkins act shall be attacked. The majority will rule.

Some of the attorneys present yesterday advocated an immediate attack on legislation which has proved obnoxious to some of the railroads. Several of the railroad lawyers were in favor of having the proceedings of the conference reported, and the argument was urged that if those who favored attacking the constitutionality of the Mann-Elkins act were right, then there should be no objection to publicity. But the majority decided that discussion would be more free if the proceedings of the conference were not to be made public. It was announced that after the conference ends a report may be compiled. It may also be decided that the report be sent to President Taft.

Yesterday's conference was a continuation of the one begun at Portsmouth, N. H., in August last. It was adjourned there to meet in New York. Different phases of the Inter-State Commerce Commission's increased power were taken up and discussed at length before passing on to a new subject.

Col. Henry L. Stone, General Counsel for the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, was Chairman of the meeting. One of the speakers was Gardner Lathrop, counsel for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad. Mr. Lathrop spoke an hour. Other leading railroad lawyers who were there were Alfred P. Thom, General Counsel for the Southern Railway; Alexander Hamilton of the Atlantic Coast Line, T. M. Cunningham of the Central of Georgia, H. T. Wickham of the Chesapeake & Ohio, William S. Opdyke of the Delaware & Hudson, Henry Russell of the Michigan Central, Charles W. Bunn of the Northern Pacific, R. R. Walton Moore of the Southern Railway, E. C. Lindley, General Counsel of the Great Northern; Clyde Brown, General Counsel of the New York Central Lines; Charles Heeber of the Philadelphia & Reading, and E. J. Rich, General Solicitor of the Boston & Maine. Several of the above-named lawyers made addresses at yesterday's session.

The principal questions of law on which the lawyers will probably vote to attack the constitutionality of the Mann-Elkins act include that portion of Section 15 which confers power upon the Inter-State Commerce Commission to suspend a rate for a possible period of ten months. Another is that portion of Section 16 which reserves to the shipper the right to route his own freight, often taken in connection with the Carmack amendment to Section 20.

The long and short haul clause and the aggregate of intermediate rate clause, as contained in Section 4 are also of those which will be considered when the final vote is taken. And still another is the water route provision contained in Section 4. The provision of Section 15 with respect to the establishment of through routes and joint classifications and joint rates by the commission is another. And the final one is the provision in Section 15 imposing the burden of proof upon the carrier as to the reasonableness or justice of increased rates.

The question to be voted on before the conference is this:

"Is it wise to institute proceedings at an early date to test the constitutionality of any or all of these provisions, and, if so, what is the most desirable form of procedure?"

"Many of those present believe that some of the provisions of the Mann-Elkins act are unconstitutional," said Col. Stone after the conference. "Whether these men are sufficiently numerous to vote down the lawyers who think otherwise remains to be seen. But certainly no vote will be taken until the subject is whipped out thoroughly and every man has had a chance to be heard. It is a question of great importance to the railroad attorneys and to the railroads, and you may rest assured no hasty action will be taken."

The present status of the freight and passenger rate increases which have been submitted to the Inter-State Commerce Commission by most of the large Eastern and Western carriers was also under consideration yesterday. The fact that the rate hearing of the Western roads was in progress yesterday in Chicago before Commissioner Lane of the Inter-State Commerce Commission was also referred to. A telegraph report of the progress of this hearing was read by several of the delegates.

Whatever course of action the railroad lawyers decide to pursue as a result of the present conference may have a decided bearing on the further hearings of the Inter-State Commerce Commission on both the freight and passenger rates. As the matter stands at present, all the freight rate schedules calling for an increase have been suspended until Feb. 1.

Blanche Bates in "Nobody's Widow."

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 25. — "Nobody's Widow," a new comedy by Avery Hopwood, was produced at the Euclid Avenue Opera House to-night by David Belasco, with Blanche Bates in the stellar rôle. The play concerns an American girl who meets and marries an English Duke whom she believes to be a plain citizen. Immediately after the ceremony she leaves him in the belief that he loves some one else, and reports herself to be a widow. Her husband turns up unexpectedly, and she is finally brought to the position of remarrying him after many complications. Besides Miss Bates the company included Bruce McRae, Adelaide Prince, Edith Campbell, Dorothy Shoemaker, Rex McDougall, Henry Schumann-Heink, and Westhrop Saunders.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

John E. Henshaw will begin a starring tour in November in "The Best People on Earth," under the management of John M. Hickey and H. E. Mahn.

Richard Harding Davis yesterday delivered to Liebler & Co. the manuscript of a four-act play which will be produced this Winter. The principal character is that of a young woman who is a professional spiritualist.

Wright Lorimer will return to New York next week, at the Circle Theatre, in his Biblical play, "The Shepherd King," which he has been playing for several seasons.

Sheridan Block, Wright Kramer, and Stephen Wright have been engaged for Henrietta Crosman's production of "The Duchess of Suds," which she will produce on Nov. 21.

Maclyn Arbuckle, until his new play is ready, will appear in vaudeville in a one-act piece by Robert H. Davis, entitled "The Welcher." Later in the season he will return to the legitimate stage under the direction of Klaw & Erlanger.

The last performance of "The Scandal" will be given at the Garrick Theatre next Saturday night, and on Tuesday night, Nov. 1, Kyrle Bellew and his company will appear in a revival of "Raffles," which will be Mr. Bellew's play for the rest of the season.

Paul Philipp, general representative for Adolf Philipp, is recovering from an operation which he underwent a few weeks ago at Mount Sinai Hospital. As soon as he returns to his office he will begin preparations for the production of Adolf Philipp's latest adaptations, entitled "The Girl's Name is Adele," and "The Woman Who Likes to Laugh." Both plays are musical comedies, by Paul Herve, with music by Jean Briquet.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Viscomtesse Benoles d'Azey, wife of the Naval Attaché of the French Embassy in Washington, is in town for the week. She is staying at the Waldorf-Astoria, and expects to fly with one of the French aviators at Belmont Park to-day or to-morrow.

Mrs. Robert Lee Keeling has returned from Washington and is now at her apartments, 116 East Fifty-eighth Street, where she will remain until January. After the holidays Mrs. Keeling will sail for Europe for an indefinite stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Donn Barber have closed their house at Rye and are at their town residence, 125 East Seventy-fourth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould have an aviation dinner at the Hotel Gotham last night. Covers were laid for eight.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Rich Steers have left Faircroft, at Port Chester, to visit at Roslyn during the coming week. They will remain at Faircroft until the middle of November.

Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg is staying at Garden City until the middle of next week, when she will sail for Europe.

Plans for some of the entertainments for the Winter are being made. Miss Annie Leary has engaged the ballroom at the Waldorf-Astoria for a bazaar, to be given on Dec. 15, 16, and 17, respectively. Mrs. Richard Irvin and Mrs. J. Borden Harriman are to give an entertainment for children at this hotel on Dec. 29 and 30.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Damrosch and their family have returned to town and are at their city home, 181 West Seventy-fifth Street.

Ex-Gov. and Mrs. Phineas C. Lounsbury motored in with a small party from the ex-Governor's Summer home, at Ridgefield, Conn., and are staying at the Hotel Manhattan. They will visit Belmont Park to-day. The party consists of Mr. and Mrs. W. Griffith of Bridgeport, Conn.; Mrs. Meyers, the Misses Day, and Dr. W. H. Wood.

Miss Katharine Shaw, who is to make her début in November, is in Morristown, the guest of Miss Alice Dickson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic de Peyster Foster are in town to attend the aviation meet; also Mrs. James Elliott and Percy D. Elliott.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch are occupying their town house, 146 East Sixty-first Street. Miss Alice Damrosch is to be one of the season's débutantes.

Mrs. Charles A. Lindley (Miss Edith Greene) has had her sister, Miss Gertrude Greene, as her guest.

Gen. Francis Vinton Green and Mrs. Green have opened their Buffalo home for the Winter.

One of the Chicago débutantes of special interest is Miss Dorothy North, who spent the Summer in Labrador with the wife of Dr. Wilfred Grenfell, the medical missionary there. Miss North is a Bryn Mawr graduate, class of '09, and a daughter of Mrs. William Stanley North.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hiss and their family have returned to town and are at 26 West Eleventh Street.

Mrs. Berkeley Mostyn and her daughter, Miss Alexandra Stevens, arrived in town yesterday, and are occupying their apartment in East Seventy-sixth Street.

Mrs. Wilson Shannon Dunn returned to the city Monday and is with Mr. Dunn at 127 West Fifty-eighth Street. Mrs. Dunn spent most of the Summer at Ipswich, Mass., her country home.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Falconer, Miss Louise Falconer, and Bruce Falconer have returned to their city home, 701 Madison Avenue.

EUSTACE—O'CONOR WEDDING.

Special Train Takes New York Guests to Ceremony at Elmira To-day.

At the Church of Sts. Peter and Paul, Elmira, N. Y., to-day Bishop Thomas F. Hickey of the Diocese of Rochester will perform the ceremony in the wedding of Miss Florence Angela O'Conor to Alexander Christopher Eustace. The wedding will be the leading feature in Elmira's social life for this season. Many guests will be present from other States.

Last night a bachelor dinner was given at the Hotel Rathbun by Mr. Eustace to sixty of his friends. Following the ceremony there will be a wedding breakfast, after which the couple will leave for an extended wedding trip, while the guests will be entertained at the country and other clubs.

A special train left here yesterday morning bearing many well-known people who are to be guests at the wedding. Among them were Alderman and Mrs. W. C. Towen, Judge Thomas Z. Lee, Providence, R. I.; Col. M. J. Reagan, N. M. S. Millette, Mr. and Mrs. Edward M. Tierney, Dr. and Mrs. Walter C. Gilday, Deputy County Clerk Charles E. Gehring, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Reist, Frederick, Md.; Mr. and Mrs. John McGlynn, Troy, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Magrath, Binghampton, N. Y.; George W. Sweeney, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Hearn, Mr. and Mrs. David H. Knott, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Baudouine, R. H. Burke, T. A. Snedeker, Thomas Gillern, John Healey, William Clarke, C. R. Noll, Henry P. Wood, and Mr. and Mrs. Gaston Dethier, the organist of St. Francis Xavier, who will have charge of the musical programme.

Miss Rice to Wed J. L. Saltonstall.

Dr. Clarence C. Rice and Mrs. Rice of 81 Irving Place announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gladys Durant Rice, to John L. Saltonstall of Beverly, Mass.

Miss Rice is one of the most accomplished amateur violinists in society and was considered one of the handsomest débutantes of her coming-out year. She is a sister of Mrs. Howard Means of Boston. Her mother before her marriage was Miss Jeannie T. Durant.

Mr. Saltonstall is a Harvard graduate. His parents are dead.

Miss Rice is with her mother at Bedford, N. Y. No date has been set for the wedding.

DININNY—NAGLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Ferral C. Dininny of 187 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ferralina Dininny, to Harold Edmund Nagle, son of Percival E. Nagle, 3 East 129th Street.

TWO WAGE-EARNERS' NIGHTS

Reduced Prices for Poor People at Lyric Next Monday and Tuesday.

Carrying out the idea started at The New Theatre and adopted by Oscar Hammerstein, the Shuberts have decided to make next Monday and Tuesday nights "wage earners'" nights at the Lyric Theatre, where "Madam Troubadour" is playing. Tickets for these two performances have been put in the hands of Julius Hopp, who has charge of The New Theatre distribution. Mr. Hopp will place these tickets on sale at the various centres established for The New Theatre work. About 250 societies are now included in the scheme.

Only wage earners among the poorer people who cannot afford to pay the regular prices will be permitted to buy tickets for these performances or join the societies through which they are sold. A meeting of delegates will be held at the Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, 223 East Sixty-third Street, Saturday night.

"Boccaccio" at Irving Place Theatre.

"Boccaccio," von Suppe's old operetta, was sung at the Irving Place Theatre last night by the comic opera stock company. The piece had all of its old-time tunefulness and humor, and the audience seemed to appreciate its revival. The title rôle was taken by Asta Ericasen, who made her début with the company. Rudolf Werder sang the rôle of Pietro, and the other principal parts were taken by Gustav Olmar, Emmy Derfer, Otto Marck, Selma Weber, Adolf Kuehns, Georgine Neuendorff, Emma Malkowska, and Ernst Robert. "Boccaccio" will be continued during the rest of the week, except on Saturday afternoon, when the comedy, "Der Huettenbesitzer," will be presented.

PENNSYLVANIA FIXES NEW STATION RATES

Commutation from Harrison or Nearer Points Will Be Double What It Is Now.

FLAT CHARGE ON ALL TICKETS

About $6 a Month Added on Sixty-Trip Tickets to What Is Charged at Present to Any Ferry.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is making public to-day the rates of fare, regular and commutation, which will prevail between New Jersey points and the new Pennsylvania Station in Seventh Avenue. New commutation rates show a five-dollar flat increase on fifty-trip family and firm commutation tickets, and a uniform six-dollar increase on sixty-trip monthly commutation tickets.

Regular fares are increased from 5 to 14 cents a single trip. It is understood that no difference will be made in the price of tickets between New Jersey points and the present ferry landings in New York and the Hudson Terminal Building.

At present a person on a single trip ticket can go from Harrison to the Hudson Terminal in Cortlandt and Church Streets through the McAdoo tubes for 15 cents. It will cost him 27 cents to get to Seventh Avenue and Thirty-second Street by way of the Pennsylvania Tunnels. Passengers from Newark now pay 17 cents to go to the West Twenty-third Street, the Desbrosses Street, and the Cortlandt Street Ferry, as well as to the Hudson Terminal. It will cost them 10 cents more to go to the new station.

On commutation tickets the advance is more noticeable. The difference between Hudson Terminal or a ferry landing and the new station to a resident of Harrison or Newark is the difference between $6 and $11 on fifty-trip family and firm tickets, and $6 and $12 on sixty-trip monthly tickets.

The table which shows the difference between the present single trip rates to existing terminals and the announced rates for the new station follows:

	New Station Rates. Cents.	Present Rates. Cents.
Harrison, N. J.	27	15
Newark, N. J.	27	17
South Street, Newark, N. J.	27	17
Waverly, N. J.	30	15
North Elizabeth, N. J.	40	30
Elizabeth, N. J.	40	30
South Elizabeth, N. J.	40	30
Linden, N. J.	48	38
Scott Avenue, Rahway, N. J.	54	40
Rahway, N. J.	54	40
Colonia, N. J.	60	50
Iselin, N. J.	63	57
Menlo Park, N. J.	67	60
Metuchen, N. J.	72	65
Stelton, N. J.	80	73
New Brunswick, N. J.	84	78

The increases in commutation rates are shown in this table:

	New Station 50-Trip Family or Firm. Rates.	60-Trip Present Rates.	New Station Monthly. Rates.	Present Rates.
Harrison	$11.00	$6.00	$12.00	$6.00
Newark	11.00	6.00	12.00	6.00
Waverly	11.50	9.00	12.50	6.50
Elizabeth	15.25	10.25	12.50	6.50
Lindon	18.50	13.50	14.00	8.00
Rahway	21.00	16.00	15.00	9.00
Avenel	22.50	17.50	15.50	9.50
Edgar	22.50	17.50	15.75	9.75
Woodbridge	23.00	18.00	16.00	10.00
Spa Spring	23.90	18.90	16.25	10.25
Perth Amboy	25.00	20.00	16.50	10.50
Colonia	22.50	17.50	15.50	9.50
Iselin	23.50	18.50	16.00	10.00
Menlo Park	24.50	19.50	16.50	10.50
Metuchen	27.00	22.00	17.00	11.00
Stelton	30.00	25.00	17.50	11.50
New Brunswick	32.00	27.00	18.00	12.00

In making public the tables last night the railroad did not explain what the officials believed the effect on traffic this announcement would have, nor was any explanation offered of the striking difference in charges between the old and the new routes. The rates announced would seem to indicate that the great new station is not to be used for suburban traffic to the detriment of through business.

MR. WERRENRATH'S RECITAL.

Large Audience Listens to an Accomplished Baritone in Mendelssohn Hall.

Mr. Reinald Werrenrath, a young baritone who has been heard in New York before, and with pleasure, gave a song recital last evening in Mendelssohn Hall. There was a large audience present that listened to his singing with obvious pleasure, for Mr. Werrenrath has a voice of unusual beauty, and is clearly one possessed of artistic instincts that lead him to the diligent cultivation of the talent with which he is endowed. He has studied and worked to excellent purpose. His art has materially improved since he was last heard here; the voice, the style, the interpretation are such as belong to an artist.

His programme made in some respects severe demands upon the artistic powers of a singer, though in matters that are of the less obvious and striking sort. His first three numbers were old Italian airs that require a command of the legato style, and fine phrasing and enunciation, airs by Monteverde, Caldara, and Lotti, the last two very familiar ones. In these he sang with much finish, with mastery of the difficult technique that they require as to phrasing and legato, as well as with taste, though there might have been a question as to some of the ornamental endings that he employed in Lotti's "Pur dicestic."

He sang songs by Beethoven, Brahms, Wolf, and Grieg that evinced a nice understanding of the widely differing characterization that they needed. The "Erlkönig" of Beethoven is a setting that he proposed to make of Goethe's poem that puts every listener to thinking of Schubert's. The composer did not finish the song, and left only sketches of his intentions, which have been elaborated by more than one ambitious musician. That which Mr. Werrenrath employed was clearly made by somebody who was immersed in Schubert's setting and found in it the most obvious solution of the problem suggested by Beethoven's fragmentary indications. Mr. Werrenrath followed the unnamed collaborator in giving an interpretation on the same lines. Brahms's "Sontag" he sang with the simplicity and directness that belong to a song flowering directly from the roots of German folk song. Of the two songs of Hugo Wolf he was obliged to repeat the interesting and poetic "Liebeglück." There were five songs of Grieg's on his programme, four of which he sang in the Norwegian words to which Grieg wrote them, and there was deep feeling in Mr. Werrenrath's interpretation of them. One of them, "Lauf der Welt" was in German, and this also he was called upon to repeat. Mr. Werrenrath has the true feeling for the significance of these songs.

The last part of his programme was devoted to songs in English: to Arthur Whiting's music to certain of the "Rubaiyat" of Omar Khayyam, and to songs by Winthrop Rogers, Bruno Huhn, Kurt Schindler, Chester Searle, and Mabel Daniels.

Celebrate Their Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ainsley Oakley of 101 West Seventy-second Street celebrated their golden wedding last night at a dinner given to them by their son, Ainsley C. Oakley, at the Plaza. Mr. and Mrs. Oakley were married at Calvary Church, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-second Street, and have always made this city their home.

There Is Only One
"Bromo Quinine"
That Is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c. E. W. Grove

CHILD EXHIBIT POSTPONED.

Welfare Show Planned for November Will Open Jan. 18.

The opening of the New York Child Welfare Exhibit, originally scheduled to take place in November, is postponed until Jan. 18, 1911. This has been found necessary because of the impossibility of correlating and presenting in the time originally alloted to this part of the work the vast amount of material collected by the research investigators of a dozen or more committees.

The fields in which these investigators have collected the facts and data which will be shown in the exhibit include almost every phase of child life imaginable. The means used to convey the facts and conditions found will include moving pictures, illuminations, large photographs, documents, material objects, cartoon representations, and varied and ingenious displays, either symbolic or literal in character. In connection with and closely related to the actual objective side of the exhibit, which will fill the main floor of the Seventy-first Regiment Armory at Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue, a series of conferences is being arranged to take place in the theatre in the armory building.

At these conferences men and women who can speak with authority on the problems of child life in cities to-day will illuminate and impress the lesson of the objective side of the exhibit. Among the speakers will be Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago, whose book, "The Spirit of Youth and the City Streets," has done much to awaken the social conscience to a most important part of the field which will be covered in the Child Welfare exhibit; Mrs. Florence Kelley of the National Consumers' League and Miss Lillian D. Wald, founder of the Henry Street Settlement and initiator of the idea of the Children's Federal Bureau.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Commodore E. T. Gerry and Family Among Arrivals on Kaiser Wilhelm II.

Liners sailing to-day for Europe and some of their passengers are:

CAMPANIA, (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Andrews, Mrs. F. M. Barnes, Mrs. Julia Larco, E. J. Hansford, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lunn, F. S. A. Roberts, Dr. Lucas Sierra, A. W. Taylor, H. S. Tuttle, W. N. Colt, W. E. Blyth, S. V. M. Boyd, Miss Margaret Andrews, and others.

TEUTONIC, (Southampton)—Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Beale, Cyril Beale, Mrs. Gertrude Dale, W. F. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Waddington, the Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Taft, Mrs. Grael v. Breckenridge.

PRESIDENT GRANT, (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Alexanderson, W. W. Duke, Mrs. J. B. Gay, Capt. Samuel E. Darby, Mrs. John J. Hyland, Mr. and Mrs. John L. Bishop, John Baker, and F. E. Barnett.

Some of the arrivals yesterday were:

KAISER WILHELM II., (Bremen)—Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry, Mrs. Gerry, Miss Gerry, Miss Mabel Gerry, Princess Cantacuzene, Count von Bernstorff, German Ambassador at Washington; Countess Bernstorff, Prof. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. Butler, Pepito Arriola, Col. W. H. Comegys, St. John Gaffney, U. S. Consul General at Dresden; Mr. and Mrs. William Guggenheim, Prof. Hermann V. Hilprecht of Pennsylvania University, Mr. and Mrs. Harold McCormick of Chicago, Justice and Mrs. Oliver Wendell Holmes, E. R. Bacon, Mrs. Lucy Cooper Hewitt, Mrs. Cyrus H. McCormick, Mr. and Mrs. E. St. John Hays, Mary Garden, Charles Dalmores, Dr. and Mrs. John G. Hathaway, Gustav Mahler, Mrs. Mahler, Mme. Jeanne W. Korolewicz, Felix Berber, Mrs. John Wyckhree Stuart, George D. Morgan, Victor Mestre, Hector Dufranne, Dr. E. W. Gardner, Miss Kate Gomberg, Mrs. J. W. How, G. L. Kingsland, Mrs. John R. Monon, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Rickard, Andrew Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Willie Spiegelberg, Mrs. P. A. Ward, D. Mario Sammarco, Mr. and Mrs. Castor, and Ybana.

POTSDAM, (Rotterdam)—Miss E. Ambrose, Mrs. J. C. Broadfoot, Capt. F. M. Dunwoody, Count and Countess F. G. de Cisneros, Palmer Campbell, G. B. G. Campbell, Miss Lilian Grenville, Kenneth G. How, Charles H. Minor, Mrs. F. D. Gray, Dr. and Mrs. F. R. Ross, Miss Helen Malo, Mrs. H. Trowbridge Allen, Miss Muriel Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Amadeo Bassi, Mr. and Mrs. Vittorio Aumondi.

ORURA, (Southampton, via West Indies)—The Rev. H. Humphreys, C. Duncan, Capt. J. Thomas, F. Caswell, Col. Hubert Bates, Mrs. C. J. Anderson, R. L. Long, M. A. Silvus, and S. F. Shelly.

RHEIN, (Bremen)—William Brenner, George Beneke, J. Gebhard, Mrs. Elizabeth Grie, Herman Grefe, F. Anderson Braun, William Hall, J. Oswald, and Miss Cecelie Venus.

"Potash and Perlmutter" for the Stage

The "Potash and Perlmutter" stories that have been appearing in a weekly magazine during the last year are to be put on the stage by the Authors' Producing Company. Yesterday Charles Klein, producing director of the company, and Montague Glass, author of the stories, made an agreement by which the principal characters and many of the incidents will be dramatized.

ELIZABETH H. P. PRICE DEAD.

Mother of Lily Price, Who Was Principal Contestant of Hamersley Will.

Elizabeth Homer Paine Price, widow of Commodore Cicero Price, U. S. N., died at Troy, N. Y., on Monday, at the age of 82 years. She was the mother of Lily Price, one of the beautiful women of her day, and her death recalls the romantic career of her daughter. The latter was known both as the Duchess of Marlborough and the principal contender in the famous Hamersley will case, which has been revived after it was settled in her favor, by 125 claimants coming forward at the time of her death to dispute her rights and those of her son.

The mother was never fully reconciled to her daughter after the latter married the divorced Duke of Marlborough in 1888. As the wife of a divorced man she never met favor at the Court of Queen Victoria.

Mrs. Price was descended from two of the oldest families in Troy, the Paines and the Warrens. Her marriage in 1852 with Commodore Price, whose flagship was the old Jamestown, brought her into naval and diplomatic circles in Washington and New York. In the days following the civil war her eldest daughter, Lily, married Louis Hamersley, an elderly New York business man of great wealth. He died in 1883, and the contest of his will which followed was in the courts for several years. The young widow ultimately inherited the bulk of the estate. In 1888 she married the Duke of Marlborough, who died in 1892. While an occupant of Blenheim Castle the Duchess is said to have spent $30,000 in repairs, only to be ousted when the Duke died. In 1895 she married Col. Sir William de la Poer Beresford, who died in 1900. Her only son is William Warren Beresford. His rights to inheritance under the much litigated Hamersley will were brought into question on his mother's death, in January, 1909, and the case is still in the courts.

Mrs. Price's second daughter died in childhood. Another, Lucy, married Alfred H. Renshaw of this city, and died several years ago, leaving four children. Mrs. Price had spent her Summers at Lake Lucerne.

Brig. Gen. David Porter Heap.

PASADENA, Cal., Oct. 25.—Brig. Gen. David Porter Heap, U. S. A., retired, 68 years old, died at his home to-day after a long illness. Gen. Heap was formerly Chief Engineer of the Department of the Pacific. Gen. Heap was born at the United States Legation, San Stefano, Turkey. He was graduated from the United States Military Academy in 1864, and on June 13 of that year was appointed a First Lieutenant of the Engineers. On Feb. 16, 1905, he was retired at his own request, after forty years' service, with the rank of Brigadier General. Gen. Heap was Military Representative of the United States at the Paris Congress of Electricians in 1881, and traveled extensively in Europe, Asia, and Africa. He was a member of the G. A. R., Royal Legion; New York Athletic Club, Army and Navy Club of Washington, and the Bohemian Club of San Francisco. He was the author of several works on engineering.

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TAFT SENDS A WREATH.

Another for Prince Francis of Teck's Funeral from an American Widow.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—A large number of wreaths have been received for to-morrow's funeral of Prince Francis of Teck, among them one from President Taft.

Another is from an American woman, a wealthy widow, whose matrimonial future has been the subject of much discussion, and who was thought to have set her cap for the present King's brother-in-law.

Alfred H. Smith.

Alfred H. Smith, until recently President of the Alfred H. Smith Company, diamond and jewelry importers, of 452 Fifth Avenue, died in the rooms of the Union League Club on Monday afternoon. He was stricken with heart disease while looking up a telephone number outside the booths in the main hall, falling insensible to the floor and dying almost immediately afterward. Mr. Smith had not been in active business for a year. He had been in failing health for several months, and was nearly blind at the time of his death. He went into the diamond importing business in 1890, when he purchased an interest in the firm of Crane & Co., which had been established since 1822. His firm was Smith & Hedges, which was located for a long time at Broad and John Streets. The business then moved to 170 Broadway, and a branch at 452 Fifth Avenue was established.

It was said by some of his friends that his health had been affected by the work incidental to the reorganization of his firm a year ago.

Mr. Smith leaves a brother, Harrison B. Smith of Bayside, L. I., where he had also made his home most of the time. He is also survived by two daughters, Mrs. William Henry Holden and Mrs. William C. Hough, and a sister, Miss Jay Caryl Smith, who lives in Paris.

Sylvester L. H. Ward.

Sylvester L. H. Ward, a lawyer, with offices at 67 Wall Street, died yesterday in his sixty-third year at a hospital in this city. Mr. Ward broke his leg in an accident eighteen months ago. In the Fall of 1908, and again only two weeks ago, he suffered a nervous breakdown, and though his health was failing rapidly he remained in active practice until a short time before his death. He leaves a wife and two sons, Egbert Ward and Sylvester L. H. Ward, Jr. Mr. Ward's home was at White Plains. He was a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the St. Nicholas Society, the Society of Colonial Wars, the American Yacht Club, and the Republican Club.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES D. McLAURIN, 49 years old, treasurer of the Killing, Whitney & Barnes Lumber Company, died at his home in Mount Vernon yesterday from acute indigestion.

Dr. HARRY B. LOCKHEAD, a surgeon of Pittston, Penn., died yesterday in the White Plains Hospital of a complication of diseases. Dr. Lockhead was 35 years old.

WILLIAM BLACK, 58 years old, President of William Black & Co., cigar box manufacturers, died yesterday at his home, 200 West 118th Street, of tuberculosis.

Mrs. MARY E. GRAVES, who retired in 1905 after a continuous service of fifty-three years in the public schools of Marblehead, Mass., died in her home in that town on Sunday.

The Rev. ROBERT WEIR, pastor of East Kingston's Roman Catholic Church, died Saturday.

WILLIAM HILL, a well-known financier and politician, was found dead in his bed at his Pittsburg home Monday morning. He was 73 years old.

ARTHUR R. BRIGGS, President of the Western States Life Insurance Company, died at his home in San Francisco on Monday after a brief illness.

DANIEL J. SPRAGUE, a veteran hotelkeeper, died at the Hotel Colonial in West Eighty-first Street on Monday after a brief illness. He managed several hotels in different parts of the country.

ELISHA H. FAY died on Monday in the homestead of his ancestors in the early pioneer days of Western New York. He was 66 years old.

The Rev. Dr. SAMUEL FARMER JARVIS, rector emeritus of Trinity Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, Conn., graduate of Trinity College, and who served as chaplain during three years of the civil war, died at his home in Brooklyn, Conn., Monday, aged about 86 years. Burial will be in the family vault in Trinity Church Yard, New York City.

First Lieut. JAMES C. LANDFORD of the Philippine Constabulary, died Monday of malarial fever, according to a cable dispatch from Manila received in Washington. He was a native of Maryland.

Ex-Congressman SIMON P. WOLVERTON died at his home in Sunbury, Penn., yesterday, from a second stroke of paralysis. He was 75 years old. Mr. Wolverton was chief counsel of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company. He was prominent in Democratic politics for many years, and in 1890 he was elected to Congress from the Seventeenth District, and served two terms. Mr. Wolverton was also a member of the State and National Bar Associations.

Capt. HUGH R. GARDEN, once President of the Southern Society and a fellow-member with ex-President Cleveland of the commission which funded and settled the debt of the State of Virginia after the civil war, died recently at Southport, N. C., where he had gone for his health. He was in the seventy-third year of his age. Mr. Garden was born in Sumter, N. C. He was educated at South Carolina College, and received his legal training at the University of Virginia. His collegiate and legal education were separated by four years' service in the civil war. He came to New York in 1883 and established a reputation as a corporation lawyer. He had been practicing at 32 Nassau Street up to last Summer. He is survived by his widow.

Mrs. CATHERINE E. KIDD, the wife of Deputy Probate Clerk John F. Kidd of the Surrogate's Court of Kings County, died at her home, 80 Berry Street, Brooklyn, on Monday. She was 44 years old, and a native of Brooklyn.

JOHN KERSWILL, who was for fifty years in the employ of Collins & Co., axe and tool manufacturers of Water Street, Manhattan, died at his home, 119 Hawthorne Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was born in England, and was 74 years old.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ISEAR.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Isear, (nee Sarah Newmark,) a girl, Oct. 25, 1910.

DURKIN.—Oct. 22, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Durkin a daughter.

Engaged

RUBIN—BERKNER.—Mrs. G. Berkner of 443 Manhattan Av., announces the engagement of her daughter, Jennie, to Mr. Louis H. G. Rubin. At home, Sunday, Oct. 30, 1910, from 3 to 6 P. M.

Married.

DONALDSON — WINKHAUS.—On Saturday, Oct. 22d, at the residence of the bride's mother, 276 West 86th Street, Marie H. Winkhaus to Frederick E. Donaldson of Brooklyn, N. Y.

KEITH—WOGLOM.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, Oct. 22, 1910, at the residence of the bride's mother, 241 McDonough St., by the Rev. Arthur Sloan, Florence Euphemia, only daughter of the late William Henry Woglom, to Albert Russell Keith, M. D., of Hartford, Conn.

KNAP—CRAMER.—Tuesday, Oct. 25, at Holy Rood Church, New York City, by the Rev. Stuart Crockett, D. D., Emily Ross Cramer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Cramer, and Joseph Day Knap.

McNEILL—FORBES.—In Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 18th, 1910, by the Rev. A. C. Nickerson, Mary F. Forbes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David L. Thompson, to Laurance Harvey McNeill, son of William S. and Laura S. McNeill of Mobile, Ala.

TUKE—COOPER.—Oct. 25, 43 East 51st St.: Frances Cooper, daughter of the late Margaret Cooper, Montclair, N. J., to Charles H. Tuke, by the Rev. F. Cookman.

BUCHLER—ROSSBOTHAM.—Oct. 25, Loretto V. Rossbotham to Nicholas E. Buchler.

MARSH—BARTON.—Oct. 21, Ida W. Barton to Harold L. Marsh.

Connecticut.

BURGENSKEY—ZADANIO.—Oct. 24, Danbury, Anna Zadanio to Stanislaw Burgenskey.

New Jersey.

BERRY—MASSAKER.—Oct. 22, Dover, Sadie E. Massaker to Clarence Berry.

LARRABE—SCHERRER.—Oct. 22, Newark, Wilhelmina S. Scherrer to Walter A. Larrabe.

OTT—JESSEN.—Oct. 22, Newark, Hilda Jessen to Ludwig F. Ott.

UNDERWALD—SMITH.—Oct. 22, Irvington, May Smith to August Underwald.

Died.

BLACK.—On Oct. 25, William Black, in his fifty-ninth year, after long illness. Funeral from his late residence, 200 West 113th St., on Thursday, Oct. 27, at 11 A. M. Interment Mt. Neboh. Please omit flowers.

BUTLER.—Henry Percival, beloved husband of Lyle Van Wyck Butler and son of the late George B. Butler, suddenly, in the 66th year of his age. Funeral private.

CONANT.—Funeral services for Osmyn Perkins Conant and his wife, Mary Louise Royce Conant, will be held at All Angels' Church, corner 80th St. and West End Av., at 12

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Following were the Supreme Court decisions to-day.

368—San Antonio & Aransas Pass Railway Company, plaintiff in error, v. The State of Texas.—Dismissed with costs on motion for plaintiff.

19—Cincinnati, Indianapolis & Western Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. City of City of Connersville.—Submitted.

4—Rickey Land and Cattle Company, petitioner, vs. Miller & Lux, and

5—Rickey Land and Cattle Company, petitioner, vs. Henry Wood et al.—Argument concluded.

6—Robert Earl Kerfoot, plaintiff in error, vs. The Farmers and Merchants' Bank et al.—Argument concluded.

13—Robert A. Hoe and Arthur Herbert, appellants, vs. the United States.—Argument commenced.

The day call for Wednesday, Oct. 26, will be as follows: Nos. 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 47, 48, and 23.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.: 61—Meeker v. L V R R. 67—City Nat Bank v. Pennsylvania. 47—Spinnello v. N Y N H & H R R. 62—Erie R R v. Russell. 63—Con Rubber Tire Co v. Ferguson. 64—Southern Transp Co v. Proceeds of Schr Lister. 65—Redman v. same. 66—Hein v. Harris. 67—In re Lough. 69—In re Kessler. 70, 73—In re Aschenbach.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hazel, J.—Equity calendar. 89—Ludington Machine Co v. Anargyros. 43—Rajah Auto and Supply Co v. Grossman.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Ray, J.—Preferred case. 107—Elchorn v. C R R Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J.—Preferred calendar. 197—Mulligan v. N Y N H & H R R. 180—Hasbrouck v. Cent N E Ry. 198—Tyrell v. N Y, N H & H R R. 199—Zaccaria v. same. 200—Wendell v. Willetts. 234—Furman v. L I R R. 238—Simonson v. N Y, N H & H R R. 241—Handy Pail Co v. Feigen. 243—Tuite v. N Y, N H & H R R. 177—Mezzacapo v. Penn R R. 186—Miller v. same. 236—Doig v. C R Ry. 44—Columbia Const Co v. McBride.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Admiralty. 224—Rice, v. Tug James Ray. 210—Jaggs v. S S Minnesota. 6—McPhail v. Long.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bischoff, J.—Election cases. ; A—In re Lazarus. B—In re Lesinsky.

79—In re Schmidt. Litigated motions. 3—Simon v. Public Bank. 2—Kosofsky v. Doktor. 3—Chapman v. Chapman. 4—Lee v. Hamilton. 5—Same v. Brown. 6—Hannigan v. Keene. 7—Moore v. Moore. 8—O'Rourke Co v. Goodwin Car Co. 9, 10—Kielpbolte v. Public Service Co. 11—Clabby v. Clabby. 12—St Vincent's Hospital. 13—Mason v. Pier. 14, 15—O'Hare v. Hartman. 16—State Bank v. Silverson. 17—Herzog v. Cont Imp Co. 18—Walcoff v. Bittker. 19—Kaulbach v. Knick. Trust Co v. Supply v. Fuyal. 22—Murray v. Silverberg. 23—Wilson v. Times Square Auto Co. 24—Marchetti v. Societa di Mutue Aspromonte. 25, 26, 27—Turnbull v. Henderson. 28—Rubin v. Wolf. 29—Stern v. Anniren Realty Co. 30—Wilkinson v. Mitchell. 31—Foster v. Mattold. 32—Sinenberg v. Brooklyn Union El R R. 33—Heller v. same. 34, 35—Brook v. same. 36—Sheppard v. Brooklyn Hts R R. 37—Mogalesko v. same. 38—Greenberg v. same. 39—Mogulesko v. Sea Beach Ry. 40—Nevine v. Nassau Elec R R. 41—Dunson v. Brooklyn R T Co. 42—Rosen v. Rosen. 43—Weiss v. Barr. 44—Baker v. Jungmann. 45—Schoenfeld v. Tannenbaum. 46—Remsen v. Levee. 47—Hendler v. Culver Co. 48—Davis v. Bernstein. 49—Am Mineral Water Mach v. Co. 50—Diamond Soda Water Mfg Co. 50—Thompson Co v. Rabinowitz. 51—In re Hotchkiss. 52—In re East. 188th. St. 53—In re Hoffman St. 54—Kieley v. Gearn. 55—Fowler v. Babecok. 56—Babich v. Babich. 57—Weil v. St Exch Ass'n. 58—Mittenthal. 58—Elec Accessories Co v. same. 59—Qurrau v. Computing Scale Co. 60—Wolf v. Musical Courier Co. 61—Logan v. Logan. 62—In re Cedarwold Realty Co. 63—In re Public Park. 64—Ruel v. Ruel. 65—U S Realty Co v. Adler. 66—White v. Nevins. 67—In re Lumb. 68—S & F Realty Co v. Grace. 69—Schenck v. Furst. 70—Friedman v. Cohen. 71—Ruppert v. O'Donnell. 72—Dover Trust Co v. Jarvis. 73—In re Daly. 74—In re Greitman. 75—Gerlands v. Gerlands. 76—Braun v. Stroke. 77—Starkey v. Straus. 78—Beaven v. White. 79—Jencks v. Wilson. 80—Apfelberg v. Kaiser Franz Joseph Verein. 81—Reiner v. Elsohn. 82—N Y Trust Co v. Greenstone. 83—Same v. Spero. 84—Sullivan v. McEntegart. 85—Wolf v. Wolf. 86—Crodley v. Schwarzchild, &c. Co. 87—Scales v. Scales. 88—Wood v. Nieman. 89—Riess v. Rothschild. 90—Yacomo v. Yacomo. 91—Moore v. Moore. 92—Dux v. Goldmount R Co. 93—Wood v. Musical Courier Co. 94—Dennis v. Stock. Troy Co. 95—In re Etgen. 96—Simon v. Public Bank. 97—Cicon v. Romanian Benev Society. 98—Alexander v. Am Encaustic Tiling Co. 99—Paiolechi v. Paioiechi. 100—12th Ward Bank v. Luckes. 101—Lampson v. Lampson. 102—Dennis v. Stock. Grain, &c. Co. 103—Schenck v. Furst. 104—Unger v. Wasserman. 105—Epstein v. Epstein. 106—In re Etgen. 107—In re Hurley. 108—Barber v. Flint. 109, 110—Prisco v. City of N Y. 111—Cican v. Romanian Benev Society. 112—Cochran v. Eglise St. Jean Babtiste.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McCall, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Greenbaum, J.—Motions. Demurrers. 37, 38, 39, and 40—Furniss v. Furniss. General calendar. 115—Iron Trade Products & Hetteshimer. 49—County Mayo Men's Ass'n v. Brown. 944—Elwell v. Elwell. 611—Fitz Gerald v. Dougan. 790—Tubbiolo v. Stevenson Brew Co. 639—Tannenbaum v. Tannenbaum. 800—Kirshner v. Kirshner. 804—Ellis v. Hurst. 908—Middleton v. Middleton. 939—Stanford v. City of N Y. 943—Goldzier v. Fuerst. 949—Nugent v. Cooney. 960—Andrews v. Andrews. 342—Martin v. Flood. 172—Chatillon v. Leonori Hotel Co. 120—Mugler's Iron Works Co v. City of N Y. 1004—Lummis v. Spingarn. 504—Zemer v. Graf. Undefended divorces. 831—Pettignano v. Pettignano. 1698—Doran v. Doran. 1699—Lipinier v. Lipinier. 1700—Young v. Young. 1701—Stewart v. Stewart. 1702—Miklainis v. Miklainis. 1703—Freiberg v. Freiberg. 1704—Loudin v. Loudin. 1705—Malone v. Malone. 1706—Segel v. Segel. 1707—Springer v. Springer. 1708—Parsons v. Parsons. 1709—Tapen v. Tapen. 1710—Piercey v. Piercey. 1711—Matousek v. Matousek. 1712—Kohn v. Kohn. 1713—Brown v. brown. 1714—Salinger v. Salinger. 1715—Sclar v. Sclar. 1716—Toth v. Toth. 1717—Reynolds v. Reynolds. 1718—Zwerman v. Zwerman. 1719—Edmunds v. Edmunds. 1720—Winkelholz v. Winkelholz. 1721—Schmidt v. Schmidt. 1722—Prioleau v. Prioleau. 624—Stratten v. Brown. 704—Luft v. Luft. 705—Lomax v. Lomax. 627—Russell v. Russell. 891—Bendersky v. Bendersky. 892—Shapiro v. Shapiro. 893—Johnson v. Johnson. 586—Paskert v. Paskert. 64—Root v. Root. 54—Boston v. Boston. 65—Raney v. Raney. 393—Grell v. Grell. 473—Wilder v. Wilder. 474—Tierney v. Tierney. 475—Sippel v. Sippel. 597—Nelson v. Nilsson. 361—Roderick v. Roderick. 402—Lachner v. Lachner. 373—Larsen v. Larsen. 583—Schiffer v. Schiffer. 629—Hieckel v. Hieckel. 576—Dulait v. Dulait. 707—Brockie v. Brockie. 579—Deltz v. Deltz. 894—Rosseau v. Rosseau. 770—Kispert v. Kispert.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—O'Gorman, J. (Criminal Term.) 1—Jacob Rauss. 2—Salvatore Locera. 3—John Johnson. 4—Laurence Wessels. 5—Meyer Mintz. 6—James Kelly. 7—Frederick W. Cohen. 8—Tacchinette Oreste. 9.—Melvin Johnson. 10—Eleanor L. Beattie. 11—Harry Hargan. 12—Raffaele Fuggiere. 13—George Miller. 14—Walter Gardner.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J. 2341—Strasbourger v. Philadelphia Casualty Co. 1767—Peterson v. Kirchner. 2137—Olney & Warren v. Esser. 1828—Pick v. Erkins. 2505—Koles v. Borough Park Co. 1554—Von Dietsch v. A M Wall Bldg & Const Co. 2412—Rosenfeld v. Huber. 2256—Fox v. Rosedale Cement Co. 2314—Levy v. Stanford. 2144—People ex rel Zechowy v. Cong First Ostrer Osew Sholem. 2548—Newman v. Newman. 1784—O'Brien v. Osterwise. 2036—Baer v. Swartwout. 2244—O'Beirne v. Kelly. 2193—Kelly v. Brower. 2282—McDermott v. N Y Sav Bank. 2464—Venuto v. Lazzo. 2501—Chaiman v. Chavman. 1874—Danziger v. Danziger. 2455—Vegell v. Rosenthal. 2196—Wolf v. Ostrander. 2507—Doher Trust Co v. Welch. 1926—Penn Cement Co v. Moran.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Davis, J. 575—Colleran v. Joline. 58—Maas v. Brooklyn Heights R R. 73—Brenner v. Whitridge. 62—Seifert v. Joline.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J.—204—Wendel v. Royal Ins Co. 413—Fischer v. G H Gerard, Son & Co. 429—Gerardi v. Reynolds. 403—Reilly v. O'Rourke Co. 109—Backer v. Wilson. 216—Hilton v. Littell. 233—Gallizio v. McGuire. 2042—P Prisco v. City of New York. 2043—L Prisco v. same. 54—Barnes v. Wilson. 42—Clark v. Swift Co. 32—Sullivan v. Alton. 427—Parnell v. Roeber. 454—Marren v. Hegeman Co. 3241—Mattson v. Otis Elec Co. 3363—Gulbrandsen v. Lord Elec Co. 194—N Y & Penn Co v. Atwater. 177—Cont Asphalt Co v. Hudson & Man Co. 282—Anderm v. Mail & Express Co. 484—Bartunek v. Federman. 492—Striker v. N Y Taxicab Co. 500—Lynch v. City of N Y. 501—Delaney v. same. 509—Garrek v. City of N Y. 3194—Lazarovitz v. Sussman. 338, 339—Kane v. Bossey. 265—Steidel v. Gallipan. 3502—Champion v. Tench. 2526—Doescner v. N Y Butchers, &c. Co. 235—Maynard v. 540 Park Av. 112—Pirolo v. Hinkle. 553—Muller v. Aristocratic Pub Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Newburger, J. 187—Chenkin v. Lippman. 422—Reed v. Stokes. 395—Machlin v. Grinberg. 1880, 1881—City of N Y v. Church. 1984—City of N Y v. J W Smith & Son. 1904—Same v. Moll. 1944—Same v. Hough. 2293—Pettit v. Pettit. 452—Paskusz v. Phila Gas Co. 785—Youin v. Payne. 851—Kats v. Finkelstein. 510—Alexander v. Am Encaustic Tiling Co. 2418—Wiseman v. Blome. 571—Elsner v. Cohen. 578—Midgley v. Eastern Life Ins Co. 579—Whitmore v. Beaver Nat Bank. 582—Dennis v. Stock Grain and Provision Co. 607—Emmet v. N Y Sewage Disposal Co. 782—Verrone v. Richard. 814—Brown v. Aylieth. 613—Jackson v. Penfield. 617—N Y Barber Co v. Hudson & Man R Co. 632—Safe Padlock &c., Co v. Kahn. 631—Young v. Hurtig & Seamon. 642—Universal Adding Mach Co v. Mercantile Natl Bank. 636—Weir v. Sec Trans, &c., Co. 654—Alexander v. Williamson. 655—Cleveland Trust Co v. A R Bass & Sons. 678—Abramson v. Frahce. 682—Hotaling v. De Witt. 650—Barber Asphalt & Pav Co v. Coleman. 606—Wolf v. Blumenthal. 701—Mahoney v. City of N Y. 707—Davies v. Friedlander. 653—N R Wood Working Co v. Knap. 95—Vroom v. Litt. 426—Perlman v. Banwer. 535—Universal T M Co v. Rose.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers — Thomas, S. Wills for probate: Ruby A. Waydell, Sarah Rooney, Richard E. Buckley, Margaret Roefer, Jennie L. Romsey, Margaret M. Jones, James J. Wilson, Benjamin Douni, Joseph H. Miller, Kate Feely, Francis Fitch, Catherine M. Higgins.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Smith, J.; Part II., Green, J.; Part III., La Fetra, J.; Part V., Blanchard, J.; Part VI., Lynch, J.; Part VII., Schmuck, J.; Part VIII., McAvoy, J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III., at 9:45 A. M. 1055—Wainer v. Mutual Life Ins Co. 762—Gorsch v. Northern Assur Co. 763—Gorsch v. Firemen's Ins Co. 1043—Hammer, Jr, v. Klingenstein. 1040—Chase v. Kriegel. 1056—Kirschner v. Joline. 1057—Fitzsimmons v. Nat Fire Proofing Co. 1061—Price v. Uhlfelder. 1065—Diamond Paper Mills Co. v. Independent Peerless Pattern Co. 665—Lair Co v. Darr. 783—Doherty v. Ringler. 788—Egan v. Iron Steamboat Co. 636—Talousky v. Harzfeld. 632—Denzer v. Kaminer. 742—Gillies-Campbell Co v. Douchian. 1068—Arnold v. Dressner. 1072—Schwartz v. Hamburg-Am Line. 1075—Kalfon v. Kling. 1078—Lanotti v. Rodgers. 1079—Cacciato v. Clarence L. Smith Co. 1082—De La Vergne Machine Co v. Nat Standard Brew Co. 1084—Lipahtz v. Interborough R T Co. 1085—Weiss v. Joline. 1088—Owler v. Joline. 1094—De Lamateo v. Joline. 1095—Hansen v. Joline. 1096—Pellittere v. Linch. 1097—Catalano v. Corlncione. 1108—Nixon v. Cohen. 1114—Andreozzi v. Polco. 914—Flaherty v. Joline. 705-706—Watel v. Meisterless. 726—Meisterless v. Ungar. 527—Daly v. Lowensteln. 733—Friedman v. N Y Taxicab Co. 556—Anthony v. United Mach. &c, Co. 674—Degener v. Goldstone. 948—Blumer v. Kraft. 468—Helios Mfg Co v. Chabit. 787—Abe Brill Co v. Glasberg. 804—Goodking v. Metvchen Realty Co. 1034—Finch v. Delprin. 662—Hess v. Investors & Traders R Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Finelite, J.—2452—Lehmeyer v. Moses. 2453—Abramson v. Potts. 2469—Rotherbacher v. Koedigen. 2422—Bordin v. Hyman. 2460—Gropper v. Adler. 2468—Lakin v. Salzan. 2420—Scola v. Grauer. 2480—Lamura Cont Co v. Conforti. 2483—Wormser v. Jacobs. 2495—De Motta v. Avenia. 2463—Equitable Trust Co v. Newman. 2488—United Plumbers' Supply Co v. J F Walsh Const Co. 2492—Weber v. Stanley. 2429—Kimbel v. Hartog & Bernhauer. 2476—Cangiolosi v. Peoples. 2477—Locasio v. same. 2503—Wallenstein v. Van Dorn. 2482—Michaelis v. Abraham. 2473, 2474—Penn Cement Co v. Moran. 225—Commonwealth Trucking Co v. Aetna Bond & Realty Co. 2490—Murdoch v. Miller. 2500—Flashbart v. Requa Gibson Co. 2504—Rosenberg v. Levene. 2507—Grimoldi v. Germansky Const Co. 2510—Brockles v. Schneider. 2513—Spoke v. Lieberman.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J. Hyams v. Liberty Land & Imp Co—William C. Arnold, Whewell v. Riedinger et al—Phelan Beale. Same v. same—Samuel Stark. Same v. same—Walter J. Egan.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Reutlinger v. Haase Lippman Const Co (2)—Adam Wiener. Mandel v. Schwarz—John H. Judge.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J. Jonas Weil v. Charles M. Kaufman—Jacob Klein. Isak Goldstein v. Finesilver Matzolk, Jr.—John J. Mackin.

CITY COURT—Delehanty, J. Helen J. Erickson v. Jennie Greene—Santiago P. Cahill. Henrietta Alvis v. Herman S. Bisco—David C. Hirsch.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—All causes from No. 3501 to No. 4000 will be called on Monday, Oct. 31, 1910, at 2 P. M. in Room 35, Part I., Trial Term. The answer must be "ready" or "off." Ready will only mean that the cause is to go on a list of causes from which following day calendars will be made up. Causes marked "off" cannot be restored until No. 4500 shall have been reached.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Crane, J. 480—Roberts v. Nicholsburg. 178—Roske v. Sullivan. 120—Baucher v. Stewart. 305—Klein v. Mec & Traders' Bank. 78—Miller v. Loneao. 163—Kiersted v. Frakes. 227—Kalkstein v. Klein. 309, 310—Crane v. Rosendorf. Highest number reached on the regular call, 3284.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part III., Jaycox, J.; Part IV., Kelly, J.; Part V., Marean, J.; Part VI., Clark, J.; Part VII., Blackmar, J.—9060—Herold v. De Valencia. 83124—Equity Fire Ins Co v. Hipkins. 3104—Williamson v. B R T R R. 3217—Bruno v. Standard Oil Co. 3237—Haydock v. L I R R et al. 3263—Miller v. Boardman. 3271—Tontsevin v. N Y Contracting Co. 2511—Quinn v. B H R R. 3160—Steenmetser v. same. 3278—McGuinness v. same. 3281—Lumsden v. City of N Y. 3284—Plato v. B H R R. 3285—Whitaker v. Carlin. 3289—Simon v. Lamphear. 3292—Divorken v. same. 3299—Mooney v. Carlin. 3302—Minna v. Nassau R R. 3304—Crockett v. Coney I & B R R. 3305—Campbell v. B H R R. 3307, 3308—Colyer v. Barrett. 3310—Ferguson v. B H R R. 2935—Schad v. B H R R. 3318—Sub R R v. 7682—Fonerantz v. Kurp et al. 8842—Ewell v. Douglass. 9920—Thompson v. Thompson Funk et al. 9277—Buckley v. Reid et al. 4118—McCue v. B H R R. 1101—Kelly v. R C Church of Assumption. 2916—Caroroano v. Pomeranz. 3312—Tattan v. Nassau R R. 3313—Tablinsky v. B H R R. 3314—Flanagan v. City of N Y. 3315—Lawes v. Concord Const. 3316—Epstein v. E Q Co & Sub R R. 3322—Bennett v. Nassau R R. 3326—Warkowitz v. Rosenberg. 3327—Turner v. Coney I & Gravesend R R. 3328—Riley v. Nassau R R. 3331, 3332—Ulrich v. same.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for trial to-day. So cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 5334—De Sisto v. Contrastano. 3255—Popkin v. Green. 3337—Nelson v. Ward. 3338—Shipman Mtge Co v. Sussman. 3339—Koepke v. Nassau R R. 3340, 3341—Rutrerford v. B H R R et al. 3342—Bochur v. Diamond & Sloane Co. 3345—Eklund v. Newman. 3348—Harter v. Nassau R R. 3349—Thompson v. Bossert. 3350—Jennings v. Nassau R R. 3351—Jansen v. Silver. 3352—Barcan v. B. Q Co & Sub R R. 3353, 3354—Bloomberg v. B. Q Co & Sub R R. 3357—Biegoraiski v. Dykman. 3358—Brown v. Nassau Realt Development. 3359—Brady v. Nassau R R. 3360—Grossbeard v. B. Q Co & Sub R R. 3364—Bradley v. B H RR. 3366—Popkin v. Brody. 1166—Fusco v. Reiser. 8547—Palmer v. Hooley. 8367—Kamer v. B H R R. 3368—Sterling v. Bentley v. v. Wagner. 3370—Davis v. Di Santi. 3371—Van Name v. Mulligan. 3372—Marsh v. Ahlefeld. 3376—Sherry v. City of New York. 3377—Coyle v. Coney I & B R R. 3380—McCauley v. Maher. 3381—McCann v. Davison. 3382—Chieffo v. Hinck. 3384—Presso v. City of New York. 3385—Williams v. City of N Y et al. 3388—Sheehan v. Brooklyn El R R. 3389, 3390—Weinstein v. Crandall & Godley Co. 3391—Rosenberg v. Matthews. 3392—Paterson v. Runert. 3393—Edgar v. B H R R. 3394—Erlinger v. Coney I & BR R. Highest number reached on regular call, 3294.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Tompkins, J.—220—Bystrom v. Bystrom. 244—Fowler & Sellers Co v. Jewish Prot & Aid Society. 232—Badt v. Lang. 187—Barr & Co. v. Pierpont et al.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Keogh, J.—519—Raflkin v. Southern Pacific Co. 175—Cotton v. City of Yonkers. 176—Same v. same. 317—Fowley v. Village of Irvington. 548—Trott v. Williams. 603—Rosenthal v. Roth. 789—Lukeszuk v. Receiver of Yonkers R R Co.

The remainder of the calendar goes over until the November term.

NOTICE.—By direction of the court, the November term of this court, designated to convene on the first day of November, is adjourned until Monday, Nov. 14, at the same time and place. FRANK M. BECK, Clerk.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—1835—Mahlstedt I. and Coal Co. v. Vernon. 1846—Griffin v. Greer. 1851—Crossler v. Torre. 1856—Howard v. Ranger. 1869—Elliott v. Curran. 1837—Armour & Co. v. Gross. 1844—Levine v. Weaver. 1847—Miller v. Westchester Street Railway Co. 1865—Terzi v. Lonco. 1866—Hill v. Costello. 1316—Kamp v. Frain. 1870—Conlon v. Mallon. 1873—Banks v. Thompson. 1822—Williams v. Chute. 1878—Montagniro v. Troy. 1879—Miller v. Port Chester Bottling Co. 1884—Yonkers Plumbing Supply Co. v. Berg.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Humphrey, J.—63—Sexton v. Brooklyn Heights Railroad Co. 68—O'Loan v. Bklyn Union Elev Ry Co. 71—McDougall v. Jockers et al. 72—Lamb v. Bklyn Union El Ry Co. 28—Garguile v. B H R R Co. 14—Byrnes v. same. 59—Marks v. same. 74—Cerzella v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 38—Stroud v. B H R R Co. 61—Asher v. same. Remainder of calendar passed until Thursday, Oct. 27. Highest number reached on calendar, 80.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Kapper, J.—668—Madalo v. Bklyn, Queens Co & Sub Ry Co. 553—Kalowski v. Coney Island & Bklyn Ry Co. 712—Rosebrook v. Westinghouse Church, Kerr & Co. 706—Same v. L I R R Co. Remainder of calendar passed until Thursday, Oct. 27. Highest number reached on calendar, 1,086.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina and South Carolina and Georgia—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature; light northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

Florida, Alabama, and Mississippi—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; light, variable winds.

Louisiana—Fair Wednesday; Thursday increasing cloudiness and probably unsettled in southern portion; light, variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Increasing cloudiness with probably showers in eastern and southern portions Wednesday and Thursday; light, variable winds.

Utah—Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday; cooler Wednesday.

Oklahoma and Arkansas—Fair Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy and cooler.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy, with cooler by night.

West Virginia—Fair Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy.

Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois—Fair Wednesday, becoming unsettled and cooler Thursday; moderate variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Wednesday; Thursday probably showers and cooler; moderate variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Increasing cloudiness, with rain late Wednesday or on Thursday; cooler Thursday; moderate variable winds.

Wisconsin—Increasing cloudiness with probable rain during Wednesday night; Thursday threatening and cooler; moderate variable winds.

Minnesota—Rain and cooler Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy; moderate variable winds, shifting to brisk northwesterly.

Iowa—Fair in eastern, threatening and cooler in western portion Wednesday; Thursday unsettled and cooler.

Missouri—Fair Wednesday; Thursday unsettled and cooler.

North Dakota—Threatening and cooler Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy.

South Dakota—Threatening and cooler Wednesday with probably rain; Thursday partly cloudy.

Nebraska—Fair Wednesday, becoming unsettled by night and on Thursday cooler.

Kansas—Fair Wednesday; Thursday probably unsettled and cooler.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Col. F. Baker, Ordnance Department, will make not to exceed three visits to Ansonia, Conn., on business pertaining to material being procured by the Ordnance Department.

A board of officers to consist of Capt. R. E. McNally, Eighth Cavalry; First Lieuts. O. W. Rethorst, Eighth Cavalry; F. Kramer, Medical Corps; H. C. Bierbower, Medical Reserve Corps; Second Lieut. H. Polk, Eighth Cavalry, is appointed to meet at Fort Robinson, Neb., Nov. 1, for the competitive examination of Corp. J. F. Brown, Troop A, Eighth Cavalry, and of such other candidates as may be authorized to appear before the board for examination for appointment to grade of Second Lieutenant in the Philippine Scouts.

Capt. W. Hamilton, Coast Artillery Corps, retirement announced.

First Lieut. A. R. Ehrenbeck, Corps of Engineers, to Fort Bayard, N. M., for observation and treatment at General Hospital.

Capt. J. R. R. Hannay, Quartermaster, will proceed from Governors Island, N. Y., on business pertaining to inspection of clothing and equipage.

First Lieut. F. P. Lahm, Seventh Cavalry, to Fort Myer, Va., for temporary duty.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander G. S. Lincoln, to duty, Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal.; Lieut. Commander W. H. Standley, to duty Pennsylvania, as Navigator; Lieut. H. G. Bowen, when discharged treatment Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Cal., granted sick leave one month; Ensign E. F. Johnson, to the Rhode Island; Ensign H. C. Taylor, to the Chester; Ensign N. L. Nichols, to the Terry; Ensign A. D. Turnbull, to duty New York Shipbuilding Company, Camden, N. J., connection fitting out McCall, and duty on board when placed in commission; Ensign A. Penn, to duty New York Shipbuilding Company, connection fitting out Surprows, and duty on board when placed in commission; Ensign J. E. Staley, to duty William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company, Philadelphia, Penn., connection fitting out Warrington, and duty on board when placed in commission.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Dolphin, at Key West; Marietta, at Bluefields; Annapolis, at Suva, Fiji.

Sailed—Lecuidas, from Newport News for Boston; Brutus, from Hampton Roads for Philadelphia; Smith, Tisdel, and Reid, from Annapolis for Solomon's Island; Triton, from Washington for Norfolk; Supply, from Cavite for Guam.

The Buffalo, now at Manila, will leave about Nov. 1 for San Francisco, touching at Guam and Honolulu en route.

The Vicksburg, now at Corinto, Nicaragua, has been ordered to proceed to the Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Tootle-Campbell Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; H. J. Smith, domestics, prints, ginghams, carpets, and rugs; 75 Leonard Street.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. J. Sullivan, domestics, flannels, and blankets; A. S. Dalglish, millinery; 214 Church Street.

Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. D. Granfield, hosiery, gloves, and underwear; 75 Spring Street.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; W. M. Snigg, notions and fancy goods; 75 Spring Street.

McKean, Sellers & Co., Austin, Texas; L. Davis, domestics, woolens, and dress goods; 72 Leonard Street.

Clawson & Wilson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. B. Steenmetser, domestics and wash goods; 45 Leonard Street.

Jefferson, Ferrie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. S. Ritchie, men's and boys' clothing; H. J. Streich, blankets, flannels, jeans, and cottonades; C. B. Stauffer, white goods and linens; 115 Worth Street.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. Cook, linens, blankets, and flannels; 454 Broome Street.

Bernheimer, G., Brothers, & Co., Kansas City, Mo.; H. Westerbeck, toys; 683 Broadway.

Wyckoff, A. B., Stroudsburg, Penn.; general merchandise; 41 Union Square.

Nugent, R., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; S. McKee, domestics, cloths, flannels, and blankets; 31 Union Square.

Golden Eagle Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; T. Zorris, clothing; 65 Leonard Street.

Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. Ames, furniture, carpets, rugs, and oil cloths; 104 Worth Street.

Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; W. T. Hombs, boys' clothing; V. V. Parsons, ready-to-wear; 15 East Sixteenth Street.

Robinson, M., Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; G. P. Walton, linens, laces, hosiery, and embroideries; C. Weinstock, cloaks, suits, and waists; 72 Leonard Street.

Kahn, George M., St. Paul, Minn.; cloaks, suits, and dresses; Hotel Comodore.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; T. J. Donovan, carpets; 55 White Street.

Dickieson & Co., Springfield, Mass.; A. E. Dickieson, dry goods, cloaks, notions, hosiery, and gloves; Hotel Navarre.

Donnelly & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; D. J. Hickey, jewelry, notions, leather goods; L. B. Withstanley, domestics, linens, and flannels; A. E. Sparling, hosiery, knit underwear, and men's furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.

John Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; T. J. McCarthy, stationery; J. A. Lawson, rugs; E. A. Hall, prints; J. Worsley, linings; W. S. Tuffts, laces and embroideries; H. J. Belcher, jewelry and silverware; Miss Buckley, belts; Mrs. M. E. Darlington, misses' suits; 31 Union Square.

Shillito, J., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; R. S. Marshall, carpets; 346 Broadway; Hotel Albemarle.

Strauss-Miller Company, Cleveland, Ohio; M. Miller, carpets and furniture; Hotel Cadillac.

Barnes, Cook & Company, Detroit, Mich.; A. M. Barnes, cloaks and suits; Broadway Central Hotel.

Morrill & Hyde, Hartford, Conn.; H. T. Hyde, men's, women's, and children's wear; C. W. Morrill, ready-to-wear; Hotel Broztell.

Burke, Fitzsimmons, Corse & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; E. P. Barry, notions, laces, and fancy goods; The Hermitage.

Emporium, The, San Francisco, Cal.; J. J. Milburn, cloaks, suits, and furs; 229 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Cumberland.

Wallace Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; Miss L. Harbeck, muslin underwear; Hotel Broztell.

Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; A. E. Rogers, domestics, dress goods, linens, linings and flannels; 31 Union Square.

Smith, M. E. & Co., Omaha, Neb.; L. B. Clough, domestics, flannels and blankets, 320 Broadway.

Hunter, A. S. and T., Utica, N. Y.; C. A. Vencill, cloaks, suits, furs and shawls; 36 West 24th Street.

Fox, G., & Co., Hartford, Conn.; M. Stern, domestics, linens, flannels, millinery, ribbons and toilet articles; 320 Church Street.

Brager, L. L., Baltimore, Md.; Millinery and women's wear; Herald Square Hotel.

Hilman, J., Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Van Tassell, silks; Mr. Neuman, domestics; Mr. Byron, upholstery goods; 684 Broadway.

Crowley-Milner Company, Detroit, Mich.; H. E. Barker, jewelry and leather goods; 684 Broadway.

Milner, W. L., Company, Toledo, Ohio; Mr. Gerdes, domestics and linens; 684 Broadway.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss Holman, muslin underwear; 821 Broadway.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; B. L. Elzas, millinery; 4 Washington Place.

Block, William H., Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; W. H. Block, domestics, dress goods, and silks; 683 Broadway.

Filene's, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss F. Schlager, shirtwaist suits and costumes; Mrs. A. Moore, ladies' underwear; Mr. Fox, dresses; Miss Jackson, waists; 30 West Twenty-second Street.

Marks-Rothenberg Company, Meridian, Miss.; I. Marks, notions, dry goods and furnishing goods; 40 West Twenty-second Street.

Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss Doyle, infants' wear; 114 Fifth Avenue.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; A. H. Shannon, dress goods; E. H. Young, prints; A. L. Fletcher, notions, toilet, fancy and fresh goods; Mr. Cracker, representing; Mr. Levy, representing; 41 Union Square.

Malley, Ed. Company, New Haven, Conn.; C. A. Stiles, cloaks, suits, furs, and waists; 41 Union Square.

Wonder Department Store, The, Spokane, Wash.; Seidenbach, general merchandise; 41 Union Square.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; H. J. Fehl, domestics, flannels, and blankets; 2 Walker Street.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; W. Muir, dress goods; 2 Walker Street.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; Miss M. E. Cole, millinery; 2 Walker Street.

Gilchrist Company, The, Boston, Mass.; W. H. Mann, domestics, wash goods, and linens; J. Walker, furnishing goods, hosiery, and knit underwear; 55 White Street.

Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; P. T. Watt, dry goods, hosiery, and underwear; W. S. Sullivan, cloaks and furs; 55 White Street.

Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; Mr. Porteus, dry goods; 55 White Street.

Spellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. M. Day, laces, handkerchiefs, and ladies' neckwear; 683 Broadway; Hotel Seville.

Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; A. C. Johnson,

YALE SHOWS POOR FORM FOR MR. CAMP

Scrubs Play 'Varsity Eleven to a Tie Score—Young Camp Promoted.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 25.—Yale lacked many regulars in the practice today, which was ragged and discouraging. The scrubs, by a sensational dash in the last minute of the play, tied the score, which stood 6 to 6.

The university scored the first time when Baker, whose play at half back was the best of the game, fell on a fumble ten yards from the scrubs' goal, and after the regulars had failed to gain, Deming kicked a goal from placement. After the 'Varsity had fought the scrubs fifteen minutes fruitlessly Corey kicked a goal from the field from the twenty-yard line. The 'Varsity rushed the ball to the scrubs' five-yard line, when Bourne, full back, fumbled and Church, scrub tackle, picked it up and rushed 100 yards for a touch-down, tieing the score.

Strout, 'Varsity quarter back, and Tommers, the baseball pitcher, who was tried at half back on the 'Varsity, were compelled to quit because of injured knees.

Walter Camp, Jr., was promoted to left end on the 'Varsity. Howe, the veteran quarter back, played full back on the 'Varsity in signal practice. Walter Camp, Sr., saw the eleven in practice for the first time this season. He did not actively coach, but watched the floundering of the two elevens from a side-line seat. Ex-Capt. Burr Chamberlain, Jim Rodger, Jack Owsley, and Harry Vaughn aided the regular coaches, Coy and Holt.

Coy said to-night that the eleven still showed its greenness, but that with the veterans all back it will prive strong in the closing games of the year.

To-day's line-up: Left end, Camp; left tackle, Scully; left guard, Francis; centre, Moulin; right guard, Miller; right tackle, Paul; right end, Brooks; quarter backs, Strout and Corey; left half back, Baker; right half back, Greely; full back, Deming.

DROP KICK SAVES HARVARD.

Crimson 'Varsity Somewhat Slow In Scrimmage with Second Team.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 25.—Whatever hard scrimmaging Harvard is going to do for West Point will have to come the next two days, for the scrimmage against the second eleven this afternoon was long but somewhat slow. Several of the best 'Varsity players took things easy, and it is planned to have the men in the best of physical condition against the Army, even if they have not had a great deal of work this week. There were several subs in the 'Varsity line-up this afternoon. The second team not only played well, but had the ball a good deal trying out the 'Varsity's defense. On the latter's 10-yard line the second team hammered away for a number of downs trying to pierce the 'Varsity's defense, but could not get the leather across. The 'Varsity won by a score of 3 to 0, a drop kick from the 20-yard line by Ted Frothingham being the only score.

The 'Varsity line-up was as follows: Left end, Felin and Lewis; left tackle, Hann; left guard, Minot; centre, Huntington; right guard, Keyes; right tackle, Bush; right end, Smith; quarter back, Potter; left half, Graustein; right half, Wendel; full back, Morrison.

All Withington and McKay, the regular tackles, did was to get into the signal drill. Fisher, the veteran guard, took another day off. His leg is a bit sore, where it was rubbed by elastic bandages. Frothingham scrimmaged merely long enough to drop kick the goal. Wigglesworth did not scrimmage at all, and the first choice centres, P. Smith and Perkins, only ran around the track. The Harvard second team will play the Brown second team here next Saturday.

N. W. Bingham, '95; Dr. Channing Frothingham, '02, and F. A. Goodhue, '06, have been appointed an Adjustment Committee for Harvard in the matter of applications for tickets for the Harvard-Yale and Harvard-Dartmouth football games. They will act on all doubtful and special cases and all applications from men who were at college less than two years.

William T. Gardiner has been elected Captain of the Harvard freshman football team. Gardiner lives in Boston, and plays left tackle. Reginald L. Whitmen of New York has been appointed manager of the freshman eleven, and George F. Plimpton of Buffalo assistant manager.

FRESHMEN SCORE ON 'VARSITY

Princeton Finds It Rather Hard to Defeat the Youngsters.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 25.—The Princeton freshmen scored on the 'Varsity eleven this afternoon and the latter team had a hard tussle beating the youngsters by a score of 12 to 6. The scrimmage followed a short game in which the 'Varsity lined up against the scrubs and scored half a dozen touchdowns. The freshmen were then called to the field and tried out. They got a good name from the start. The freshmen kicked off and Pendleton ran the ball back 20 yards. Sparks then began a series of rushes that put the ball across the goal line. A blocked kick and a run gave the 'Varsity another score a short time later, and then several substitutes were sent in to take the place of the regulars. These men proved rather easy for the 1914 team, for by rushing the ball 30 to 20 yards at a time they finally scored a touchdown. At other times the freshmen got close enough to the goal line to try drop kicks, but could not send them over the bar.

N. Y. U. Has Lively Practice.

Practice at Ohio Field was unusually severe yesterday afternoon, the 'Varsity lining up against Morris and Clinton High Schools, as well as the scrubs. The first team had been permitted to rest Monday, and yesterday's practice was its first since the game with Stevens last Saturday.

Charles Gould, who played end at Yale and captained the team in 1901, was at Ohio Field yesterday afternoon and assisted Coach Olcott. When the N. Y. U. 'Varsity was lined up against the scrubs Booth and Betcher played the wing positions, while Wheeler and Crawford, the two regular ends, followed up with Gould and got pointers from the former Yale star. Later the New York team had a ten minutes' scrimmage with Morris High. Wheeler and Crawford were put in, and they made a good showing under Gould's tutelage. The Morris team played well, showing considerable skill in offensive work. It could not stop the charges of the New York line, however, permitting the Violet players to make large gains.

The Clinton team showed less strength than the other high school. The forward pass was worked against it repeatedly. N. Y. U. has a new play which completely fooled it. It is a fake for a kick from placement, but ends in a forward pass.

Indians Getting in Trim for Pennsy.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Oct. 25.—Heavy work for the Carlisle Indian football squad in preparation for the University of Pennsylvania game at Philadelphia on Saturday, began this evening when signals and a snappy thirty-minute scrimmage were run off under Coach Warner's close observation. Particular stress was laid on running down under and catching punts, and Assistant Coach Wasseka took the linemen and plugged away hard with them at the monster charging machine. The Indian backfield men were closely watched and instructed by Warner. Libby was in the game this evening in good fighting trim, and Bracklin took an end instead of Kennerly. The Indians are in fairly good shape barring the minor bruises received at Princeton. Secret practice will be the order at Carlisle until after the redskins and Quakers meet.

A few changes will be made in the arrangement of the team before the Philadelphia game, but they will be of minor importance. A large number of Indian students will likely take in the battle on Franklin Field.

Harvard Winners in Doubles.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 25.—The final match in doubles in the Harvard tennis championship was played this afternoon, and the winners were A. Sweetser, 1911, and W. B. Fraser-Campbell, 1911. They defeated E. R. McLane, 2 L., and E. P. Pearson, 2 L., in straight sets, 6—3; 6—4, and 8—6.

ERASMUS HALL TEAM WINS.

Victors Roll Up 45 Points in Football Match to Commercial's 0.

The football team of Erasmus Hall kept up its winning career yesterday by smothering Commercial on Hawthorne Field, Flatbush, by a score of 45 to 0. The winners had a very good conception of the new game, and showed every effect of careful coaching. Commercial failed to withstand the individual smashes of its opponents who have gone through the season thus far unscathed by defeat, and with goal line uncrossed.

A howling, rooting crowd of nearly two thousand witnessed the games, these being mainly from Erasmus Hall, and among whom were many girls. This team had its cheer leaders, armed with megaphones, who led the stands in singing Princeton's Cannon song as an incentive to the players, Commercial offsetting this with "Boola, Boola." The line-up:

Erasmus.	Position.	Commercial.
Balcolm	Left end	Skinner
Byrne	Left tackle	Van Camp
Squires	Left guard	Hemel
Felter	Centre	Goldstein
Armstrong	Right guard	Hannan
Draeger	Right tackle	Rozanka
McMath	Right end	Wallerman
Gamble	Quarter back	Hughes
Reimers	Left half	Deutemple
James	Right half	Ballinger
Gallagher	Full back	Irwin

Touchdowns—James, (4,) Gallagher, (2,) Reimers, Kephart. Goals from touchdowns—Byrne, (3,) Armstrong, (2,) Substitutes—Roth for Gamble, Ardinghi for Ballinger, Adams for Skinner, Pierce for Felter, McGigney for James, Palmer for Squires, Kephart for Gallagher, Brierly for Balcolm, McGee for Felter, McKinney for Reimers, Felter for Byrne, Ballinger for Ardinghi, Hughes for McCrane, Baumhanger for Hannan. Referee—Harry Fisher, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Valentine, New York University. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

COOMBS AS A RECRUIT.

Connie Mack Liked His Nerve, and Predicted a Brilliant Future.

Walter Burnham, former owner and manager of the Newark team of the Eastern League, tells this story about Jack Coombs, the Athletics' pitcher, who had so much to do with winning the world's championship from the Cubs:

"Jack," says Burnham, "is a Maine product, and began pitching on rural teams when 'Cy' Young was doing his best work for the Boston Americans. Like every other New England 'phenom' of those days the name of 'Cy' was applied to him, and it was as 'Cy' Coombs that Connie Mack heard of him when he was pitching for Colby College.

"Mack watched the collegian's career and sent scouts to look him over. The result was that in 1905 Coombs started for Philadelphia to join the Athletics. He reached Philadelphia at noon. Getting into a uniform he warmed up before the game. After the contest Mack was sitting in his office talking with me when Coombs entered.

"'Are you planning to work me tomorrow?' the ex-Colby student asked without hesitation.

"Manager Mack paused and then replied in the negative.

"'Well, I thought I would ask you, Mr. Mack, because I intend to go to the theatre to-night. Of course, if you were going to use me to-morrow I shouldn't do anything that would put me out of condition.'

"When Manager Mack had repeated his assertion Coombs went out, and Mack, turning to me, said:

"'What do you think of the nerve of that recruit?' Then, as if struck suddenly by the other side of the episode, he added:

"'Say, Walter, I like that fellow's nerve. He's got the idea that makes for success in baseball or anything else, and some day he will be one of the stars of my pitching staff. Mark my prediction.'"

Bad Weather for Cornell Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The worst weather of the season upset the plans of the Cornell coaches to-day, and the big scrimmage scheduled was called off. The 'Varsity team, however, had a long drill in handling the slippery ball, especially in falling on it. Pitcher was in to practice again. He has been in bad shape for about three weeks, and the coaches feared he could not play against Harvard. Baker played right end to-day for a few moments, although he is just recovering from a number of bruises. Nichols, Eyrich, Seagrave, and Butler did not report, and this gave rise to a rumor that Butler had been quite badly hurt in yesterday's game when he collided with Eyrich. This was promptly denied by the coaches.

The team had a short drill in the new formations, which are to be used in the game against Harvard. The backs especially were drilled in handling punts with a slippery ball. Bates, Hinson, Whyte, and Wilson took part in this work, but O'Connor, Robb, and Whyte did not work hard.

The coaches sent the scrubs through a scrimmage with the freshmen, but this did not last long, because of the weather. It was announced that Cornell did not expect many coaches back for the Harvard game. The work will be done by the men who are here now, supplemented by a few of the alumni who are familiar with the Harvard style of play.

Navy Down to Hard Work.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 25.—The Navy team settled down to hard work this afternoon, going through a long signal practice, followed by a tough scrimmage with the scrubs, which lasted nearly forty minutes. Although the 'Varsity had a strong team against it, it did not have much trouble advancing the ball, carrying it the length of the field several times. Brown, the plebe, who was tried at end the first part of the season, but has been at left guard during the last two weeks, showed up well, blocking several kicks and generally getting down the field with the end. His addition to that side of the line will make it especially strong, with Capt. King at tackle and Cobb or Dickinson at end. Clay, who has been playing a good game at right half for the past two years, was not in the scrimmage to-day, his place being filled by Bayly Austin. Dalton continued to keep up his good work both on the defensive and offensive and showed that he is about the best that the Navy has in the ground-gaining line. He made several good gains to-day, one being a run of about thirty yards from a kick formation. Sowell, the new quarterback, also made a run of about twenty yards. The only scoring was a place kick by Dalton.

Army Strengthens Defense.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Oct. 25.—To-day in the first scrimmage the cadets have had in preparation for the Harvard game next Saturday the coaches directed the efforts entirely to serengthen the defense to withstand the expected powerful Harvard attack. The scrubs were allowed to keep the ball, and the biggest gain and one that netted them a first down was Phelan's fine run back of the kick-off for twenty-five yards. On the fifty-five-yard mark the first team gave an exhibition of defensive strength that was joyfully watched by the cadets along the side lines. The scrubs directed the attack at every position of the line, but, after many downs, had not gained a yard. Again they had the ball on the twenty-five-yard mark, and here Keen broke through and ran fifteen yards. Brown turned his ankle in stopping the dash. Brown's loss would be a severe blow to the Army, but it is not thought his injury is serious. Hyatt did not get into the game to-day, but will direct the team in to-morrow's scrimmage.

CUTLER DEFEATS HOPPE.

Champion Beaten in Second Night's Play, but Leads in Match.

Albert G. Cutler defeated Willie Hoppe, champion of the world at 18.1 balkline billiards, last night at Doyle's Academy by a score of 316 to 300, in the second game of a series of six to be played this week.

Hoppe is playing his opponent the odds of 18.1 to 18.2, and, while the champion is still ahead with a total of 600 points to 492, he lost last night's match largely through carelessness.

Cutler's average for the twenty innings was 15, while Hoppe's was 14 6-21 for the twenty-one that he shot. The score:

Hoppe—27, 11, 49, 41, 1, 4, 22, 54, 1, 3, 21, 12, 4, 2, 6, 3, 27, 8, 0, 1, 8. Total, 300.

Cutler—0, 17, 40, 36, 5, 15, 29, 8, 38, 3, 7, 7, 0, 70, 0, 1, 36, 3, 4, 2. Total, 316.

High runs—Cutler, 70, 40, 38; Hoppe, 54, 49, 41. Averages—Cutler, 15; Hoppe, 14 6-21. Referee—James Blair.

Waseda Beaten by Chicago.

OSAKA, Japan, Oct. 25.—The Chicago University baseball team defeated the Waseda University nine to-day by a score of 8 runs, 6 hits, and 3 errors to 4 runs, 4 hits, and 4 errors.

FIVE CUPS FOR YACHT RACING

King Alfonso XIII. Honorary Member of Eastern Yacht Club.

BOSTON, Oct. 25.—Besides making King Alfonso XIII. of Spain the fourth honorary member, the Eastern Yacht Club at its Fall meeting to-night received the deeds of gift of five valuable cups offered for races preliminary and supplementary to the annual July cruise.

The placing of the name of the King of Spain beside those of President Taft, Emperor William of Germany, and Theodore Roosevelt was the desire to recognize officially the efforts of King Alfonso in encouraging yachting, especially in the sonder races between Spanish and American yachts in Spain in 1907 and in this country last Summer.

The special cups are for ocean races between New London and Marblehead, after the Harvard and Yale rowing race, and from Bar Harbor to Marblehead at the conclusion of the annual cruise.

Three cups are offered for the New London event, one by Commodore F. Lewis Clark for schooners down to and including Class D; one by Capt. Chester C. Rumrill of the sloop Adventuress for sloops down to and including Class L, and one for auxiliary schooners, sloops, and yawls down to and including Class K, by Capt. Lawrence H. Armour of the yawl Cacique. These races are expected to encourage many New York yachts to make the run around the cape and participate in the annual Eastern regatta and cruise.

Guy Norman, a member of the club, offers two cups for the Bar Harbor-Marblehead race.

BIG POWER BOAT RACE.

Buffalo Making a Bid for One of the National Events Next Year.

Following the formation of the Buffalo section of the American Power Boat Association comes the news that definite action is now being taken which assures for Buffalo in 1911 one of the representative power boat races of the world. The new section means the addition of another great National competition for the waters of the Great Lakes. This will probably be known as the race for the Silver Tankard or Cup.

It is likely that the Great Lakes race, under the sanction of the American Power Boat Association, will be held under the auspices of the new Buffalo section, and will consist of a long-distance cruising race for cabin power yachts over a triangular course, with Buffalo as the apex of the triangle, the basic points of the triangle being probably Cleveland, Ohio, and Port Stanley, Ontario, or Toledo, Ohio, and Rondeau, Ontario. The race will be a scratch event, free for all.

JESUIT HANGS ON FENCE.

Steeplechase Horse Comes to Grief After Running Away at Pimlico.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 25.—An accident to Jesuit, the favorite in the Glenmore steeplechase, gave the race to Hylda, a well-tipped outsider, which proved better than Banner, the second choice in the betting. Jesuit's accident occurred early in the race, and after running around the course once he tried to hurdle the fence and was hung up. A carpenter and his saw got him free. Kermath, who has been consistently winning through the field, had the mount, and was badly injured in the fall.

The Potomac Purse, the other carded feature, went to Blackford, who beat out Hilltop, the favorite, in the hottest kind of a stretch battle. The track was again fast, but the weather threatening. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Five and a half furlongs. Capsize, 120 pounds, (Gross,) 6 to 1, 5 to 2, 4, 2, 6, 3, 27, 8, 0, 1, 8. Total, 300.

Cutler—0, 17, 40, 36, 5, 15, 29, 8, 38, 3, 7, 7, 0, 70, 0, 1, 36, 3, 4, 2. Total, 316.

High runs—Cutler, 70, 40, 38; Hoppe, 54, 49, 41. Averages—Cutler, 15; Hoppe, 14 6-21. Referee—James Blair.

SECOND RACE.—The Potomac purse, for two-year-olds and upward; one mile and forty yards. Blackford, 113 pounds, (Dugan,) 16 to 5, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, won; Hill Top, 113, (Davis,) 11 to 10, 2 to 5, and out, second; Lad of Langdon, 108, (Bell,) 7 to 1, 2 to 1, and 9 to 10, third. Time—1:42 3-5. Captain Swanson, Charivari, Laughing Eyes, and Medallion also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Nickstoner, 105 pounds, (Gross,) 6 to1, 2 to 1, and even, won; Summer Night, 110, (Dugan,) 5 to 1, 8 to 5, and 4 to 5, second; Rampage, 100, (Ural,) 25 to 1, 10 to 1, and 3 to 1, third. Time—1:15. Drachme, James H. Brady, Taught It, Ten Paces, Van Den, Lizaro, Old Erin, Dr. Burch, Arondack, Frieda C., and Lady Fitz Herbert also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Glenmore Steeplechase; for four-year-olds and upward; two miles. Hyda, 149 pounds, (Williams,) 18 to 5, 4 to 5, and out, won; Sambali, 150, (Grantland,) 12 to 1, 3 to 1, and out, second; Banner, 158, (Hayes,) 2 to 1, 7 to 10, and out, third. Time—4:02 4-5. Jesuit and Gun Cotton also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Fauntleroy, 100 pounds, (Estep,) 7 to 1, 3 to 1, and 6 to 5, won; Busy, 100, (Garner,) 7 to 1, 3 to 1, and 6 to 5, second; Practical, 112, (Dugan,) 4 to 5, 7 to 5, and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:46 4-5. Gilpin, Sandrian, Woodcraft, and Cliff Edge also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For all ages; one mile. Heatherbloom, 88 pounds, (Davies,) 3½ to 1, 4 to 5, and out, won; Mollie S., 92, (Estep,) 12 to 1, 2 to 1, and even, second; Touch Me, 91, (Gordon,) 11 to 5, 4 to 5, and out, third. Time—1:40 4-5. Maroma and The Golden Butterfly also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—Five and a half furlongs; for two-year-olds. Footprint, 120 pounds, (Dugan,) 9 to 20 and out, won; Pharaoh, 113, (Doyle,) 9 to 5 and out, second. Time—1:07 2-5. Only two starters.

Entries for Pimlico Racing.

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; six furlongs. El Bart, Ivyton, Wrap, Troy Weight, Jerseyman, and Kinnelon 107 pounds each; Mr. Spees, Ortson, Bourbon Beau, Day Bell, Footlights, Merry Lad, and Castania, 110 each.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Danfield, 107 pounds; J. H. Houghton, 110; King Cobalt and Guv Fisher, 115 each; Field Mouse, Cohort, Takahira, Blackmate, Besom, Restigouche, Tim Pippin, and Florinel, 112 each.

THIRD RACE.—Pimlico Selling Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward; mile and three-quarters. Mariger 107 pounds, and Marigot 97 each; *My Gal 100; Bonnie Kelso, 123; Dixie Knight, 105; Montgomery and Wilton Lackaye, 117 each; Gay Deceiver, 107; Dull Care, 108; High Private, Superstition, and Beauclaire, 114 each.

FOURTH RACE.—Linstead Steeplechase, for three-year-olds and upward; two miles. Prince, 155 pounds; The Speaker, 135; Judge Cronin, 142; Bear of the Mountain and Glopper, 130 each; Thames, 133; Sam Ball, 150.

FIFTH RACE.—Juvenile Handicap, for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Babbler, 121 pounds; Chilton Squaw, 102; †Amalfi, 100; †Cutty Hunk, 99; Antenor, 98; Moncrief, 101; Leah, 103; Adams Express, Touch Me, and Martin W. Littleton, 108 each; Pharaoh, 106; Aldrian, 105.

SIXTH RACE.—Maryland Club, purse, for three-year-olds and upward; mile and three sixteenths. Gay Deceiver, *Golconda, and Tasteful, 101 pounds each; Layminster, 96; Question Mark, 108; †Lad of Langdon, 106; Dixie Knight and Dull Care, 108 each; Hammon Pass, 99; Harvey F., 100; The Golden Butterfly, 102; Campaigner and Wilton Lackaye, 109 each.

SEVENTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; six furlongs. Aetna, 107 pounds; Patrick S., The Nigger, L'Appelle, Idle Michael, Fezan, Gold Bug, Hecuba, and Annie Sellers, 107 each; Seconke, Paton, and Barney Igoe, 110 each.

*Apprentice allowance claimed. †Wilson entry.

BIG BASEBALL TRADE.

Philadelphia and Cincinnati Nationals Exchange Players.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 25.—President August Herrmann of the Cincinnati Baseball Club to-night announced that the Cincinnati club had transferred Pitchers Rowan and Beebe, Third Baseman Lobert, and Outfielder Paskert to the Philadelphia National League Club in exchange for Pitchers Moren and McQuillan, Third Baseman Grant, and Outfielder Bates.

Three New Entries for Auto Race.

Three new entries for the light car race to be held at Savannah, Ga., Nov. 11, the day before the running of the Grand Prize contest, were announced last night. The new contenders are a Lancia, entered by C. H. Tangeman of the Hol-Tan Company, and two Cole cars, entered by the Colt-Stratton Company, both of New York.

A. A. U. Meeting Nov. 21.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—President Everett C. Brown of the National Amateur Athletic Union has issued a call for the annual meeting of the organization to be held in New York City Nov. 21.

Other Sports on Page [illegible].

COTTON PRICES SOAR ON GINNING FIGURES

Report of 5,410,960 Bales Ginned to Oct. 18 from 1910 Growth Was Under Anticipations.

OPTIONS UP FIFTY POINTS

The Rise, However, Is Not Thought Wholly Due to Shortage, but to War of Speculative Interests.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The Census Bureau's report on cotton, issued to-day, shows that 5,410,960 bales, counting round as half bales, were ginned to Oct. 18 from the growth of 1910, compared with 5,530,967 for 1909, 6,296,166 for 1908, and 4,420,258 for 1907 to the corresponding date.

Round bales included this year are 65,105, compared with 88,716 for 1909, 118,720 for 1908, and 97,957 for 1907.

Sea Island cotton ginned this year was 25,324 bales, compared with 36,482 for 1909, 32,013 for 1908, and 18,775 for 1907.

By States the number of bales ginned and the 1909 total to the corresponding date were:

State.	1910.	1909.
Alabama	523,051	512,823
Arkansas	161,111	330,884
Florida	26,337	35,006
Georgia	914,565	1,115,841
Louisiana	113,202	143,977
Mississippi	354,361	390,096
North Carolina	249,942	253,040
Oklahoma	419,083	329,429
South Carolina	513,312	624,301
Tennessee	57,658	101,250
Texas	2,068,743	1,673,428
All other States	7,995	19,892

The distribution of Sea Island cotton for 1910 by States is: Florida, 9,881; Georgia, 14,256, and South Carolina, 1,207.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 25.—The cotton market, on opening, was thrown into a panic of buying to-day by the Census Bureau figures on ginning up to Oct. 18. Prices rose 14 to 20 points on the first call, and the advance was widened to 21 to 25 points in the early trading. The market had expected a report of 6,000,000 bales.

Shorts were heavy buyers throughout the morning, and prices advanced in a nervous and jerky way. There was comparatively little cotton for sale, offerings coming principally from strong bears who were selling on a scale-up. Offerings from realizing longs were very small. The most active months advanced until they were 44 to 48 points, or nearly half a cent, up. Toward noon offerings as the result of fresh short sales were freer, and this checked the upward movement and caused a reaction of about 5 points.

After making progress for over a week and putting cotton back to 14 cents and lower for the nearby options, the Government ginning figures yesterday reversed the market and put the options up 50 points, or $2.50 a bale, over Monday's closing prices. The figures of the ginning report, showing an output of 5,410,960 bales up to Oct. 18, were about half a million bales less than the trade generally expected; but, considering the lateness of the crop this year, the showing in itself was not considered by traders the chief reason for the rise. As was the case in the latter part of last season, the cotton market has recently been largely made by the speculative war between the big bull and bear interests, and last week's decline, as well as yesterday's sudden reversal, was attributed in cotton circles yesterday to technicalities of trading rather than to any radical change in the outlook for the crop.

The favorable weather outlook in the South has been the mainstay of the successful bear campaign, and, with a continuance of the prospect of late frosts, the speculators on the bear side were encouraged to maintain their position over Monday night.

The sold-out condition of the market was evidenced in the rapid advance following the publication of the Government figures. At the low prices of Monday cotton was around 110 points, or $5.50 a bale, below the high price established on Oct. 14. On the latter date December sold at 14.97 cents per pound, January at 15.01, March at 15.14, and May at 15.21. Yesterday October went down to 14.05, December to 13.96, January to 14.06, March to 14.17, and May to 14.23.

Tough Customer for "Dixie Kid."

Denis Tighe, the clever welterweight of Scranton, Penn., is in fine condition for his ten-round bout with "Dixie Kid," which takes place to-night at the Sharkey Athletic Club. This pair will furnish the main attraction of the card. It will undoubtedly be a slashing battle. Tighe is one of the best welters in the country and has never been defeated. He was formerly in the navy and engaged in a boxing contest at San Francisco which was refereed by Jim Jeffries and which won him the navy championship of the coast. He has boxed several boys up the State, but to-night will be his first appearance in this city. From all that is said about him "Dixie Kid" will have to be at his best. The latter is reported to be in good shape again. In the semi-final that clever youngster, Young Healy of Newark, will meet some good boy for six rounds, and there will be the usual preliminary scraps.

Official Soccer Guide Just Issued.

A book useful and entertaining to soccer players has just been issued. Spalding's Official Soccer Guide contains the rules for the season of 1910 and 1911, many half-tone illustrations of prominent teams throughout the country, and interesting articles on the game from the different sections where played. Among these are the "American Pilgrim Tour of 1909," "History and Progress of the American Football Association, Eastern League," "Association Football in New York," "Association Football in Philadelphia," "Soccer Football in Chicago, St. Louis," &c.

A feature section of the guide is that devoted to colleges by Thomas George Orten of the University of Pennsylvania. Soccer was one of the features in college sports last season, and Dr. Orten has selected an all-American team from the colleges. The guide has been published by the American Sports Publishing Company of 21 Warren Street, New York City.

Harvard Men In Cross-Country.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 25.—As a result of a cross-country trial this afternoon, the following twelve men have been picked to run for Harvard in the race with Massachusetts Technology next Saturday: C. W. Burrage, '13; H. L. Groves, '12; P. C. Heald, '11; H. Jacques, Jr., '11; W. H. LLacey, '12; H. P. Lawless, '13; P. Newton, '11; S. Nichols, '13; W. A. Perkins, '12; W. P. Rogers, '13; E. L. Viets, '11, and P. R. Withington, '12. P. Lawless, Jacquees, and Withington finished one, two, three in the order named. Interest in cross-country running here has been increased by the action of the Athletic Committee. Hereafter a man who finishes third or better in the dual run with Yale will receive the 'Varsity "H," as will the man who finishes seventh or better in the intercollegiate run.

Burns and Houck at Olympic.

Frankie Burns, the Jersey City bantamweight, and Tommy Houck of Philadelphia were matched yesterday to meet next Monday night at the Olympic Athletic Club of Harlem. "This ought to prove one of the best bouts of the season, as Burns has defeated the cleverest bantams in the East and holds a victory over Champion Johnny Coulon, while Houck is the only undefeated bantam in the country. The boys will weigh in at 116 pounds ringside.

Slosson Forfeits to Hoppe.

George Slosson, the billiardist who was to have played Willie Hoppe, the world's champion 18.1 balkline player, for the title at Madison Square Garden on Nov. 2, has forfeited his guarantee of $250 and the match will not take place. The reason given by Mr. Slosson was that on account of the plaster falling from the ceiling on him in his rooms a short time ago he has been unable to get into condition to compete in such a match.

Belmont's Sandwich a Winner.

NEWMARKET, England, Oct. 25.—The Criterion Stakes of 30 sovereigns each, with 200 sovereigns added, for two-year-olds, distance six furlongs, was run here to-day and won by August Belmont's Sandwich. H. P. Whitney's Borrow was second and Prince San third. There were five starters.

Games of Holy Name Society.

The athletic games of St. Patrick's, Jr., Holy Name Society at Pratt Institute Field, Brooklyn, on election day promise to be unusually attractive. Among hte entries are George Obermeyer, the ten-mile champion; Eddie Carr, the crack runner of the Mayleys; Jimmy Clark, and many prominent performers in the other events.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

The continued indifference of the foreign market is still the damper to bull speculation in wheat. As has been the case the past several sessions, Liverpool has been relatively weaker than our markets, which tends to confirm the excellent foreign crop prospects and reports of freer offerings from foreign producing centres, and naturally retards export demand, which otherwise would be felt in this country. In response to these bearish factors the market opened at fair declines, with offerings quite liberal at the outset, but following trading became very quiet, with values inclined to harden. Short covering was induced by the small amount of pressure, and also by the light receipts, which so far this week amount to 2,223,000 bushels, against 2,741,000 bushels last week and 3,104,000 bushels for the same period a year ago. Shipments during the same time aggregate 1,091,000 bushels, against 1,069,000 bushels and 1,244,000 bushels. This showing was favorably regarded, and the consensus of opinion seems to be that the domestic situation, as a whole, is not discouraging, and would in all probability show further improvement if the foreign demand for wheat would improve. The statement issued by Bradstreet's was comparatively bullish, with world's stocks for the past week decreasing 92,000 bushels, against an increase last week of over 4,000,000 bushels, and an increase last year of over 8,000,000 bushels. Prices in the afternoon were firmer and advanced slightly above the previous night's finals, influenced by a good cash demand at the Northwest and Canada, with reports of active mill buying. Advices, however, from the Southwest were not so encouraging, but the market seems to ignore bear news. Cash wheat was quoted: New No. 2 red Winter, 97¾c, elevator; No. 2 red spot, nominal, free on board, afloat, for export, 98¾c; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.03; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.13¾, and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.04½. Sales for export were 112,000 bushels via outports.

The corn market was less active, with some indications shown of the short interest having been materially reduced. Continued fine weather conditions it is thought will result in freer offering of new crop stuff, notwithstanding reports recently received, claiming that farmers are selling less freely. Prices ruled generally lower during the early day, but later the strength of wheat made itself felt, and the cash market was also steadier. Sentiment, however, continues bearish, due to the knowledge of the fact that the crop is large and old corn reserves are very liberal, which discourages bull enthusiasm, especially as the export business doing is of small proportions. The close was without special change. Bradstreet's for the week decreased 730,000 bushels, against 935,000 bushels decrease last week and a decrease of 825,000 bushels a year ago. Cash corn quoted: No. 2 Western, 55¾c, to arrive, cost, insurance, and freight, elevator, domestic basis; No. 2, free on board, afloat, for export, 55¾c. Export sales, 16,000 bushels via outports.

The market in oats continues to be governed to a large extent by the price changes in wheat and corn. Although there is little bull speculation noticeable, bear pressure seems in evidence owing to reports of a better cash demand and decreasing stocks. Bradstreet's for the week decreased 934,000 bushels, against a decrease last week of 361,000 bushels and 201,000 bushels decrease last year. Cash oats quoted: Standards, 37c; No. 2 white, 37¼c, and No. 3 white, 36½c.

The provision market was quiet early and comparatively steady, but later considerable pressure developed, with support lacking. Sentiment is bearish, with packers indisposed to care for offerings.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Monday's Close.
December	$1.00½	99⅞	$1.00½	$1.00⅝
May	1.03⅞	$1.03¼	1.03⅝	1.03⅝
Corn—				
December	..	..	54½	54⅜
May	57	56½	56⅝	56⅝
July	..	..	..	..
Oats—				
October	37¼	37¼	36½	36⅝
November	..	..	37	37
December	..	..	37⅜	37
May	..	..	39⅝	39½
July	..	..	39	38⅞
Lard—				
Spot	..	..	12.25	12.25
October	..	..	12.25	12.25
November	..	..	11.90	11.90
January	..	..	10.70	10.75
May	..	..	10.20	10.20

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Monday's Close.
October	..	..	91¾	91¼
December	92¾	91⅞	92⅝	92½
May	99⅛	98⅜	99⅛	98½
July	96⅜	95⅞	96⅝	96⅛
Corn—				
December	46	45¼	45¾	45⅝
May	49¼	48½	49	49
July	50	49⅜	49⅜	49⅜
Oats—				
December	31¼	30¼	30⅞	30⅝
May	34½	33⅞	34¼	34¼
July	33⅞	33⅛	33⅝	33⅝
Lard—				
October	13.15	13.07½	13.07½	13.03
November	11.75	11.57½	11.57½	11.70
January	9.42¼	10.27½	10.27½	10.40
May	9.85	9.72½	9.72½	9.80
Ribs—				
October	11.10	10.90	10.90	11.10
January	9.22½	9.05	9.05	9.20
May	8.97½	8.85	8.85	8.95
Pork—				
October	..	..	..	17.17½
January	17.40	17.20	17.20	17.35
May	16.32½	16.15	16.15	16.25

COTTONSEED OIL.

Aside from scattered short covering in the near months, the market was without special change. The sensationally higher cotton market had but little influence on values, although the strength in that market was attributed to the fact that crop estimates were being reduced in a result of the general report on ginning, which was below expectations. It is claimed, however, that under the favorable weather conditions prevailing in the South, seed offerings are pressing, and mills have shown more inclination to dispose of crude. Outside speculative demand for oil is quite dull, with some evidence of liquidation in yesterday's market by tired holders who have become displeased with the lack of rallying power that has been shown.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.10	7.00
October	7.20	7.11	7.10	6.95
November	7.17	7.10	7.11	7.12
December	7.19	7.18	7.18	7.18
January	7.23	7.23	7.20	7.22
February	..	..	7.22	7.25
March	7.37	7.35	7.35	7

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Active and Lower—Call Money Rates, 3@4 Per Cent.

SELLING AFTER MONEY'S RISE

Market Checked by 4 Per Cent. Quotation — Steel's Quarterly Report Good—German Position Improved.

A rise in call money to 4 per cent. late yesterday afternoon checked a rally in the stock market which had set in following a morning session marked by irregularity and undoubted realizing. In some departments the rising tendency was strong enough to carry stocks forward to the close of the day without loss, and, in fact, with substantial gain, this being particularly true of the various Wabash issues and the Wabash Pittsburg Terminal bonds, which are responding naturally enough to the current understanding that determined efforts are under way to bring about a settlement of the unjust situation in which the bondholders have found themselves since the property went into receivership early in 1908. On the other hand Union Pacific and Reading, in the railroad list, were sold heavily and moved off sharply, closing well under their figures of Monday night, while among the industrials American Smelting and Copper were correspondingly weak. The close was active, with prices as a whole near the lowest points of the day.

Aside from the much firmer tone of the money market as evidenced in the higher call rate developments of real interest included the publication of the Steel Corporation report for the September quarter and the excited rise in cotton following the issue of the ginning figures up to Oct. 18. The steel statement disclosed earnings for the months of July, August, and September of $37,365,000, which were practically those expected by Wall Street. This is a loss of a trifle less than $3,000,000 as compared with the June quarter, but in spite of the lack of demand from the railroads, which in one way and another are the largest customers of the steelmakers, the earnings are less than $1,000,000 under those for the September quarter of 1909. A survey of the earnings by months shows that returns in August exceeded those for July by practically $1,000,000, while those for September dropped back again to the July level. Taken as a whole the report is not a bad one, for notwithstanding the handicap under which the corporation worked in connection with the abstention of the railroads from the steel market earnings applicable to common dividends exceeded the amount so required by a very comfortable margin. As for the ginners' report, the conclusion of the Cotton Exchange, as shown by the violent rise in prices, was that it forecasted a very modest crop for the season. Such conflicting influences have been at work in cotton, however, including the bills of lading controversy and the lateness of the crop, as to throw doubt upon deductions of any sort; the only thing certain is that speculation on the Cotton Exchange itself has played a leading part in the price movement. Among the September railroad earnings statements submitted was that of the Atchison, showing the retention for the first time in some months of a substantial proportion of gross as net.

For the rise in call money the preliminary financing necessary to the Nov. 1 disbursements and the rather unexpectedly heavy losses which the banks are facing on transactions with the interior are directly responsible. In place of the gain from the Government of $730,000 reported at this time last week the banks have lost since Friday last above $2,742,000, and the prospects are for a continuation of the adverse currents. Abroad the Bank of England secured some heavy consignments of gold in the course of the day, including $1,500,000 from Paris, but more important than this in its bearing on the international money market position was the statement of President Havenstein of the Reichsbank, at a meeting of the Central Committee of the bank yesterday, that the position of the German institution was again normal and satisfactory, and that Berlin need not just now, at least, take into its calculations the possibility of a further advance in the bank rate.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway for dividend on preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad.
International Paper Co.
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
Republic Iron and Steel Co.
Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railway.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call money loaned on the Stock Exchange at 3@4 per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 4¼@4½ per cent. for sixty days, 4¾@5 per cent. for ninety days and four months, and 4⅝@4¾ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5¼@5¾ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5½@6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6@6½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 4 9-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4½ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $372,515,863; balances, $13,516,859; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $470,988.

The local banks have lost $2,742,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was easier, with demand quoted at $4.8660@$4.8670, sixty days at $4.8270, and cables at $4.8710@$4.8720.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18⅜ less 3-32@5.18⅜ less 1-32 for cables, and 5.19⅜ less 3-64@5.19⅝ plus 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95⅛ less 1-32@95⅛ plus 1-32 for cables, and 95 plus 1-64@95 1-16 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic cetnres: Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 15c discount; St. Paul, 35c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 75c@$1 discount; bank, $1 premium; Savannah, buying, 3-16c discount; selling, par; Charleston, buying, par; selling, 1-10c premium; Montreal, 62½@63¼c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver, 1-16d lower in London, at 25⅞d per ounce, and ¼c lower in New York, at 56⅛c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59, f'chg	99¼	99¼	99¼	99½
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg	99¼	99¼	99¼	99½
4½s, May, '57, f'chg	107⅞	108⅛	107⅞	108⅛
4½s, Nov., '57, f'chg	107⅞	108⅛	107⅞	108⅛
4½s, May, '17, f'chg	102⅝	103⅛	102⅝	103⅛
4½s, Nov., '17, f'chg	102¼	103¼	102⅜	103⅛
4s, May, '57, f'chg	99¼	99½	99¼	99½
4s, Nov., '56, reg	97⅝	98¼	98¼	98½
4s, May, '19, f'chg	99	99⅝	99	99⅜
4½s, Mar., '60, w. i	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	101⅛
3½s, May, '54, coup	88	88¼	88¼	88½
3½s, N. coup., f'chg	88¼	88½	88⅜	88⅝
3½s, May, '54, reg	87¾	88¼	88⅛	88⅝
*3½s, Nov., '10, rev	100¼	100⅝	100⅜	100⅞
3½s, reg., Nov., '41	87¾	88⅛	88	88⅝

*Coupon or registered.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Oct. 25, 1910 578,200
From Jan. 1, 1910 140,566,367
Corresponding period last year 175,090,344

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
68¾	69	26,300	Amalgamated Copper	69⅛	69½	68½	68⅝	— ⅞
47⅝	48	400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	47½	47½	47⅝	47½	+ ⅝
37⅞	37⅝	300	Am. Beet Sugar	37½	37½	37¼	37¼	— ¼
93	94	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	—1¼
9⅜	9½	2,200	Am. Can	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
74½	74½	1,750	Am. Can pf	73	74½	73	74½	+1½
54⅜	54⅝	1,700	Am. Car & Foundry	54¼	54⅝	54¼	54½	+ ⅛
114¼	115¼	100	Am. Car & Fy. pf	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾	— ¼
66	66¾	900	Am. Cotton Oil	66	66¼	65¾	66⅛	— ¼
24¼	23¾	300	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	— ⅝
20	20½	200	Am. Ice Securities	20⅜	20¾	20⅜	20⅜	...
12	12½	50	Am. Linseed	12	12	12	12	...
33	34	400	Am. Linseed pf	32½	33	32½	33	...
40	40¼	450	Am. Locomotive	40⅛	40½	40¼	40¼	— ¼
77¾	77⅞	36,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	79⅝	80½	77½	77⅞	—2⅝
106	106⅛	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	108	106	105¾	105¾	— ¾
87	88	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	...
49¼	50	600	Am. Steel Foundries	49	49⅞	49	49⅞	+1⅛
117	118	200	Am. Sugar Refining	117½	117¼	117¼	117⅞	— ⅛
138¾	139	2,300	Am. Tel. & Tel	138¾	139½	138¾	139½	+ ½
94	94½	400	Am. Tobacco pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ⅜
32½	32¼	100	Am. Woolen	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅞
95½	97	100	Am. Woolen pf	96½	96⅞	96½	96½	...
41¾	41⅝	680	Anaconda Cop. Min	42	42	41½	41½	— ¾
103½	103¾	7,200	Atch., Top. & S. F	103⅝	104⅛	103⅝	103⅝	...
101½	102	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	+ ⅛
117	118	100	Atlantic Coast Line	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	+ ⅛
107¾	108	700	Baltimore & Ohio	108⅛	108⅝	107¾	107¾	— ⅛
90	91	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	91	91	91	91	+ ⅛
...	...	17	Bank of Commerce	200	201	200	201	...
82¼	82⅝	1,200	Bethlehem Steel	83	83	82¾	83	— ⅛
77¼	77½	5,400	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	77¼	78⅝	77¼	77¼	— ⅛
137½	140	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	137⅝	137¾	137⅜	137⅝	—1½
197½	198	1,130	Canadian Pacific	196⅛	197½	196½	197½	+ ⅝
34½	34¾	1,030	Central Leather Co	34⅛	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝	+ ⅛
105	106	12	Cent. Leather Co. pf	106	106	106	106	...
82¼	82⅝	2,480	Chesapeake & Ohio	82⅝	83¼	82⅜	82⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	24½	1,100	Chicago Gt. Western	24½	24½	23¾	23¾	—1⅛
48⅝	49	100	Chi. Gt. Western pf	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	— ⅝
125¾	126	7,800	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	126¼	126⅞	125¾	125¾	—1¼
149⅞	150½	150	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	150	150	150	150	...
148½	149¼	1,800	Chi. & Northwestern	149⅛	149⅞	149	149	— ½
203	210	200	Chi. & Northwest. pf	204	205	204	205	+2
143	150	200	Chi., St. P., M. & O	143	145	143	145	+2½
164	168	250	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf	164½	165	164½	165	—1½
2⅞	3⅛	100	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta	3	3	3	3	...
83½	84½	400	Colorado Fuel & Iron	83½	84	83½	84	...
59⅜	60⅝	700	Colorado & Southern	59¾	60	59½	60	— ⅛
6	7	100	Col. & H. C. & I. t. r	6	6	6	6	...
135	135½	4,200	Consolidated Gas	136	136⅝	135¼	135¼	—1½
17¼	17⅝	100	Corn Products Ref	17½	17½	17½	17½	— ⅝
169	170	400	Delaware & Hudson	170	170	169	169	—1
33¾	64	700	Denver & Rio Grande	33¾	33⅞	33½	33½	— ⅝
74½	74½	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf	76	76	76	76	—2
32¼	32½	4,100	Distillers' Securities	32	33⅜	32	32⅝	+ ⅝
24½	25	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	24½	24½	24½	24½	—1½
29½	29¾	1,800	Erie	29⅝	29⅞	29½	29¾	+ ⅛
49¼	49¾	400	Erie 1st pf	49¼	49¾	49	49⅛	— ⅛
38	39½	100	Erie 2d pf	38	38	38	38	— ⅛
45	48	825	Federal M. & S. pf	47⅞	47⅞	45	45	—4
...	...	11	Fourth Nat. Bank	185	186	185	186	...
154	155¼	1,030	General Electric	155¼	155¼	155	155	+ ⅝
8	8½	6,500	Goldfield Consol	8¼	8⅜	8	8⅛	...
127¼	127⅜	8,100	Great Northern pf	128	128⅝	127¼	127¼	—1¼
58¾	59¼	2,100	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	59⅞	59⅞	58½	59	— ⅛
131¼	131½	200	Illinois Central	131¾	131¾	131¼	131¼	— ⅛
22⅞	23	14,500	Interborough-Met.	22⅞	23⅛	22⅜	22⅞	+ ⅛
59⅜	59½	24,800	Interborough-Met. pf	59½	60⅜	59	59½	+ ⅛
110¼	110⅞	1,300	Int. Harvester	110¼	110⅝	110	110¼	+ ⅛
122	122½	100	Int. Harvester pf	123½	123½	123¼	123¼	+ ⅛
12⅞	12⅞	100	Int. Paper	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅛
54⅞	55	1,350	Int. Paper pf	54⅞	55⅛	54⅞	55	...
82	83½	200	Int. Steam Pump pf	82	82	82	82	—2
19¼	19¾	550	Iowa Central	19¼	19¾	19¼	19⅜	— ⅛
84¾	86	400	Iowa Central pf	84¾	85¼	84⅞	85¼	— ⅛
32¾	32¼	1,000	Kansas City Southern	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	...
104½	104¾	400	Laclede Gas	104½	104¾	104½	104½	...
68	68	100	Long Island	64	64	64	64	...
146¼	146½	800	Louisville & Nash	146⅛	146⅝	146½	146½	— ⅛
90	93	800	Mackay Cos	92	92	91⅝	91⅝	— ⅛
73½	75	100	Mackay Cos. pf	75	75	75	75	— ⅛
142	143	100	Manhattan Elevated	142½	142½	142¼	142¼	— ⅛
17½	18	200	Mercantile Marine pf	17½	17½	17½	17½	— ⅛
133½	134	2,650	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M	131⅞	134½	131	133⅝	+2
147½	150	100	M., St. P. & S. S.M.pf	147½	148¾	147¼	148¾	+2⅜
34	34½	250	Mo., Kansas & Texas	34⅜	34⅝	34⅜	34⅝	— ⅛
68	69	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	67⅞	68	67⅞	67⅞	—1⅛
55	56	500	Missouri Pacific	55⅛	55⅞	54⅞	55¼	...
110¼	112	110	Nat. Biscuit Co	110½	110½	110½	110½	—1½
...	122	200	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	122	122	122	122	...
16	17½	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	17	17	17	17	...
59⅝	60	350	Nat. Lead Co	60	60	59½	59½	— ⅛
32½	33	1,000	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	33	33	32⅝	33	— ⅛
20⅞	21¼	3,100	Nevada Con. Copper	21¼	21¾	21	21	— ⅛
116⅜	116⅞	9,900	N. Y. Central	117½	118	116⅞	116⅞	— ½
149½	149¾	200	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs. 2d paid	149½	149¼	149½	149⅛	+ ⅝
...	423	43	200	N. Y., Ont. & West	43	43	43	43	...
99	99½	800	Norfolk & Western	99	99⅝	99	99	— ⅛
87½	90½	100	Norfolk & West. pf	89½	89¾	89¼	89¼	+ ⅛
119	119¼	5,430	Northern Pacific	119⅝	120	119½	119½	+ ⅛
32⅜	33	2,400	Pacific Mail	32½	33¼	32½	32½	+ ⅛
41½	42	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel	41½	41½	41½	41½	+ ⅛
131½	131⅝	4,650	Pennsylvania R. R	131¼	132¼	131¼	131½	— ⅛
97	98	350	P., C., C. & St. Louis	98	98	98	98	— ⅛
110	115	100	P., C., C. & St. L. pf	110	110	110	110	—8
19¾	20½	200	Pittsburg Coal	20¼	20¾	20	20	...
68	71	100	Pittsburg Coal pf	70½	70⅞	70⅞	70⅞	+ ⅝
34½	35¼	450	Pressed Steel Car	84½	84⅝	...	84⅜	— ⅛
166	167	140	Pullman Company	166	166	166	166	+ ½
36	36½	100	R'way Steel Spring	36	36	36	36	...
152½	152⅝	78,000	Reading	153	154⅛	152¼	152¼	— ⅝
84	84½	900	Rep. Iron & Steel	83	84⅞	84	84⅝	+ ⅛
96⅜	97½	700	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	97	97½	97	97½	+ ½
33⅞	33⅝	5,400	Rock Island Co	33⅝	34	33⅜	33⅝	— ⅛
64½	65¼	600	Rock Island Co. pf	65	65¼	64½	65¼	— ⅛
42	42⅜	310	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	42¼	42⅜	42⅛	42⅜	+ ⅛
169⅜	170½	150	Sears-Roebuck	168¼	168¾	168¼	168¼	—1½
51½	52	225	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	51	51	51	51	—1
117⅜	117⅝	11,800	Southern Pacific	118½	118⅝	117⅜	117⅞	— ⅛
26	26¼	600	Southern R'way ext	26¼	26¼	26	26⅞	— ⅛
59¼	59⅝	500	South. R'way pf., ext	60	60	59¼	59⅞	—1⅛
36½	37¼	1,700	Tennessee Copper	37	37⅛	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅛
140	141	200	Texas Co	140	140	140	140	— ⅛
27⅜	28⅝	100	Texas & Pacific	28¾	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
12⅝	12⅞	7,600	Third Avenue	11⅝	13⅝	11⅝	12¾	+1⅛
26½	27½	300	Tol., St. L. & W.	27½	27½	27½	27¾	— ⅛
57½	59½	400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	59¼	59¾	59¼	59½	— ⅛
81½	83	50	Union Bag & Paper	9	9	9	9	...
172¼	172½	78,100	Union Pacific	173½	173⅞	172⅝	172⅝	—1¼
92	92¾	700	Union Pacific pf	92⅞	93	92½	92½	— ½
100	108	100	United Cigar Mfrs. pf	100¾	100¾	100¾	100⅞	—1⅝
105	106	100	United Dry G., ex div	103½	103½	103½	103½	...
58	59¼	30	United Rys. Inv. pf	60	60	60	60	...
36½	37½	200	U. S. Rubber	37	37	37	37	...
110	111	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	111	111	111	111	— ⅛
77¾	77⅞	159,100	U. S. Steel	77⅞	78⅞	77¾	77⅝	— ⅛
118½	119¼	930	U. S. Steel pf	119¾	119⅝	119	119⅝	+ ⅝
49¾	49¾	8,900	Utah Copper	50	50¼	49¼	49⅝	— ⅛
64½	65	2,400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	64	65	64	65	+ ½
124	126	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	125	125	125	125	—1
18¼	18⅝	800	Wabash	18⅛	18⅞	18	18⅞	+ ⅛
39¼	39¾	5,800	Wabash pf	39	40½	38⅞	39⅛	...
47	48¼	600	Western Maryland	48¼	48⅝	47½	48	...
72⅝	73½	100	Western Md. pf	72⅛	72⅝	72½	72⅝	—1⅞
71	72	100	Western Union Tel	71¼	71½	71½	71½	— ⅛
72¾	73	700	Westinghouse E. & M	72¾	72⅝	72½	72⅝	— ⅛
15½	16	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	17	17	17	17	— ⅛
8	9	700	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	8	8⅝	8	8¾	— ⅛
56¼	58	300	Wisconsin Central	57	57	57	57	— ⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100¾	...
3s, r., 1918	101⅜	102⅜
3s, c., 1918	101⅜	102¼
4s, r., 1925	115	115½
4s, c., 1925	115½	...
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅜	101¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¾	...
Adams Exp.	230	...
Allis-Chalm.	9	10
Allis-Chalm. pf.	32	33½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	100	110
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	124	127
Am. Coal	60	150
Am. Exp.	240	275
A. H. & L.	4½	5
Am. L. pf.	105	106¼
Am. Malt.	5⅜	5½
Am. M. pf.	83½	85
Am. Snuff.	240	320
Am. Sn. pf.	100	102
Am. Sug. R. pf.	116	116¼
A. T. & C.	80	86⅜
Ann Arbor.	25	35
Ann A. pf.	65	70
Batopilas M.	2½	2¾
Beth. S. pf.	61	62½
Bruns. Ter.	9½	11½
B., R. & P.	102	103
B. R. & P. pf.	128	140
B. & S. pf.	...	19
But'k Co.	80	30¼
Canada So.	65	65½
C. R. R. of N. J.	276	285
C. & S. A. Tel.	117	119
Chi. & Alt.	85¼	86
C. & A. pf.	...	65½
C., B. & Q.	200	...
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. cts. st.	6	8
C., C., C. & St. L.	73	76½
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	99	110
Cleve. & P.	104¼	...
Cleve. & P. Special	94	...
Col. F. & I. pf.	100	120
Col. & So. 1st pf.	75	77
Col. & So. 2d pf.	73	75
Col. & H. C. & Iron	6	7
Cons. Coal.	104½	...
Corn P. R. pf.	78¼	80¼
Crex Carpet	60	64
Cub.-Am. S.	36	39
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	91½	...
D., L. & W.	497½	600
D. M. & Pt.	...	...
D.	4	11
Det. & M.	80	85
Det. & M. pf.	95	100
Det. U. R.	50	60
D., S. S. & A.	...	...
Dul.-Sup. T.	12½	14½
Dul.-Sup. T. pf.	79	81
Du P. de N.	...	70
Power pf.	82½	83¾
Ev. & T. H.	60	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	70	85
Fed. M. & Smelt.	39	45
Fed. Sugar.	30	40
Fed. Sugar pf.	90	...
Gen. C. Co.	91	100
Gen. C. Co. pf.	101	103½
Granby Con.	30	50
Hav. E. R.	88½	...
Hav. E. R. pf.	94½	...
Hock. Val.	120	130
Homestake.	84	86
Ill. C. L.	94	...
Inger.-Rand.	93	...
Inger.-Rand. pf.	100	...
Int. St. P.	42¾	43¼
Jol. & Chl.	163¼	...
Kan. Cy. So.	65¾	67
Kan. Cy. So. pf.	5	8
K. & D. M.	5	8
K. & D. M. pf.	35	45
Kn. L. Chl.	...	50
Kn. L. Chl., pf.	67	75
Lack. Steel.	39	40
Lac. G. pf.	80	102
L. E. & W.	19	20
L. E. & W. pf.	42	49
Lake Shore.	825	...
Mah. C. R.	450	...
Mer. Marine	5¼	6
Mex. Cent.	...	130
M. & St. L.	29¼	32
M. & St. L. pf.	80	85
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line.	85%	89
N., C. & St. L.	135	140
Nat. En. pf.	83	87
Nat. L. pf.	104	106
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	70¼	72
N. Cent. C.	40	60
N. Y. A. R.	77	79
N. Y., C. & St. L.	65¼	67
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	106¼	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d	...	...
N. Y. D. Co.	23	85
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	70	75
N. Y., N. H. & H.	153¾	157
North Am.	67	69
Nor. Cent.	200	...
N. O. T. & L.	33¼	89½
Ont. Mining	2¼	3¼
Pac. Coast.	105	108
Pac. C. 1st pf.	90	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	105	115
Peo. G., C.	108¼	108½
Peo. & E.	20	23
Pere Marq.	24	85
Pere M. 1st pf.	42	65
Pere M. 2d pf.	80	88
Phila. Co.	90	98
P., Ft. W. & C.	164¼	...
P., Y. & A. pf.	160	...
Pr. St. Car pf.	95	98
Quicksilver.	2	2½
Q'kslv'r pf.	2½	5
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	95	105
Rdg. 1st pf.	87	89
Rdg. 2d pf.	85	87½
Rens. & S.	190	...
R., W. & O.	118½	...
Rutland pf.	85	87
St. J. & G. Island	17	19
St. J. & G. I. 1st pf.	44	51
St. J. & G. I. 2d pf.	36	42
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	61	65
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	...	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	50	60
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	...	115
St. L. S. W.	20¼	29½
St. L. S. W. pf.	68	70
Sears-R. pf.	121	...
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	105	113
So. P. R. S.	82	...
So. P. R. S. pf.	109	113
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	70	85
T. P. L. Tr.	85	95
T., P. & W.	16½	...
T. R. & L.	7⅝	8½
T. C. R. T.	110	113
U. B. & P., pf.	55	60
Un. Dry G. pf.	105	107
U. Rys. In.	29⅜	30
U. S. C. I. Pipe	16	19½
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	53	60
U. S. Exp.	101	103
U. S. R. & Imp.	69	71
U. S. R. & Ref.	6½	7½
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	17½	19¾
U. S. R. 2d pf.	74	75
U. & B. R.	160	...
Vand. R. R.	72¾	...
Va. I., C. & Coke	54

Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911
Swift & Co., 5½s, June, 1911
Mo., Kansas & Texas 5s, Aug., 1911
St. Louis & San Fran. 4½s, Feb.,1912
Southern Railway 5s, 1913
St. Louis & San Fran. 5s, 1913
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Improved German Position.

A decided change for the better in the German money market was indicated in the remarks made by President Havenstein of the Reichsbank at yesterday's meeting of the Central Committee of the bank. The favorable outlook noted by the bank's management is the more interesting in view of the recent advance in the Bank of England's discount rate and because of the feeling recently prevailing that the position of the German money market was such that continued firmness in rates there was to be expected. President Havenstein said yesterday, however, that the condition of the bank was again normal and satisfactory, that the tendency of the rate of discount was downward, and that Berlin need not consider the raising of the bank rate, which stands now at 5 per cent. Whether this rate would hold until the end of the year depended, he said, upon the foreign exchanges. Up to last Saturday the excess of gold imports into Germany for the year had amounted to $36,250,000, and of this the Reichsbank got $17,500,000.

***

Mr. Shonts and Public Supervision.

In his capacity as President of the Chicago & Alton Railroad T. P. Shonts says in his annual statement to his stockholders, given out yesterday, that the road's management is convinced that reasonable public supervision is essential to commercial prosperity and to confidence of investors in railroad securities. A Wall Street wag suggested yesterday that this passage in the Chicago & Alton report should be marked and sent to the New York Public Service Commission.

***

Diamond Match Financing.

The Directors of the Diamond Match Company are expected to meet in Chicago to-morrow to discuss plans for readjusting some of the company's present obligations with a view to lessening the annual payments to be made on the company's outstanding notes and other indebtedness. The plan is said to be favored by stockholders who are desirous of spreading the payment of the company's obligations over a longer period of years so that larger amounts will be available for dividends. Report had it yesterday that the probable amount of the financing would be about $2,000,000, out of which provision would be made to meet existing obligations. These, according to existing terms, are payable in large annual installments.

***

Consols Lower.

The English joint stock banks, which were obliged to mark down their holdings of consols to 80 a year or so ago, after having a number of years previously marked them down from 85, may be obliged further to clip their valuation of this investment if the downward tendency is not checked. Yesterday consols sold at 79 7-16, making another new low record for the year. The new price compares with the high for 1910 of 83¼, made in January. Consols have not sold as low as yesterday's bottom price since the English panic of 1847, when the Bank act was suspended and the Bank of England rate advanced to 8 per cent. The low price then was 78¾, or only 11-16 lower than the new low record for this year. In making the comparison it must be borne in mind, however, that the old consols were a 3 per cent. security, while the current issues are 2½ per cents, and at the low price yield only 3.14, which would be equivalent to 95½ for the old 3s.

***

A Little Knowledge.

The farmers in the Spring wheat belt are long several million bushels of December wheat, according to the grain market gossip from Minneapolis, where speculation in cereals holds much the same position locally as does trading in cotton futures in the Southern market centres. From the same locality in the last few years the stories have been almost uniformly of winnings by the farmer speculators.

It is hard to believe that the shrewdness attributed to these rural speculators should have overlooked the large promise of the world's wheat crop, and even the large yield of Winter wheat at home. The losses on "several million" bushels of market options is incomparable to the total loss in the Spring wheat belt due to the actual shortage of the yield, but, as a whipsawing operation, a speculative disaster of such proportions would add no mean sum to the total shrinkage of spending money in North Dakota and the adjacent drought-hurt territory.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 25.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Andes	.08	Justice	.06
Belcher	.09	Lady Wash. Con.	.05
Best & Belcher	.37	Mexican	1.02½
Bullion	.06	Occidental Con.	.42
Caledonia	.20	Ophir	1.17
Challenge Con.	.16	Overman	.35
Chollar	.09	Savage	.16
Confidence	.70	Sierra Belcher	.20
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.02½	Sierra Nevada	.21
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.30
Gould & Curry	.06	Utah Con.	.04
Hale & Norcross	.20	Yellow Jacket	.55
Julia	.07		

Silver bars, 50¾; Mexican dollars, 48@50; drafts, sight, 2@2½ per cent. premium; telegraph, 4@5 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Blue Bell	.02
Belmont	4.45	Combination Fract.	.81
Jim Butler	.29	Crackerjack	.01
McNamara	.20	Goldfield C. M.	8.25
Midway	.20	Great Bend	.02
Montana	.01	Jumbo Extension	.31
North Star	.06	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Extension	1.02	Red Hills	.03
West End	.55	Silver Pick	.06
GOLDFIELD.		BULLFROG.	
Adams	.01	Bullfrog Nat. Bank	.01
Atlanta	.11	Tramps Cons.	.02

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 25.—Houston Oil stock did not maintain its activity of yesterday, but it continued strong and added another fraction to its price. The general market was quiet at firm prices. Shares, 830. Bonds, $58,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$11,000	Anacostia & P. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
5,000	Alabama C. & I. 5s	74	73¾	73¾
1,000	Balt. E. 5s, stamped	88	88	88
1,000	City & Suburban 5s	105½	105¼	105½
17,000	Cotton Duck 5s	74	73¾	74¼
4,000	Carolina Central 4s	92	91¾	91¾
3,000	Detroit United 4½s	80¾	80¼	80½
4,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	42¾	42¼	42¼
3,000	Maryland & P. Inc.	62	62	62
8,000	Norfolk & P. T. 5s	83¼	83¼	83¼
1,000	Railway Edgs. 5s	84¾	84¾	84¾
7,000	United Railways Inc.	62¾	62¼	62¾
1,000	Va. E. Rys. dev. 5s	101½	101½	101½

STOCKS.

10	Alabama C. & I. pf.	50	50	50
5	Bank of Commerce	80¼	80¼	80¼
20	Balt. Trust	164½	164½	164¼
875	Houston Oil	8½	7½	7¾
115	Houston Oil pf.	42	42	42
30	Mercantile Trust	144¼	143	144¼
100	Norfolk Ry. & Light.	22	22	22
25	Seaboard Co.	21	21	21
100	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	43¼	43¼	43¼
50	U. S. Fidelity	143	143	143

UP-STATE BANK STATEMENT.

The combined reports of the State banks and trust companies, outside of New York City, for the week ended Oct. 22, 1910, as compiled by the State Banking Department shows:

STATE BANKS.

		Increase.
Loans and discounts	$95,247,500	$141,700
Total deposits	100,823,400	99,300
Total reserve	20,546,000	*303,600
Average reserve, 21.3%.		
Reserve required, 15%.		
TRUST COMPANIES.		
Loans	$138,703,500	$311,100
Total deposits	145,593,300	1,034,300
Total reserve	20,672,700	283,100
Average reserve, 14.9%.		
Reserve required, 10%.		

*Decrease.

AID FOR BANK OF ENGLAND.

The Bank of France Discounts Its Bills to Large Amounts.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—The expectations, referred to in THE NEW YORK TIMES'S financial dispatches printed yesterday morning, that the Bank of France would come to the rescue of the Bank of England, have been fully borne out. The Bank of France yesterday and to-day discounted the Bank of England's bills to large amounts. It was estimated in some quarters that as much as $2,000,000 was sent direct to Egypt from Paris on London account.

It is by no means an uncommon thing for the Bank of France to discount bills of the Bank of England, though the relief afforded does not often attain the scale reached during the monetary stringency in the United States.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—Money was scarce and dearer to-day. Discount rates were steady despite the gold arriving from France.

The settlement on the Stock Exchange commenced with the announcement of the failure of a jobber in Esperanza shares. The markets were generally easy on continued realizing, due principally to the dearer carryover rates. Consols reached another low record, 79⅝.

American securities opened below parity, but fair buying orders were executed and prices advanced during the first hour. New York supported the market on the early afternoon, but sold later, but the closing was irregular and uncertain.

Bar silver quiet, 25⅞d per ounce.

Money, 4 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4⅜ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 4⅜@4⅜ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7.05; at Lisbon, 7.

PARIS, Oct. 25.—Prices were generally lower on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 96 francs 92½ centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 28½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Oct. 25.—Trading was dull and prices declined on the Boerse to-day. American railroad shares were especially weak.

President Havenstein of the Reichsbank at a meeting of the Central Committee to-day said that the position of the bank was again normal and satisfactory. The tendency of the rate of discount was downward. Berlin need not consider the raising of the Bank of England rate. Whether the present rate would hold until the end of the year depended, Herr Havenstein said, upon foreign exchange. The excess of gold imports for 1910 up to last Saturday was $36,250,000, of which the Reichsbank held $17,500,000.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 48 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4 per cent.

Private discount rate, 4½ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	79⅝	..	..	— ⅛
Consols, account	79 9-16	..	..	— ⅛
Anaconda	8⅞	42¼	42¼	+ ¼
Atchison	106¼	103⅞	103⅝	— ⅛
Canadian Pacific	202¾	196¼	196⅞	— ⅝
St. Paul	130	126½	127	— ½
Erie	30½	29⅝	29¼	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	51	49⅝	49½	— ⅛
Illinois Central	135	133¾	..	.. ..
L'ville & Nash.	150½	146¾	146⅝	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	120¾	117¼	117⅜	— ⅛
Pennsylvania	67½	131½	131⅜	— ¼
Reading	78¾	153½	153½	.. ..
Southern Pacific	121¾	118⅝	118⅝	.. ..
Union Pacific	178	173	173⅝	— ⅝
U. S. Steel	80¾	78	78½	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	122¾	119	119⅛	— ⅛

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 12 0	Esperanza	1 15 3
Tomboy	0 18 9	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 6 5	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

5,699. HEATING AND LIGHTING INSTALLATIONS.—An American Consul in a European country, in response to inquiries from the United States, reports that a request has been received from a local business man for catalogues and addresses of American manufacturers of heating and lighting installations. Catalogues should also be sent to a number of other concerns in his district, the addresses of which are given in the report.

5,700. WICKERWARE, RUSH, STRAW, AND REED GOODS.—A report from an American Consular officer in Canada states that a business man in his district desires catalogues, prices, &c., regarding wickerware and goods made of rush, straw, and reed. Correspondence should be in English.

5,701. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—An American Consul in the Far East reports that a local importing house has received inquiries from prospective buyers with regard to American agricultural machinery. He writes that this firm is in a position to handle these products advantageously, and as there is likely to be some demand for this class of goods the Consulate would be glad to receive catalogues, price lists, &c., in duplicate, one copy to be filed and the other to be handed to the importing house referred to.

5,702. DRIED APPLE SKINS.—A business man in Germany advises an American Consular officer that he desires to be placed in communication with American firms that are in a position to export dried apple skins. Prices are desired from a board New York. Correspondence may be conducted in English.

5,703. DENIM AND PAINTERS' APRON OVERALLS.—An American Consular officer in South Africa reports that a local firm of good standing and doing a large business is desirous of arranging with an American manufacturer of denim apron overalls and painters' apron overalls for the sale of his goods in that territory. The firm in question is in a position to order in twenty-five-dozen lots five or six times each month, and pay cash against documents in a local city. The best bank references will be furnished to American firms interested.

5,704. TURPENTINE AND OAK STAVES.—A business man in Italy informs an American Consular officer that he desires to represent in that market American manufacturers of turpentine and oak staves. He states that he can furnish any required references. He has already represented a Belfan house importing American turpentine, but wishes to make a direct connection.

5,705. REEDS FOR CABINET ORGANS.—An American Consul reports that a business man in Australia is desirous of receiving catalogues and price lists from manufacturers of reeds for cabinet organs. It is reported that this merchant is in a position to purchase fairly large quantities of the article mentioned if prices and quality are suitable.

5,706. MULTIPLE STEAM CONDENSING APPARATUS.—An American Consul reports that quotations are desired by an African firm conducting a cold-storage and ice-making plant from American manufacturers of multiple steam-condensing apparatus for the purpose of obtaining a surplus of pure condensed water from exhaust steam from a steam engine. This firm desires an apparatus suitable to work with 3,000 pounds of steam and guarantee of an extra production of condensed water, the temperature of the condensed water being about 85 degrees.

5,707. TYPEWRITERS, ADDING MACHINES, &c.—A report from an American Consular officer in the Netherlands states that a business man in his district is anxious to secure the agency of American manufacturers of typewriters, adding machines, and all sorts of similar articles. The report states that American firms interested in establishing a depository for their goods in the Netherlands should write this person direct.

5,708. CATALOGUES AND PRICE LISTS OF PRINTERS AND STATIONERS' SUPPLIES.—The proprietor of a business establishment in a Latin-American country informs an American Consul that he wishes to secure catalogues and price lists of printers and stationers' supplies. Correspondence may be in either English or Spanish.

Appeal to Uphold Private Banking Act

Attorney General O'Malley and State Supt. of Banks Williams filed notice yesterday with the County Clerk of an appeal to the Appellate Division from Supreme Court Justice Bijur's decision that the new Private Banking act is unconstitutional.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Bertron, Griscom & Jenks are offering the unsold part of an issue of $1,200,000 Colorado Springs Light, Heat, and Power first refunding 5s, due 1920.

The Directors of the Union Pacific at their annual organization meeting yesterday, re-elected all the retiring officers and named Maxwell Evarts general counsel of the company.

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company
Main Office: 177-179 Montague St.
Branch: Bedford Ave. and Fulton St.
Manhattan Office: 90 Broadway (2 Wall St.)
Capital $1,000,000 Undivided Profits $2,343,612.59

TRUSTEES

Thomas T. Barr	David H. Lanman	Charles M. Pratt
Samuel W. Boocock	Frank Lyman	George G. Reynolds
George W. Chauncey	Howard W. Maxwell	Charles A. Schieren
William N. Dykman	Theodore F. Miller	Edward M. Shepard
William Hester	Willis L. Ogden	J. T. Walbridge
Francis L. Hine	Joseph E. Owens	Alexander M. White
William A. Jamison	John J. Pierrepont	Willis D. Wood

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.
General Mortgage 4s, due March 1, 1958
First mortgage on 3,039 miles of railroad, and upon retirement of prior liens will become a first mortgage on 8,493 miles.
Legal Investment for Saving Banks in the States of New York, Massachusetts and Connecticut.
Price at market, yielding about 4.10%
Additional Information on Request
White, Weld & Co
5 Nassau St. New York. The Rookery Chicago.

EXEMPT FROM TAX
1000 SHARES
KANSAS CITY, FORT SCOTT & MEMPHIS RAILWAY CO.
4% PREFERRED STOCK
GUARANTEED BY THE ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO R. R. CO.
Payable at Par - - Oct. 1, 1921
TO RETURN 5%
DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR ON APPLICATION.
Telephone 2780 Rector. A. M. Kidder & Co 5 Nassau Street, New York.

Atlantic City Gas Co. 1st Mortgage 5% Bonds
Modern methods as applied by the C. H. Geist Co. during the first nine months' operation clearly indicate the great earning power of this property from further development.

	Month of July.	Month of August.	Month of Sept.
Gross Earnings	$45,656.23	$54,057.59	$59,589.57
Operating Expenses Including Taxes	18,786.37	21,193.72	19,289.32
Net Earnings	$26,869.86	$32,863.87	$40,300.25
Bond Interest	12,500.00	12,500.00	12,500.00
Surplus	$14,369.86	$20,363.87	$27,800.25

Surplus for Nine Months, Ending Sept. 30, 1910—$96,362.30.
Net Earnings for September Over Three Times Interest Requirements.
Price and Further Particulars Upon Request
Samuel A. Boyle, Jr., & Co.
Fifteenth and Walnut Sts. Philadelphia

FOR SALE
BRUNSWICK & WESTERN
1st 4s, 1938
Gilman & Clucas
1st Nat'l. Bk. Bldg. New Haven, Ct. 34 Pine St., New York

FOR SALE
68 AMER. POWER & LIGHT COM.
100 CONN. RWAY. & LIGHT COM.
$25,000 NIAGARA FALLS POWER 5s, 1932
$2,000 ST. JOS. RY., LT., HT. & P. 5s, 1937
WM. M. CLARKE
20 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 1015 to 1017 Rector

Lehigh & N. Y. 4s
Ind. & St. Louis 7s
POUCH & CO. 40 WALL ST. Members New York Stock Exchange.

Chartered 1836
Girard Trust Co.
PHILADELPHIA
Capital and Surplus $10,000,000
E. B. Morris, President

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Ave. & 34th St. 60 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 148th St.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY Fifth Ave. & 38th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,737,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS . $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000) has been earned

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 25.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$15.	Crucible Steel	13¼	12⅞	12⅞
15.	Crucible Steel pf.	79½	79½	79½
105.	Fireproofing pf.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
80.	Independent Brewing	4¼	4¼	4¼
50.	Independent Brew. pf.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
17.	Mfrs. L. & H.	10½	10½	10½
10.	Ohio Fuel	43¾	43¾	43¾
110.	Pittsburg Brew.	23¼	23¼	23¼
10.	Pittsburg Brew. pf.	41½	41½	41½
87.	Pittsburg Coal pf.	70½	70	70½
10.	Pittsburg Plate Glass	106	106	106
10.	River Coal	9	9	9
210.	U. S. Steel	78¼	78¼	78⅜
80.	U. S. Steel pf.	119¾	119¼	119¼
10.	West. Elec. 2ds.	36¼	36¼	36¼
UNLISTED.				
1,500	Mount Elliott	8c.	7c.	7c.
800	Silver Peak	53c.	53c.	53c.
BOND.				
$2,000	Union Gas 6s	100½	100½	100½
SCRIP.				
$3,970	Crucible Steel	86¼	86⅛	86⅛

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
113 BROADWAY
Readers of The New York Times may arrange to obtain Each Week the opinions of
Roger W. Babson
On fundamental business and investment conditions by addressing Babson's Compiling Offices, Wellesley Hills, Boston, Mass.
Largest Statistical Organization in United States

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the stockholders of the CO-OPERATIVE GARAGE COMPANY, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, will be held at the offices of said Company in the City of New York, State of New York, at the offices of Messrs. Jones & Carleton, No. 40 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, on the 9th day of November, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The polls will remain open one hour. Transfer books will be closed from October 24th, 1910, to November 9th, 1910.

Dated New York, October 22d, 1910.

E. POWIS JONES, Secretary.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.
Notice of Annual Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY will be held at the principal office of the Company, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Appomattox Trust Building, Sycamore Street, in the City of Petersburg, Virginia, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon on the 10th day of November, 1910, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts and proceedings by the Board of Directors and officers since the annual meeting of stockholders last held.

The stock transfer books will be closed at twelve o'clock noon on October 29th, 1910, and will be reopened on November 11th, 1910.

D. C. PORTEOUS, Secretary.

Dated, October 26th, 1910.

HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS.
NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS will be held at the office of the Company, in Houston, Texas, on Tuesday, November 8th, 1910, at 10:00 A. M., for the purpose of electing the Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed October 24th and reopened November 15th, 1910.

UVALDE BURNS, JR., Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A MEETING of the stockholders of the ERNST WIENER COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 9th day of November, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

CHESTER W. TALLCOTT, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

FOURTH ANNUAL DIVIDEND BANQUE FRANCO-AMERICAINE.

At a meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, held in Paris, October 18th, a dividend of 5% on the Capital Stock was declared, payable November 1st. Coupons No. 4 of the scarer shares will be paid by the Savoy Trust Co., 520 Broadway. ARTHUR DAY, New York Manager.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between William Frisch and Frank N. Trowbridge has been this day dissolved. All outstanding accounts are to be paid to William Frisch, who will continue the business at the old address and assume all obligations of the firm. William Frisch, Frank N. Trowbridge. Oct. 17, 1910.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

The undersigned has severed his connection with the Withington Realty Co. The partnership established in August, 1910, has been dissolved. ALEXANDER O. REGENSBURG.

Free of Taxes in the State of New York
New York Telephone Company
First and General Mortgage Gold Sinking Fund
4½ Per Cent. Bonds
Dated October 1, 1909 Due November 1, 1939
To Yield over 4.60%
Full particulars on Application
Kidder, Peabody & Co.
115 Devonshire Street BOSTON
56 Wall Street NEW YORK CITY

MADISON TRUST COMPANY
(FORMERLY VAN NORDEN TRUST COMPANY)
Fifth Ave. & Sixtieth Street
An uptown banking connection is a very necessary convenience to the man or woman whose affairs otherwise would not call them into the downtown district.
There is also connected with this Trust Company a splendid Safe Deposit Company. The cost of a box for securities and valuables is from $5 a year upward. Trunks, silverware and bric-a-brac taken for safekeeping in the silver vaults.
WATKINS CROCKETT, President.
BRADLEY MARTIN, Jr., Vice-President and Treasurer. WILLIAM W. ROBINSON, Secretary.
CHARLES A. FISHER, Ass't Secretary & Ass't Treas. GEORGE H. BARTHOLOMEW, Trust Officer.
East Side Branch 122 Bowery, cor. Grand St.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
$100 GOLD BONDS 6% | CONVERTIBLE BONDS 6.86%
FIFTEENTH YEAR.
ASSETS $3,000,000.
WRITE FOR CIRCULAR E.
METROPOLITAN AGENCY, 489 5TH AV.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

LOST—Southern Pacific Company Common Stock Certificate No. B39369 for ten shares in the name of Harriet F. Bain. Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Harriet F. Bain.

DIVIDENDS.

New York Telephone Company
First and General Mortgage Gold Sinking Fund Bonds.

Coupons from these bonds payable by their terms on November 1, 1910, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or Boston, will be paid in New York at the office of the Treasurer, Room 675, 18 Cortlandt Street.

FORD HUNTINGTON, Treasurer.

THE GERMANIA BANK of the City of New York.

New York, October 18th, 1910.

The Directors have this day declared the usual Semi-Annual dividend of TEN (10) PER CENT. and an EXTRA dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT., free of tax, payable November 1st next, to the shareholders of record at the close of business October 21st, 1910. LOFTIN LOVE, Cashier.

BUTTE COALITION MINING CO.

42 Broadway, New York, October 25, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of twenty-five cents (25c) per share on the outstanding capital stock, payable December 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. November 14, 1910. Transfer books close at three o'clock P. M. November 14, 1910, and reopen ten o'clock A. M. December 2, 1910.

J. W. ALLEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK.

New York, October 18th, 1910.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank, held to-day, a semi-annual dividend of Five (5%) Per Cent. on the capital stock was declared, payable November 1st, proximo, to stockholders of record at close of business October 29th, 1910.

WALTER H. BENNETT, Cashier.

CHARLES WARNER CO. OF DELAWARE
First Preferred Stock Dividend No. 31.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths (1¾%) per cent. on the First Preferred Capital Stock of the Charles Warner Company has been declared, payable October 27, 1910, to stockholders of record September 30, 1910. Checks will be mailed.

A. D. WARNER, JR., Treasurer.

AMALGAMATED COPPER COMPANY.

42 Broadway, New York, Oct. 20, 1910.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Amalgamated Copper Company a dividend of One-half of One Per Cent. (½ of 1%) was declared, payable November 28th, 1910, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company as of 12 o'clock noon, October 29th, 1910.

A. H. MELIN, Secretary and Treasurer.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.

Coupons due November 1, 1910 from Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the office of the company, 25 Broad Street, New York.

F. H. DAVIS, Treasurer.

United States Steel Corporation.

Quarterly Dividend No. 38 of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock, payable Nov. 29, 1910, was declared Oct. 25 to stockholders of record Oct. 31. Transfer books close at 3 P. M. Oct. 31, and reopen at 10 A. M. Nov. 15.

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

United States Steel Corporation.

Dividend No. 28 of 1¼% on the Common Stock, for the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1910, was declared Oct. 25, payable Dec. 30, to stockholders of record Dec. 1. Transfer books close at 3 P. M. Dec. 1 and reopen at 10 A. M. Dec. 15. RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Franklin Society 4½%
Founded 1888. Bank Department Supervision. Mailing size pass books. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Oct. 31 earn from Nov. 1. Absolute security. Begin now or write for Booklet A. One Beekman St., N. Y.

Investors in every kind of security dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb consult The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Impartial records of leading financial events. Reliable lists of quotations of bonds, stocks, mines, and commodities. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Strong binder for The Review mailed on receipt of One Dollar.

The Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron Company

REORGANIZATION.

Notice is hereby given that the Plan and Agreement as modified September 26, 1910, has received the assent of much more than a majority of all classes of security holders, and has been declared effective by the Committee.

Holders of First Mortgage Bonds, Second Mortgage Bonds, Preferred Stock, and Common Stock who have not deposited their securities may deposit the same with the Bankers Trust Company on or before OCTOBER 29, 1910.

Holders of undeposited notes, claims, or other obligations or demands against the Company may deposit such claims with said Trust Company on or before OCTOBER 29, 1910, accompanied by assignments thereof to the Committee for acceptance by the Committee when certified by the Auditor of the Company.

NO SECURITIES WILL BE ACCEPTED FOR DEPOSIT AFTER THE ABOVE DATE EXCEPT ON PAYMENT OF A PENALTY OF $5 ON EACH BOND AND 50 CENTS A SHARE ON EACH SHARE OF STOCK.

To
HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT FOR PREFERRED AND COMMON STOCK.

Notice is hereby given that a first installment of $5 per share on account of the total payment of $10 per share required by said Plan and Agreement as a condition of participation therein by holders of Preferred Stock and Common Stock, has been called by the Committee and is payable at the office of Bankers Trust Company, Depositary, No. 7 Wall Street, New York City, on or before the 4TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1910. Certificates of deposit must be presented at the time of payment of said installment for the endorsement of such payment thereon by the Depositary.

Dated New York, October 18, 1910.

FRANK B. KEECH,
ALEXANDER GILBERT,
FRANK N. B. CLOSE,
Committee.

ESTATE OF N. LOW. (A CORPORATION.)
NOTICE TO DEBENTURE BOND-HOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that the estate of N. Low will receive proposals for the sale to the Company of its Six Per Cent. Debenture Gold Bonds, due Nov. 1, 1916. Proposals must be in writing stating the price, the name, and address of the bondholder and the serial number of the bonds offered and be received by the Company at its office No. 208 Bleecker Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before October 31, 1910. The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals, and in case of an excess of offerings to apportion the acce

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Investors Pay $500,000 for Loft on West 17th Street—Developers Buying Plots in Old Greenwich Village—Deal on East 14th Street—Bronx Sales.

The realty market suffered a bad slump yesterday as compared with the volume and importance of the business transacted Monday and the closing days of last week.

Several large deals are said to be pending, one for a corner in the new Fourth Avenue loft zone and another on upper Fifth Avenue. One interesting feature about yesterday's sales was that the majority of the buyers intend to improve their purchases immediately with lofts and apartments, which shows that money is easier and that loans are more readily secured than they were a few weeks ago.

Development in Old Greenwich Village.

The proposed extension of Seventh Avenue from Eleventh Street South and the prospect of a subway under it has caused quite a boom in old Greenwich Village realty.

Several sales were reported last week by investors, who intend to improve the parcels purchased with loft structures.

The latest transaction was reported yesterday by the John H. Dye Company, which sold for George H. Budke the old four-story dwelling 37 Perry Street, on a lot 17 by 74. The buyer is Leon Ottinger, who recently purchased the adjoining building, 39 Perry Street. This gives the purchaser control of a plot, 34 by 74, only 150 feet from the proposed extension of Seventh Avenue, and it is said that the site will be improved with a modern loft.

One of the heaviest operators in this particular section is J. H. Cruikshank, who with the Trinity Corporation has been the principal developer. The old village will soon be a thing of the past, and judging by the present indications a loft district will build up.

Investor Buys on East 14th Street.

The Equitable Realty Company has sold to an investor through John Peters 302 and 304 East Fourteenth Street, two four-story and basement dwellings, on a plot 39 by 51.6. The property adjoins the corner of Second Avenue.

$500,000 Loft Sale.

A $500,000 sale in the midtown loft section indicates the continued confidence on the part of investors in high-class property of that character. The new twelve-story building now nearing completion at 50 to 54 West Seventeenth Street, on plot 66 by 92 feet, has been purchased by an investor from the Widbern Realty Company, through the brokerage firm of Mark Rafalsky & Co. The property has been held at $500,000. Just six months ago the Widbern Company bought the plot from the William Astor estate, and plans for the structure were filed last May.

The building is of steel construction, containing three high-speed electric elevators and every modern equipment. It is so situated and surrounded as to enjoy unobstructed light and possesses one uncommon feature in that a high-pressure boiler has been installed to supply steam to tenants for manufacturing purposes. It will be ready for occupancy on Jan. 1, and Mark Rafalsky & Co. have been appointed agents for the new owner.

Foreclosure on 43d Street.

The New York Life Insurance Company has instituted foreclosure proceedings against Lena K. Hoag and others on the two four-story buildings 6 and 8 East Forty-third Street, on plot 41 by 100.5 feet. The property adjoins the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, owned by Richard T. Wilson.

Y. M. C. A. Takes Title.

The Young Men's Christian Association took title yesterday from the Michael J. Adrian Corporation of the property 10 to 20 East Third Street, having a frontage of 128.10 feet. The new owners gave back a mortgage of $80,000. The property was acquired a short time ago for a new building to extend its Bowery work.

Buys Bronx Corner for Improvement

The northwest corner of Union Avenue and 152d Street was sold yesterday for immediate improvement. L. Israels, the buyer of the plot, which measures 50 by 90, will break ground at once for a six-story apartment. Samuel Cowen, the seller, acquired the property about three years ago.

Bronx Sales.

The estate of Frederick J. de Peyster has sold two lots on the southwest corner of Mathilda Street and Nereid Avenue, 50 by 100, to a builder. W. E. and W. J. Brown, in conjunction with J. J. McGuire, negotiated the sale.

Mary A. Langbein has sold, through C. H. Smith, two lots on the north side of 181st Street, running through to West Street, 21 feet west of Honeywell Avenue.

Heavy Liens Against Fitzgerald Building.

Twelve mechanics' liens, aggregating $126,941, were filed yesterday against the Fitzgerald Building and George M. Cohan Theatre, now nearing completion on the southeast corner of Broadway and Forty-third Street, opposite the Times Building. The Broadway and Forty-third Street Building Company and Frank R. Tate and the George M. Cohan Theatre Company appear as the lessees, with the C. L. Gray Construction Company as the contractor. On the preceding day liens aggregating over $35,000 were filed against the building.

Big Deal in Jersey City.

A large purchase in the Lafayette section of Jersey City has just been made by David B. Richardson of Brooklyn, who has bought from the New England Mortgage Security Company the plant formerly belonging to the Atlantic Brass Company. The property is located on the northerly side of Philip Street just west of Communipaw Avenue, and has a frontage of 172 feet on Philip Street and a depth of 512 feet.

Yonkers Estate Sold.

E. V. Siedle of the Yonkers Realty Exchange has sold for Mrs. Julian Edwards the estate of the late Julian Edwards, 70 Sunnyside Drive, Yonkers, to G. Howard Harmon.

Joint Taxpayers' Organization.

A joint taxpayers' organization of the Second and Third Ward of Queens has been organized and Julius F. Harder, President of the Bayside Taxpayers' Association, chosen Permanent Chairman; M. De Lorme Secretary, and John J. Daly Treasurer.

A committee of five has been appointed to go before the members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment and inform them of the urgent needs of improvements for those two wards.

To Open East New York Streets.

The city has decided to open and extend a number of streets and avenues in the East New York section as soon as the necessary title to the land shall have been acquired. The streets are Ralph Avenue from Eastern Parkway to East Ninety-eighth Street, Union Street from East New York Avenue to East Ninety-eighth Street, Tapscott Street from East New York Avenue to East Ninety-eighth Street, Howard Avenue from East New York Avenue to East Ninety-eighth Street, and Grafton Street from Sutter Avenue to East Ninety-eighth Street.

A hearing in regard to the acquiring of title will be held at 166 Montague Street, the office of the Commissioners of Estimate, at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of Nov. 7.

Bronx Lots at Auction.

A number of Bronx lots are to be sold at auction by Bryan L. Kennelly to-day. They include twelve plots to close the estate of Ralph L. Anderton, located on the west side of Third Avenue, north of East 181st Street, and the east side of Bathgate Avenue. In addition will be sold three Bronx lots on the southeast corner of West 179th Street and Lewis Place, and two lots on the south side of East 183d Street, west of Prospect Avenue.

Notes.

The Harlem Property Owners' Association will hold a meeting Thursday evening at the Twelfth Ward Bank Building, 147 East 125th Street.

The Wyckoff Heights Taxpayers' Association of Long Island will hold its next regular meeting at Bill's Aurora Hall, Wyckoff and De Kalb Avenues, on Tuesday, Nov. 1. At that time C. M. Sheehan will deliver an address on electric lighting.

A building loan of $250,000 was given yesterday by the Union Mortgage Company to the Fort Washington Construction Company on the new apartment being erected by the latter company at the southeast corner of Fort Washington Avenue and 181st Street, a plot 173.10 by 100.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Charles A. Berrian.

Sedgwick Av, 2,503, w s, 204.4 ft n of junction of Bailey and Sedgwick Avs, 37.6x100, two-story frame dwelling; voluntary sale, to James Kearney for a client, $11,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

117th St, 523 and 525, n s, 248 ft e of Pleasant Av, 37.6x100.10, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Nov. 9.

182d St, 221, n s, 325 ft w of Webster Av, 25x100, three-story brick dwelling; foreclosure sale, adjourned.

165th St, 607, n s, 113 ft e of Avenue B, 25x103.3, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to Arthur S. Lewis, $9,750.

By Samuel Marx.

Chrystie St, 165, w s, 20 ft s of Rivington St, 23x103, five-story tenement and stores and four-story tenement in rear; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Walter Reed, $28,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

GREENWICH ST, 767; for a six-story factory, 21x67.9; M. Levinzon, 484 East 141st St., owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost $22,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, OCT. 25.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney.

TIFFANY ST, w s, at w s of 169th St, at Intervale Av, 95xirregular; Minnie F. Hirsch and others to James M. Satterlon, 315 West 97th St, Oct. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$10,000

36TH ST, s s, 480 ft e of 8th Av, 20x98.9; Martha L. Schloss to Anna Coughlin, 546 8th Av, (mtg $11,000,) Oct. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$1

119TH ST, no. 118 East, s s, 25x100.11; William Graeber to John J. Graeber, 433 Pacific St, Brooklyn, N. Y., (mtg $16,000,) Oct. 25; attorney, A. D. Pape, 95 Liberty St.....$1

FRANKLIN AV, e s, 65 ft s of 167th St, 27.6x97; Mary W. Hagerty to Mary Hagerty, (mtg $5,000,) June 1, 1909; attorneys, Delany and St. John, 2 Rector St.....$1

LOTS 70 to 77, amended map of 129 lots, being a sub-division of plot 23, map 1108a of Clason's Point; Mary M. De Canlo to Hudson P. Rose Co., 31 West 42d St, all liens, Oct. 24.....$1

AV. C, e s, 81 ft s of 13th St, 22x105, except part for Castle Hill Av; John Burkard to Sarah J. Mason, 342 East 152d St, Oct. 29; attorney, John P. Frees, 3,029 Third Av.....$100

LOT 19, map 327 of lots of Hunter Estate; Felix De Canlo to Hudson P. Rose Co., address, 32 West 45th St., Oct. 6.....$1

AV A, 1325, w s, 25x87; David A. Ettinger to Ellen Pries, 160 East Houston St., Sept. 23; attorneys, Rosansky and Goldberg, 41 Park Row.....$100

SULLIVAN ST, 114, n s, runs n w 100x3 w 23.6xs e 100 to Sullivan St x n e 23.6 to beginning; David Cella to John Cella, 114 Sullivan St, 1-3, right title and interest, Oct. 24; attorneys, R. E. and J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$6,000

SAME PROPERTY; Louis Cella to Sam 1-3, right title and interest, Oct. 24; attorneys, same.....$6,000

8D ST, 62 East, s s, 18.9x101.4; William Buchan, Jr., Passaic, N. J., to Mary Lang, 223 Chrystie St., Oct. 24; attorney, Wallace S. Chandler, 40 Wall St.....$100

MONROE ST, 62, s s, 27.4x100.9x27.6x101; Bertha Gutfarb to Jacob Pompan, 473 East Houston St; one half part, all liens, Oct. 24; attorneys, Giegerich and P., 203 Broadway.....$100

LOT 98, amended map 1081 of Gleason property; Barnard Glass to Peter A. Glass, 998 Av A, (mtg $4,000,) Oct. 24; attorney, John A. Steinmetz, 1009 East 180th St.....$100

152D ST, n s, 450 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 50x100; Llewellyn Realty Co. to Frederick R. Hasselman, 192 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J., Oct. 24; attorney, Charles Kaufman, 35 Nassau St.....$1

68TH ST, n s, 455 ft w of Central Park West, 20x100.5; Isaac Stern to Henrietta Michels, (mtg $20,000,) Oct. 30, 1907; attorney, E. H. R. Rosenstock, 76 William St.....$1

LOTS 49 to 49, Parcel 10, map subdivision estate William B. Ogden, Highbridge; Abram Calebnikow to Sawyer Realty Company, 302 Broadway, Oct. 24; attorney, S. J. Bershad, 302 Broadway.....$100

ST. LAWRENCE AV, w s, 281.4 ft s of West Farms Road, 25x100; Michael F. McBride to Francis McBride and Walter J. McBride of East Dorset, Vt., all title, quitclaim, Oct. 24; attorneys, Hoerner & Miller, 258 Broadway.....$1

AV A, 1325, w s, 25x87; Ellen Priess to Isidore Druck, 146 Worth St., (mtags $25,200,) Oct. 25; attorney, Louis A. Solomon, 41 Park Row.....$100

181ST ST, n s, 91 ft e of Park Av, 50x150; Rae Weiss to Sam (or Samuel) Weiss, 450 East 181st St, (mtgs $19,000,) Oct. 22; attorney, S. B. Lilienstern, 68 William St.....$1

WEEKS AV, 1,652, e s, 20x95; Fatie Leery to Wilhelmina Marcus, 995 Boston Road, (mtg $7,000,) R. & S., all liens, Oct. 22; attorney, Max Shelwart, 320 Broadway.....$100

7TH AV, e s, 80.10 ft s of 118th St, 40x100; William J. Casey to John O'Connor, 1,127 Park Av, Oct. 25; attorneys, Steinhardt & Goldman, 111 Broadway.....$100

7TH AV, 102, w s, 16.7x58.1; Herman Klocke to Catherine McCrorken, et ux, 135 West 92d St, (mtg $2,000,) and all liens, Oct. 25; Alfred J. Talley, 165 Broadway.....$100

CRIMMINS AV, n w cor 141st, 27x80x21.4x80.2; Samuel Opolinsky to the Commonwealth Realty Co., 373 State St, New Haven, Conn., all liens, Oct. 22.....$100

WEST END AV, 496, e s, 15.4x100; Florence S. Livingston to John H. Bodine, 201 East 79th St, (mtg $14,000,) Oct. 25; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$100

WEST END AV, 494, e s, 14.10x100; William A. Whitcomb to John H. Bodine, 201 East 79th St, Oct. 25; attorneys, same.....$100

84TH ST, 278 West, s s, 16.8x102.2; Adeline Molyneux to John H. Bodine, 201 East 79th St, (mtg $10,000,) Oct. 25; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$100

84TH ST, 276 West, s s, 16.8x62.2; Elizabeth T. Mosher to John H. Bodine, 201 East 79th St, Oct. 25; attorneys, same.....$100

84TH ST, 274 West, s s, 16.8x62.2; Sophia R. Haslam and others to John H. Bodine, 201 East 79th St, Oct. 25; attorneys, same.....$100

WEST END AV, e s, 62 ft s of 84th St, a strip, 0.2x83.4; Vienna D. Gano and others, heirs, &c., of James M. Gano, to Henry F. De Puy, quitclaim, all liens, Aug. 31; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Henry F. de Puy to John H. Bodine, quitclaim, Oct. 25; attorneys, same.....$1

ROAD to Pelham, w s, part of Lot 1A on Map 233 of Elijah Valentine, at Westchester, begins at s e corner of land of A. Drake, runs s along road 82 to n s of Lot 2A x n w 38.4 to mill pond x n 127 x e 225 x 77 to beginning; James Forbes to D. Roy Shafer, 445 West 21st St, ½ part, (mtg $4,000 and all liens,) Oct. 14; attorney, Steven B. Ayres, 1,128 Broadway.....$100

69TH ST, n s, 220 ft w of Central Park West, 20x100.5; Louis Bauer to Kate M., his wife, 17 West 69th St, Oct. 25, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

EDGECOMBE AV, e s, at centre line of 143d St., runs e 72.2 to Bradhurst Av x s 188.10 x w 20 to e s of Edgecombe Av x n 190.3 to beginning; Legal Realty and Mortgage Co. to Gerlelt Meyer Construction Co., 313 West 143d St, (mtgs $89,500 and all liens,) Oct. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

PARK ROW, n s, at centre line of premises hereby conveyed, and 158 Park Row, runs along street 3.10 to e s of Pearl St x n w 43.9 x n e 40.6 x s 54.10 to beginning; Edgar T. Belden to Margaret Hyland, widow, and Stephen A. and Mary A. Hyland, heirs of Maurice Hyland, all at 127 West 98th St, quitclaim, Oct. 20; attorney, Hy. A. Fuller, 44 Pine St.....$75

GARDEN PLACE, Lot 16, map of Walkley, plot begins at Wakefield, 25x152x25.4x148, s s; Adeline A. Walkley to Filicia Amiano, 4,560 Garden Place, Oct. 19; attorney, F. A. Bennett, 16 East 1st St, Mount Vernon.....$100

WEBSTER AV, 1,853, w s, 25x90; Jacob Swebel to Francis M. Jaques, Silver Lake, Kosciusko, Ind., (mtgs $10,500 and all liens,) Sept. 26; attorney, McClure Jaques, 32 Broadway..$100

CONCORD ST, e s, 100 ft s of Kossuth Av, 25x100, South Mount Vernon; Carrie L. Weldon to George L. Raymond, 2,832 Marion Av, Oct. 21; attorneys, De la Mare & Morrison, 299 Broadway.....$100

LEROY ST, (or St. Luke's Place, 5,) n s, 59.6 ft e of Hudson St; Eliza Nugent to Loretto Eagleton, 133 East 30th St, B. & S. and all liens, Oct. 21; attorneys, Fixman & Lewis, 198 Broadway.....$1

WEST END AV, 498, s e corner of 84th St, 33.4x62; H. F. De Puy to John H. Bodine, 201 East 79th St, Oct. 25; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$100

WEST END AV, 494 to 498, s e corner of 84th St, 16.8x92.4x irregular; John H. Bodine to Herald Square Holding Co., 1,182 Broadway, (mtgs $145,000,) Oct. 25; attorneys, Einstein, Levy & Pfeiffer, 125 Broadway.....$100

3D ST, 10 to 20 East, s s, runs e 128.10x s 61.7x w 124.7x n 5.3x w 4.3x n 60 to beginning; Michael J. Adrian Corporation to Young Men's Christian Association, 215 West 23d St, B. & S., Sept. 28; attorneys, Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St.....$100

118TH ST, 229 East, n s, 25x100.11; Dan Fusillo to Michael Bissert, 1,184 Jackson Av, (mtgs $23,500,) all liens, Oct. 24; attorney, Henry C. Botty, 140 Nassau St.....$1

WEBSTER AV, n w corner of 198th St., 42.8x89.9x48.5x87.11; Margaret A. Stafford to Dennis Harrington, Jr., 770 1st Av, ¼ part, (mtg $1,761.84,) Oct. 25; attorney, R. V. Harrington, 290 Broadway.....$100

CLINTON AV, 1,472, w s, 24x100, irregular, foreclosure, Sept. 15, 1910; Thomas K. McCarthy, referee, to Clara Lion, 28 South 17th St, East Orange, (mtg $5,000,) and taxes; attorneys, Kantrowitz & Esbere, 320 Broadway, for and above amount mtg.....$500

CATHARINE SLIP, 17 to 25, e s, 89.2x49.7x89.2x41.4, foreclosure, Oct. 19, 1910; William J. Murray, referee, to John S. Schreyer, 53 West 83d St, (mtg $27,500,) Oct. 24; attorney, Louis Wendel, Jr., 277 Broadway..$1,000

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

CITY THEATRES CO. to Dean Holding Co., 309 Broadway; 14th St, 114 East, s s, 25x irregular to 13th St, 111 to 121 East, prior mtg $175,000, Oct. 22, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$50,000

F. A. TEN BROOK CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Anthony Av, n w corner of 175th St, 45x95, Oct. 24, due as per bond.....$25,000

SAME to Emily W. Klappert, 873 West End Av.; same property, prior mtg $28,000, Oct. 21, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus, 55 Liberty St.....$6,000

ORENSTEIN, Maley of Malle, wife of Solomon, to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St.; 147th St, s s, 249.6 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 25x100, Oct. 24, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$4,500

BANDMANN, Josephine, wife of, and Albert, to Ludwig Kirchheimer, 230 West 92d St, 462d St, 211 East, n s, 18.7x100.5, Oct. 21, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. A. Solomon, 41 Park Row.....$500

JOSEPHSOHN, Michael, to Frederick W. Ridgway, 168 Gates Av., Brooklyn; Eldridge St, 79, e s, 22.9x25x6.11, Oct. 27, 5 years; attorneys, Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$12,000

COHN, Rachel, to Susan C. Edwards of Greenwich, Conn.; 83d St, n s, 208 ft w of East End Av, 25x102.2, Oct. 24, 5 years; attorney, Wm. Walton, 32 William St.....$18,000

COHN, Lillie, to Raymond H. Sarfaty, 506 West 124th St.; Chrystie St, 112, e s, 25x100, prior mtg $10,000, Oct. 22, 3 years; attorneys, W. & C. Simpson, 111 Broadway..$10,000

MASON, Sarah J., to John Burkard, 2,214 Gleason Av, Av A, 81 ft s of 138th St, 25x100, Bronx, Oct. 22, 3 years; attorney, J. F. Fries, 3,029 3d Av.....$1,000

WEISS, Max, to Julius Reich, 178 East 7th St.; Jones Av, e s, 200 ft s of Jefferson Av, 25x100, Oct. 25, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Lefkowitz, 240 Eldridge St.....$150

COUGHLAN, Anna, to Martha L. Schloss, 127 West 76th St.; 36th St, s s, 480 ft e of 8th Av, 20x98.9, prior mtg $11,000, Oct. 24, due as per bond; attorneys, Miller and Bretzfelder, 120 Broadway.....$11,000

WIEDKOPF CONSTRUCTION CO to Harriet M. Kimmell, residing on w s of 3d St, 150 ft s of Lamartine Av, Borough of Queens; 175th St, n s, 27 ft w of Clinton Av, 30.8x90, Oct. 24, 3 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$17,000

SAME to same; same property, prior mtg $17,000, Oct. 24, due Nov. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same.....$2,500

SAME to same; 175th St., n s, 87.8 ft w of Clinton Av, 2 lots, each 30.8x90, 2 mtgs, each $17,000, Oct. 24, 3 years; attorneys, same.....$34,000

SAME to Abraham Eisenstein, 708 Quincy St, Brooklyn; same property, 2 mtgs, each $2,500, 2 prior mtgs, each $17,000, Oct. 24, Nov. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same.....$5,000

SAME to Harriet M. Kimmell, residing on 3d St, Borough of Queens; 175th St, n s, 119 ft w of Clinton Av, 30.9x90, Oct. 24, 3 years; attorneys, same.....$17,000

SAME to Abraham Eisenstein, 708 Quincy St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; same property, prior mtg $17,000, Oct. 24, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same.....$2,500

SAME to Emily Lotze, 141 West 110th St; Clinton Av, n w corner of 175th St, 90x27, Oct. 24, 3 years; attorneys, same.....$23,000

SAME to Minna N. Semmler, 30 West 120th St; same property, prior mtg $23,000, Oct. 24, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same.....$3,000

FIELD, Louise S., to United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St; 70th St, 138 West, s s, 18.6x100.5, Oct. 25, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St.....$17,000

RAYMORE REALTY CO to David Jacobs, 522 East 138th St; 106th St, s s, 225 ft w of Amsterdam Av 150x100.11, Oct. 20, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. H. Hayman, 198 Broadway.

MATILDA REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co to Magdalena Siemon, 2,976 Marion Av; Matilda, &c, e s, 225 ft s of 237th St, 50x100, prior mtg $4,630, Oct. 20, 8 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. F. Fries, 3,029 3d Av.....$1,200

LANG, Mary, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; 3d St, 62 East, s s, 18.9x101.3, Oct. 24, 5 years; attorneys, Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St.....$9,000

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION to Michael J. Adrian, Corporation, 137 East 84th St; 3d St, 10 to 20 East, s s, 128.10x irregular, Sept. 28, 1 year; attorneys, Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St.....$80,000

MANHEIM, John R., to Frederic de P. Foster, 44 Wall St, and another as trustees; Warren St, 80, n s, 25x100, Oct. 25, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, party second part..$40,000

PENDERGAST, Belle J., to Gertrude M. Ratzer; Pleasant Av, e s, part of Lot 52, map of Ollinville, 27.6x100x27.1x100, July 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; Mrs. C. C. Ratzer, 249 Harrison St, Passaic, N. J.....$525

BODINE, John H., to Amer Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; West End Av, e s, 494 to 498, s e corner of 84th St, 274 ft, 92.4x irregular, Oct. 25, 2 years; 5½ p. c.; attorney, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$145,000

WEISENSEE, George, to William P. Amend; 155 West 83d St; 50th St, 527 West, n s, 25x100.5, prior mtg $10,000, Oct. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Louis Wender, Jr., 277 Broadway.....$2,000

ROSE, Abraham, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 88th St, 427 East, n s, 18.1x100.4, 5 years.....$7,000

TESSIER BUILDING CO. to Louis H. Bode, 231 West 137th St; Bailey Av, e s, 154.5 ft s of 238th St, 20x85.8x18.2x85, Oct. 25, 5 years, 6½ p. c.; attorney, Joseph H. Hayes.....42

Broadway.....$7,500

ZABINSKI, Lizzie, to Moses Goodman, 562 West 118th St; East Broadway, n s, Lot 47, map of Mary E. Beekman, 25x64, prior mtg $24,000, Oct. 25, due Nov. 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, Moses Goodman, 287 Broadway.....$6,000

DRUCK, Isidore, to Edlin Preiss, 1,234 Boston Road; Avenue A, 1,825, w s, 25x87, prior mtg, $20,000, Oct. 25, due May 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. A. Solomon, 41 Park Row.$5,200

BAUER, Louis, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 69th St, 17 West, n s, 20x100.5, Oct. 25, due as per bond; attorney, party 2d part.....$15,000

MONACO, Pasquale, to Commercial Finance Co., 54 Market St, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; Broadway, n w corner of Middletown Road, 87.11x52, prior mtg $699, Oct. 22, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. H. Arnold, Westchester, N. Y.....$500

CARUSO, Carmela, to Domenico Spina, 302 Broome St; Mott St, 118, e s, 27x irregular; Mott St, 120, e s, 27.6x irregular; prior mtgs $27,800, Oct. 25, due as per bond; attorney, party 2d part.....$1,000

CENTRAL HOLDING CO. to William R. Wilder, trustee, Stratford, Conn; 184th St, e s, 181.7 ft s of Fordham Road, runs e 57 x n 58.4 x w 11 x s 2.4 x w 46 to street x s 56 to beginning, Oct. 25, 5 years; attorney, William M. Patterson, 45 Cedar St....$25,000

HAUPTNER, Charlotte, to West Side Bank, 485 8th Av; 94th St, 44 West, s s, 17x100.8, Oct. 21, 4 months, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Devo & B., 111 Broadway.....$3,500

VANDERBECK, Gertrude A., to Alfred C. Bachman, 553 Manhattan Av; Pearl St, 122 and 124, s s, 46.10x— to Water St, 86 and 88, prior mtg $97,411, Oct. 25, due as per bond; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 135 Broadway.....$3,000

AMIANO, Filicia, to Adeline A. Walkley, 4,550 Garden Place; Garden Place, s, Lot 16, map of Walkley Plot, 25x152.7x25.4x148, Oct. 19, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wood & B., Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$2,100

O'BRIEN, John, to Bronx Borough Bank, 440 Tremont Av; 220th St, s e corner of 3d St, —e—; White Plains Road, w s, 80 ft n of 8th Av, 25x105; 216th St, n e corner of Olinville Av, 100x60, Oct. 20, due Dec. 21, 1910, 6 p. c.; attorney, James Kearney, 220 Broadway.....$14,000

HASSELMAN, Frederick R., to Joseph Frankenthaler, 1,215 Madison Av; 152d St, n s, 450 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 50x100, Oct. 24, due April 24, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Kaufman, 35 Nassau St.....$2,000

SINNOTT, Annie H., to Flora M. Rudkin of Roselle, N. J.; 38th St, 261 West, n s, 20.6x 98.9, Oct. 25, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Arrowsmith & Dunn, 229 Broadway....$2,000

FIELD, Frank E., to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av; Avenue C, e s, 28 ft s of 10th St, 80x80, Unionport, Oct. 25, due Dec. 1, 1915, 6, 6½ and 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St.....$7,000

HARRY C. BENLINE CONSTRUCTION CO. to James C. Green, 413 Morris Park Av; Daly Av, e s, 389.2 ft s of 177th St, 64.8x 150.11, Oct. 22, due as per bond; attorneys, Clocke & Love, 2,022 Boston Road.....$500

COMFORT REALTY CO. to Abel King, 148 West 65th St; 163d St, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 110x99.11, prior mtg $140,000, Oct. 25, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lese & C., 35 Nassau St.....$10,000

KNAPP, Mabel T., to Leavitt J. Hunt, 119 West 45th St; 147th St, s s, 267.6 ft w of Broadway, 14x99.11, prior mtg $5,000, Oct. 24, due Jan. 1, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hunt, Hill & Betts, 165 Broadway.....$1,800

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

7TH AV, n e corner of 117th St, 25x201.10x125x 201.10, June 1, 1094; William J. Casey and Mary L., his wife, to Mary I. Casey; Steinhardt & Goldman, 111 Broadway.....$250,000

IRVING PLACE, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, and 33, (16th St, 118 East,) s w corner of 16th St, 23.9x80x20.6x20x103.3x100, Sept. 10, 1909; 118 East 16th Street Co., a corporation, to New York Mortgage and Security Co., 135 Broadway.....$155,000

SAME PROPERTY, Sept. 10, 1909; same to same.....$145,000

IRVING PLACE, 25, 27, 29, 31, and 33, s w corner of 16th St, 100x103.3, May 10, 1907; Ellen J. Scott to the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, 32 Nassau St.; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$145,000

81ST ST, s s, 80 ft w of 4th Av, 98.9x35, Jan. 27, 1908; Shepherd K. De Forest to St. Luke's Hospital Co., 113th St and Amsterdam Av.; Miller, King, Lane & Trafford, 80 Broadway.....$55,000

13TH ST, 130 West, s s, 103.3x22; 13th St, 128 West, s s, 103.3x22, Feb. 15, 1910; Joseph Harbater of Brooklyn and Solomon Silk of New York City to Frederic de P. Foster of Tuxedo, N. Y., trustee of Henry and Georgiana Berryman Strong, remaindermen under second article and trustee of trust created for benefit of Benjamin W. and Frances M. Strong, under third article, will of Julia Bedell; Frederic de P. Foster, 18 Wall St.....$38,000

SAME PROPERTY, March 15, 1910; same to Sender Jarmulowsky, 16 East 93d St; Morris Clark, 54 Canal St.....$35,000

ELTON AV, s w corner of 158th St, 100x84, Jan. 28, 1910; Charles T. Streeter Construction Co. to Enoch C. Bell, Nyack, N. Y.; E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av.....$28,000

75TH ST, n s, 355 ft w of West End Av, 20x 102.2, July 1, 1893; Perez M. Stewart and Gertrude, his wife, to the Germania Life Insurance Co., 147 4th Av; Edward M. Burghard, 129 Broadway.....$25,750

COLUMBUS AV, 885, e s, 30x100, July 8, 1897; John D. Hennessy and Ellen, his wife, to the National Savings Bank of the City of Albany, Albany, N. Y.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$25,000

IRVING PLACE, 28, s w, 80x20.6, Feb. 5, 1907; Kips Bay Realty Co. to Realty Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$20,000

61ST ST, n s, 119 East, 19x100.5, July 15, 1901; Gerald Hull Gray to Mary Sternheim, Fanwood, N. J.; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$2,500

AVENUE A, 238, e s, 25.9x95.6, April 1, 1905; Samuel Greenfeld and Joseph Spivack to Anna, wife of Jacob Ruppert, 1,116 5th Av; Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$23,000

114TH ST, 9 East, n s, 25x100.11, Dec. 16, 1901; same to same; attorney, same.....$18,000

114TH ST, 5 East, n s, 25x100.11, Dec. 16, 1901; same to same; attorney, same..$18,000

7TH AV, 2,245, n e corner of 132d St, 24.11x 75, Feb. 11, 1909; Alfred C. Bachman, unmarried, to Charlotto A. Haig, now of London, England; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$18,000

118TH ST, 128 West, s s, 20x100.11, Dec. 15, 1900; Lydia Lange to Edward Oppenheimer, 118 East 61st St; Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway.....$15,000

COLUMBUS AV, 885, e s, 80x100, Sept. 18, 1900; Charles F. Coy and Eva L., his wife, to National Savings Bank of the City of Albany, N. Y.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$15,000

CITY HALL PLACE, 32, 1,609 ft w of Pearl St, 24x86, Oct. 19, 1909; Max J. Foss and Sara L., his wife, to Mutual Life Insurance Co; address, 32 Nassau St.....$110,000

SAME PROPERTY, March 10, 1907; same to same, at request of Max J. Foss, 17 East 93d St.....$5,000

SAME PROPERTY, Sept. 19, 1907; same to same.....$5,000

ELTON AV, s w corner of 158th St, 100x84, Jan. 28, 1910; Charles T. Streeter Construction Co. to Rockland Realty Co.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,500

116TH ST, 234-236 East, s s, 39x100.11, Oct. 9, 1909; Bernard Schlesinger to Frank Hillman, 76 West 120th St; Wesselman & Kraus, 55 Liberty St.....$6,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 75 ft s of 167th St, 50x100, Dec. 1, 1904; Minnie F. Neely to Josephine C. M. Collins, guardian of Charles E. Collins and Harold D. Collins, all of 255 West 131st St; Eugene V. Daly, 76 William St.....$6,000

58TH ST, 246 East, s s, 20x100.5, April 25, 1898; Michael Cohn and Amelia, his wife, to Simon R. Weil, executor; McClure & McClure, 22 William St.....$8,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 75 ft s of 167th St, 50x100 April 1, 1910; Henry F. A. Wolf to Josephine C. M. Collins, 255 West 131st St; Eugene V. Daly, 76 William St.....$5,000

DAWSON ST, 777, n w s, 25x100, July 16, 1907; Henriette Saft to Frank J. Muhlfeld, 805 Crotona Park North; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

117TH ST, 305 East, n s, 20x100.10x85x50, April 26, 1910; Charles J. Gerlich, Jr., to Emma Utz, 1,118 Blake Av., Brooklyn; Gerlich & Schwegler, 299 Broadway.....$5,500

184TH ST, 608 and 610 East, s s, 50x100, June 29, 1905; Bernard Galewski to August Bay, 26 West 120th St.; Gustave Frey, 3,429 8d Av.....$4,500

84TH ST, 212 West, s s, 20x102.2, Oct. 19, 1908; Ray Frisch to Moses Weinstock; Mayer & Kronacher, 256 Broadway.....$4,000

6TH AV, n w corner of 184th St, 24x110, April 20, 1904; Louis Bernstein to George Sauer and Frederick P. Hummel, acting executors of Jacob Schlosser, deceased; F. P. Hummel, 1,511 3d Av.....$4,000

EL TON ST, n s, 250.5 ft e of Morris Av, 50x 100, Melrose, April 30, 1909; Carmelo Atomia to Matilde Onoratelli Del Gindice, 527 East 153d St.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,500

UNION AV, 678, e s

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

ATTRACTIVE HOME.

Erected for owner under architectural supervision; thirty minutes from Grand Central Station via Harlem Division; six rooms and bath, finished in natural wood; shade and fruit trees, grapes; FIVE minutes from station. Fully worth $7,000, but for immediate sale $5,750; a genuine bargain. For further particulars apply JOHN C. BANCKER, 7 East 42d St.

My country home, overlooking Hudson and Palisades for sale; reasonable price, $25,000; convenient terms; strikingly handsome, new house on large plot; garage for three autos; ten rooms, two baths; parquet flooring; fits party wishing to live in neighborhood of congenial, refined people. Box 544, Hastings-on-Hudson.

Chappaqua.—Excellent building site of 32 acres; fine land; near fine residences of New York business men; $10,000. Angell, 16 East 42d St.

Folder describing 25 properties, just issued by Angell, 16 East 42d St. Send for it.

Along Hudson River and Westchester County Specialists. TOEL, BRETT & CO., 5 East 42d.

Mount Vernon.

$2,000 or $2,500 Cash

will buy a dandy home in fine locality, near station; nine rooms and tiled bath, electricity, steam heat, hardwood, perfect condition, open fireplace, porch enclosed with glass; plot 40x126; price $8,000, and well worth it. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

ROSLYN ESTATES UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY

For rent in Roslyn Estates—the most beautiful, elevated, sanitary development on Long Island—with privilege of purchase, a spacious half-timbered dwelling, new, with every convenience, surrounded by forest trees, huge fireplaces, wide porch, magnificent views, five master's bedrooms; bathrooms wainscoted and perfectly appointed; large living room has deep bay window with built-in seat; specially designed electric light fixtures; in short, a most attractive country home in an ideal environment close to New York, at a bargain. Fine chance to try suburban life before purchasing. Write us and arrange to see this house at once. DEAN ALVORD COMPANY, Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.

SMALL FARMS, 2 AND 3 ACRES.

One hour from New York City; very cheap; $25 is all that is required; balance in 5 years; fine soil, good for farming or chicken raising; only a few farms left. Call or write, SMALL FARMS, 146 East 34th St., and 2 East 125th St., New York City.

Near Port Jefferson.—An old-fashioned farmhouse, with five acres of land; one block to the harbor; bargain. Stephen Yates, 146 East 34th St., New York.

YOUR RENT WILL PAY FOR A HOME in New York City; new houses, 7 rooms, all improvements; fare 5c. Call or write. F. G. Randall, 366 5th Av.

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Country Homes FARMS Near New York City.

Where owners must sacrifice to quick purchasers. I. J. Auerbach, 14 East 23d St., N. Y. C.

Country homes, 35 minutes from Broadway; tunnel connections, trolley; restricted, beautiful location; fine plot; all improvements; $3,500-$6,000; terms to suit. Owner, office 2,010 5th Av., (125th.)

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Mitchell Building

41-43 West 25th St.

(Madison Square.)

Modern mercantile building, 80x90; location unsurpassed.

First and Ninth LOFTS.

First—Elegant Show Windows. Both—Splendid Light.

Passenger and freight elevators; reasonable rent; immediate possession.

Apply on premises, or your own broker. 'Phone, 4980—Madison Square.

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& 100 ft. from 5th Av. 25x92

BASEMENT

3 EAST 17TH ST.

DESIRABLE OFFICES, Large and Small. $180 up.

WM. S. NORTON, Agent. Tel., 5909—Cortlandt. 35 Nassau St. Or Your Own Broker.

TO LEASE.

Four-story building, now under construction, corner Ave. B and 19th St., 46x107, windows both streets, also adjoining 3-story building under construction, 46x95.6; also adjoining 4½ vacant lots; also 20th St., near Ave. A, storehouse, 50 ft. front. Apply JOHN U. BROOKMAN, owner, 88 Wall Street.

New York Law School Building,

172-174 Fulton St., near Broadway and Hudson Terminal.

OFFICES & FLOOR TO LET

WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents, on premises.

TO LET

29 West 34th St.

12-STORY BUILDING, 25x100. Floors and offices for those requiring extra light. Also top floor with skylights. RENTS $300 TO $3,000. RANALD H. MACDONALD, 29 W. 34 St.

STUDIOS & OFFICES TO LET.

BROADWAY STUDIO BUILDING, Broadway and 80th St. Steam heat and elevator service; very desirable neighborhood. Subway station same block. Apply on premises, Room 3, 2,231 Broadway.

FLOORS 109 BROAD STREET **OFFICES $15 Up**

All improvements, suitable light manufacturing, importers or exporters. Apply janitor on premises, or office, 512 West 42d St.

FOR MANUFACTURING.—3,000 square feet to let, with steam power, heat, and elevator service, in absolutely light, modern, new building; fine healthful location corner Franklin and Munson Sts., at 92d Street Ferry, Astoria, L. I. Telephone 566 Astoria. WM. KRAL & CO.

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Facing Trinity Church; about 700 square feet to sublet to May, 1911, or longer. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Office accommodations in superior suite; 5th Av.; Madison Square district. Address Reasonable, 444 Times.

DESK ROOM, with desk; also part of office. Room 1,008, 30 Church St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Large single room and suite of two or three rooms with bath; handsomely furnished; in the high-class Sonoma Apartments, 55th St. and Broadway; best central location; references required. Apply to Supt.

BACHELOR APARTMENT in private house located near Union, University, and Century Clubs; handsomely furnished second floor suite; breakfast furnished; references required. Box C 11 Times.

In West Fifties, south front rooms, one, two, private bath, finely furnished; bachelor; best reference. R. S., Times.

78th St., 203 West.—High-class apartment, parlor suite; southern exposure; gentleman; $50 monthly. Mitchell.

Attractive 3, 4, 5 rooms, complete linen, silver, mission. Hazelton Court, 3,099 Broadway.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

Hotel Clarendon

Northwest Corner 58th St. and Park Av.

APARTMENTS

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

EUCLID HALL,

Broadway, West Side, 85th and 86th Sts.

9 rooms, 2 baths; 10 rooms, 3 baths; very large and light; every up-to-date convenience; passenger and servant elevator service; mail chutes; telephone, &c. RENTS $2,400-$2,800 PER YEAR.

Buckingham Court,

321 West 99th St., Adjoining Riverside Drive.

High class Apartments. All modern conveniences. All night elevator service. Eight large, light rooms & two baths RENTS $1,200 TO $1,800 A YEAR.

HAVEN HALL,

New high class elevator Apartments. S. E. Cor. 180th St. and Haven Av. 6, 7, 8, and 9 rooms and 3 baths and extra shower. RENTS $62 TO $100.

COVENT GARDEN APARTMENTS

7 New High Class Houses, Occupying one whole square block. Convent Av. to St. Nicholas Terrace, 129th to 130th St. NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS

RENTS $36 to $85. Highest situation on Washington Heights.

237-251 W. 145th St.

3, 3 rooms and bath and kitchenette, 4 rooms with kitchen. RENTS $14 TO $26.

EARL'S COURT,

108-116 West 141st St. 5 and 6 rooms. All night elevator service. $32.50 TO $50 PER MONTH.

BIRCH HALL,

520-522 West 183d St., corner Audubon Av. Two blocks east of 181st Subway station. Elevator service day and night. 4, 5, 7, and 8 rooms. RENTS $35 TO $75.

St. Nicholas Court,

746 St. Nicholas Av. Elevator service and steam heat. 4, 6, 7 large, light rooms. RENTS $34 TO $60.

THE KATHMERE,

N. W. Cor. 135th St. and Broadway. 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms and bath. RENTS $35 TO $75.

HAMPTON COURT,

133 West 140th St. 5 and 6 rooms. $32.50 TO $47.50. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES AT ALL TIMES. or Manhattan Leasing Co., 149 Church St. Booklet on application.

The Chepstow

Northeast Corner Broadway and 101st St.

Modern Fireproof Building.

7 and 9 Beautiful all Outside Rooms and Baths.

Filtration Plant in Building. Four Rapid, Noiseless Elevators. Excellent All Night Service.

Rents $1,600 to $2,400.

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Stratford-Avon

North corner Riverside Drive & 93rd Street

NEW 12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING.

Nine Rooms and Three Baths, Large Foyer.

Only three choice corner apartments left. Every room an outside room and all have southern and western exposure.

Rental $3200 to $3400.

Agent on premises, or

Slawson & Hobbs,

162 West 72nd Street.

Telephone 7240 Columbus.

Berkeley Arms

326 to 332 West 95th St.

OVERLOOKING RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Handsome up-to-date apartments; beautiful view of Hudson River; telephone in each apartment; Subway express station. FIVE, SIX, AND EIGHT ROOMS.

RENTS $45 to $65.

TELEPHONE 4174 RIVERSIDE.

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215-221 West 34th Street

A 7-story apartment building in the centre of the shopping and theatre district; containing apartments of 6 and 7 rooms and bath, with butler's pantry and extra toilet for maids, electric elevator and light, steam heat, hot water, steam clothes dryer, also excellent roof for same; telephones and hall service, at rentals from $65-$85. Supt. on Premises.

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Absolutely Fireproof

250 W. 88th St., S. W. Cor. Broadway.

7 and 8 large rooms and foyer. Abundant closets; complete night and day service. Laundries with steam drying rooms, or open drying on roof. ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE; ALSO GAS for laundry use; Extra Maid's room on superstructure, if desired.

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CORNER 96TH ST.

One Block from Subway Express Station. 7-ROOM CORNER APARTMENT, $55. All light rooms, parquet floors, electric light. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, OR S. ALVIN PIZA, 1 Melrose Av., cor. 161st St. Tel. 3303 Melrose.

RICHMOND HILL

27 WASHINGTON SQ. NORTH.

Cosey apartment, six large, light rooms and bath; only one left; all modern improvements; rent low; possession at once. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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Three-story and basement high-stoop dwelling; size 19x54x100; ten rooms and two baths; open plumbing; butler's pantry; rent moderate; possession at once. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 86TH ST.

9th corner apartment; 11 large rooms, 4 baths; beautiful view; rent $4,500; concessions. Superintendent.

A desirable apartment; two large, light rooms, with bath. Holmes, 256 West 97th St.

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Riverside Drive and 103d Street

New 12 Story Fireproof Apartment House

8 Rooms and 3 Baths - - - - - - - $1,900 up
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One Apartment, 7 Rooms 2 Baths, (Corner).

RENTING REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES. Phone 8600 Riverside.

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THERE are two apartments for rent in the

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Facing Central Park

Apply on premises, or to

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Housekeeping Annex

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Combining every convenience of a modern and select hotel with the privacy of a home.

One choice apartment is still for rent in these new high-class elevator buildings, containing every modern convenience.

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Near Riverside Drive.

6 large light rooms and bath, $950.

Also

6 large light rooms and bath, $900.

Will sublet at the rate of $800 per annum.

Superintendent on premises.

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IN THE NINETIES, AT GREATLY REDUCED RENTS. 5, 7, 8 ROOM APARTMENTS. BOX B-16 TIMES.

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NEAR "L" AND SUBWAY.

High class Elevator Apartments of six and seven sunny, outside rooms; pantry, bath, &c., $840 up; concessions. Inquire on premises.

LINCOLN,

306-310 WEST 51ST ST.

Beautiful modern Apartments of 4 and 5 all-light rooms, with all improvements. Superintendent, on premises, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill—2918.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2687—Bryant.

ELEVATOR, $38, $40, $45.

Five rooms, Cathedral Heights. 509 West 112th St.

84th St., 21 West.—Seven large rooms; baths; all improvements; ample closet room; private neighborhood; near Central Park; $50, $60, $65.

102d St., 115 West.—New law apartments, 5 and 6 rooms, bath, all improvements; $29-$40. Chas. S. Kohler, 906 Columbus Av., at 104th.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

RENTS REDUCED

711 & 715 West 180th St.

FIVE AND SIX ROOMS, TILED BATHS, PARQUET FLOORS, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND TELEPHONE. RENTS $33.00 UP. RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

414 West 118th Street

Six rooms and bath, $55 and $60.

63 West 106th Street

Six and seven rooms, $45-$70.

Elevator houses. Every modern convenience, including vacuum cleaner. Best locations. Convenient transportation. See Superintendent.

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521-523 West 112th Street; unique apartments like suburban house; no long halls; ready in a month.

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5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

THE **MANITOU,** 221 WEST 141ST, NEAR 7TH AVE.

4 & 6 Rooms ELEGANT ELEVATOR APARTMENTS. Electric Light; 'Phone. Liberal concessions. $28 to $45.

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Elevator apartment, 4, 5, 6 and 10 rooms. Electric light. All modern improvements.

A LADY going abroad desires to rent her elegant 8 rooms and 3 baths apartment, on Riverside Drive, vicinity 116th St., to responsible party; $350 per month. C 92 Times.

East Side.

66 EAST 77TH ST.

Modern 7 and 8 room light apartments; hall service, telephone, &c.; rent $660 to $900. Hibson & Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

SEVEN AND EIGHT

room apartments, all windows on street; very latest improvements; liberal concessions. 2,100 5th Ave.

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124-130 East 24th St.

Unfurnished apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, &c. Call between 10 and 2.

2D AVENUE, 145

6 ROOMS AND BATH, ELEVATOR. STEAM HEAT..... Rents $33 to $45. FOLSOM BROTHERS, (Inc.,) 835 Broadway.

Bachelor apartment; 2 rooms and bath; modern improvements; second floor; $40. 38 Union Square.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

East Side.

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160 EAST 91ST STREET

LOVELY SUITES FOR REFINED TENANTS OF MODERATE MEANS—TASTEFUL DECORATIONS—POLITE ATTENDANTS.

$16 HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS. $40

UNFURNISHED.

3 Rooms and Bath, Kitchen.....$22.00
4 Rooms and Bath, Kitchen.....$32.00
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MAGNIFICENT ROOF GARDEN. FIREPROOF BUILDING. TWO OTIS PASSENGER LIFTS.

Free private 'phone in each apartment. Night and day service. MEALS SERVED IN PRIVATE DINING ROOM IF DESIRED

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Very desirable corner apartments of 7 rooms and bath. Hall boy service, steam heat, hot water, &c. At rentals of $48.00 and up.

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Between 82d-83d Streets, desirable apartments of 7 rooms and bath, steam heat, hot water, &c. Rentals $38.00 to $42.50 per month.

"Lispenard,"

53-55 East 86th St.,

7 exceptionally large, light roms and bath, hall boy service, steam heat, hot water, &c. At rentals from $60.00 to $75.00 per month.

POST & REESE, 753 Fifth Avenue.

THE NOTTINGHAM,

33-35-37 East 30th Street.

Modern housekeeping apartments arranged with two apartments on each floor of 8 rooms and 3 baths; one apartment of 16 rooms and 6 baths; also physician's office and apartment 3 rooms with bath; also office and showrooms, suitable for architect or decorator.

HORACE S. ELY & CO., Agent, 27 West 30th St. 21 Liberty St. SUPT. ON PREMISES.

ELEGANT APARTMENT

TO RENT—50x90

11 Rooms and 2 baths

784 Fifth Avenue

Apply on premises or your own broker.

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N. W. COR. MADISON AV. & 99TH ST.

Elegant light apartments. Five to eight rooms. Superior appointments; elevator, steam heat, electric light, telephone; excellent night and day service; hall attendants. Rents $40 to $70. Superintendent on premises. HUBERTH & GABEL, 147 4th Av.

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144-146-148 East 22d St.

Attractive large apartments, 5 and 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone. Rent, $52.50 to $62.50 monthly. References; leases. Superintendent on premises. WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM, 927 Broadway. Telephone 5929 Gramercy.

THE MANNADOS, MADISON AVENUE, NORTHWEST COR. 97th ST.

EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT. Seven and eight (corner) rooms, two baths; $1,000—$1,400. GROUND FLOOR PHYSICIAN'S APARTMENT.

1229 MADISON AVE., Near 89th Street.

Seven rooms and bath; steam heat; hall service; rent, $45 per month.

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West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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Plenty of Steam Heat

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One block from Subway Station—only *30* minutes from downtown.

- Shower Bath and Telephone.
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- Abundance of closet room.

4 Rooms and Bath, $28 to $32
5 Rooms and Bath, $30 to $40
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4, 5 and 6 rooms—$32 to $50.

Telephones, electricity and gas.

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Private Park—tennis, playgrounds.

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At Simpson St. Sub. Stat. Take Lenox Av. Ex

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NEW BUILDINGS, 5, 6 ROOMS; STEAM HEAT, ELECTRIC LIGHT; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; TELEPHONE IN EVERY APARTMENT; NEAR SUBWAY STATION.

RENTS $25 TO $33

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Large, light apartments; electricity, steam and hot water; janitor service. Builder, 79 West 181st.

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Apartment wanted for 6 months, 7 months, furnished or unfurnished, between 23d and 66th Sts., east of 6th Av.; state lowest rental. Query, 231 Times Downtown.

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Two bedrooms, bath, parlor, kitchenette; below 50th St.; furnished; references. Z 160 Times.

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1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00

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OPEN ALL THE YEAR

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FALL AND WINTER: As a Winter home The Gramatan is unsurpassed. All outdoor amusements—skating, sleighing, golfing, automobiling, etc. Enclosed piazza, good orchestra and the table that has won for The Gramatan its excellent reputation. The best of private and public schools, churches and public library. Our Winter Rates are considered very reasonable. Inspection or correspondence solicited. HOTEL GRAMATAN, Inc.

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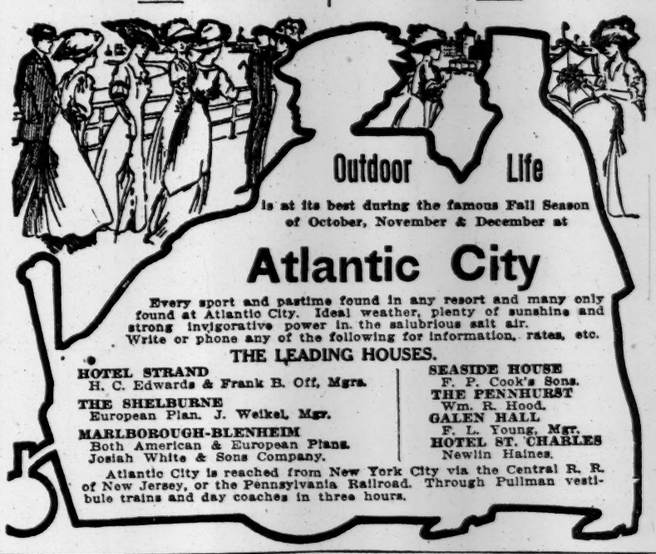

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Brand new pianos from $175.00 to $450.00.

Our terms are such that will suit everybody; our prices are strictly factory prices, which save purchasers the middleman's profit.

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Stool, cover, cartage and sheet music FREE.

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Our Player Piano is too well known to need any comment. Call here with your friends and convince yourself that it is positively the most modern and best player in the market.

WESER BROS. FACTORY, 520-530 WEST 43D ST.

POND Steinway, Weber and other Pianos For Sale or Rent. Town, Country. 18 WEST 37TH ST. near 5th Avenue.

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ROLL TOP DESKS Office Furniture

In great variety of Style and Price.

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New Model, with FIBRE NEEDLES. Free Delivery Anywhere. Inquire about Our Club Plan. L. J. ROONEY CO., 188 W. 116th, near Subway. Open Ev'gs & Sunday Morn.

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We sell machines for $10.00 and upwards. All makes. Latest models. Machines guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St., 4 doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

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Remington's, Smith's, and all other Typewriters sold, $15 to $80. We rent them and allow 6 months' rental to apply if purchased. We take care of them as long as you rent and one year after you buy. TYPEWRITER SALES CO., 5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway. Tel. 1983 Cortlandt.

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Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

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MUSIC. **MORETTI** SONG.

51-53-55 W. 35th St., bet. 5th & 6th Avs. BEST DINNER IN TOWN (With Wine) 65c

O'DONNELL'S

NEW RESTAURANT, BROADWAY AND 60TH STREET. CUISINE HIGHEST CLASS. See Eve. Telegram.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

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Among the Pines of New Jersey Season October to June.

Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.

LAUREL HOUSE

Favorably known for its standard of excellence. Now open. A. J. MURPHY, Manager. Reached via New Jersey Central.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.—The popular season of social diversions, outdoor life, and delightful resort activity is on.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—DAVID E. OPPENHEIMER, Plaintiff, against JAMES HUNTER McHEFFEY et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of May, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salerooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of November, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that lot of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, described as follows:

Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the southerly line of 119th Street with the easterly line of Manhattan Avenue, which point is on the southerly side of 119th Street, distant three hundred and seventy feet westerly from the westerly line of Eighth Avenue, and running thence southerly along the easterly side of Manhattan Avenue, thirty-four feet three inches; thence easterly and part of the distance through a party wall and parallel with 119th Street ninety-five feet; thence northerly and parallel with Manhattan Avenue, thirty-four feet three inches to the southerly side of 119th Street; thence westerly along the southerly side of 119th Street, ninety-five feet to the point or place of beginning. Be said several distances and dimensions more or less.

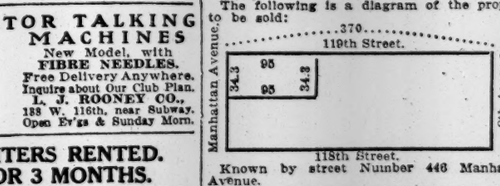
Together with all fixtures and articles attached to or used in connection with the said premises, all of which were declared therein to be covered by said mortgage, together with the appurtenances and all the estate and rights of the said McHeffey in and to said premises; being the same premises conveyed to the defendant, James Hunter McHeffey, by the plaintiff and his wife by deed bearing date the 22d day of May, 1906, and delivered simultaneously with said mortgage and was given to secure a portion of the consideration named in said deed.

Dated New York, October 26th, 1910.

JAMES D. McCLELLAND, Referee.

A. L. & S. F. JACOBS, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Office and P. O. Address, 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



118th Street.

Known by street Number 446 Manhattan Avenue.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $47,187.50, with interest from May 12th, 1910, together with the costs and allowance amounting to $341.85, with interest thereon from May 18, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale.

The approximate amount of the taxes, water rates, or other liens upon the above-described property which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $1,929.19 and interest.

The premises will be sold subject to easements of Third Avenue Railroad Co. to construct, maintain, and operate a surface railway in front of the premises, referred to in Liber 43 of Conveyances, Page 326, and Liber 58 of Conveyances, Page 73. Subject also to monthly tenancies.

Dated New York, October 26th, 1910.

JAMES D. McCLELLAND, Referee.

Notice to Advertisers

Advertisements for The New York Times should be in The Times Building 6 P. M. day before insertion. Pressure on the advertising space of The New York Times renders this regulation necessary, and the co-operation of advertisers and agents is invited to put it in operation.

SHONTS HAS A PLEA FOR HIGHER RATES

Makes It Known to the Stockholders of Chicago & Alton at Annual Meeting.

BELIEVES IN SUPERVISION

But Thinks Restrictive Legislation Without Much Caution May Defeat Its Own Object.

Much space in the annual report of the Chicago & Alton Railroad, issued yesterday, is devoted to the remarks of President T. P. Shonts on the disadvantages under which the railroads are operating and their need of an increase in rates. Mr. Shonts, in his statement to the road's stockholders, says that the Chicago & Alton management believes that a reasonable supervision of public utilities is essential to the promotion of commercial prosperity and the establishment of confidence on the part of investors in railroad securities, but restrictive legislation, he says, should be undertaken with a great deal of caution, less it defeat its own object.

Mr. Shonts points to what the railroads have done voluntarily in the past to improve service and lower rates, and argues that they should now be allowed a reasonable advance in rates. He says:

> Notwithstanding very substantial increases granted to shopmen, trainmen, switchmen, freighthouse men, section men, and others at different periods during the year just closed, the labor problem is still confronting your management in the form of applications for further increases. It is a question how your management shall meet the increased expense due to increased wages and other causes, and at the same time serve the public in the manner demanded and expected, and also maintain the property in the way it should be kept unless a proportionate advance can be obtained in the rates of transportation to offset the increase in cost of operation.
>
> In addition to the foregoing, restrictive and supervisory legislation enacted by Federal and State Governments, and the action taken thereunder by administrative boards and commissions have been and will doubtless yet be even more material factors in reducing net earnings.
>
> Assuming, as we must, that the rates heretofore obtained by railroads for transportation service have been no more than reasonable, can there be any doubt that the cost of carrying into effect legislation of the character above outlined, designed not to benefit the companies but the public at large, should be borne in part at least by the public benefited through a reasonable increase in rates?
>
> Unless the rights of the railroads are safeguarded funds cannot be secured to make the necessary improvements and extensions without which the transportation interests of the country will inevitably reach a period of stagnation.
>
> Your management believes that before further restrictive measures are adopted the representative of the railroads and the people should co-operate in an endeavor to ascertain the effect of the enforcement of laws already enacted, and in doing so full consideration should be given to what railroad development has accomplished for this country in the past.

The Chicago & Alton's gross earnings this past year amounted to $13,358,474, an increase of $857,792, and its net earnings to $4,270,833, a decrease of $441,096. The amount distributed in dividends was $1,225,374, compared with $1,633,816 paid in dividends the previous year, and the final surplus for the year was $153,386, a decrease of $105,233. The 1909 figures, as recast for comparison with the 1910 figures, show $291,695 charged for discount on securities which in the 1909 report had been charged to profit and loss.

COLORADO SOUTHERN GROWS

Joint Double Track with Rio Grande and Other Connections Made.

The Colorado & Southern Railway, control of which was acquired by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy two years ago, records in its annual report issued yesterday that during the past year a franchise was obtained from the City of Cheyenne, Wyoming, for the construction of a line in that city connecting the Colorado Southern with the Burlington. The Colorado Southern has also reached an agreement with the Denver & Rio Grande for the joint operation of a double-track line between Pueblo and Walsenburg, between which points the Colorado has heretofore used the single track of the Denver Line. Hereafter each system will own one track between these points, but they will be operated jointly as a double-track line.

The income account shows that after paying the dividends on the first and second preferred stock and 2 per cent. on the common there was left a balance of $1,651,633. The total amount earned on the common stock was equivalent to about 7.3 per cent. A majority of the common stock is owned by the Burlington.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer, REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON

OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.

Wednesday, Oct. 26th, 1910

at 12.30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

$5,000 Brooklyn, Queens Co. & Suburban R. R. Consld. 5 p. c. Bds.

BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATORS.

1,158 shs. Meriden Building Co.
26 shs. Severn Realty & Construction Co.
$100 City Athletic Club 4 p. c. Reg. Deb. Bd., 1930.

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.

$5,000 New York & New Jersey Water Co. 1st Mtge. Eleg. Fund 5 p. c. Gold Bds., 1920.

FOR ACC. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

15 shs. McNamee Mesh Knitting Co. of Philmont, N. Y., now known as the Columbia Mesh Knitting Co.
5 shs. Merchants' Bank of Passaic.
30½ shs. Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.
35 shs. United States Casualty Co.
25 shs. James Butler Grocery Co. Prefd.
5 shs. City Investing Co. Common.
18 shs. Chelsea Realty Co.
25 shs. City Investing Co. Common.
100 shs. Gray National Telautograph Co.
94 shs. York Rolling Process Co.
200 shs. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R.R. 1 share National Surety Co.
$5,000 Chicago & Alton R.R. 5% S. F. Deb. Bds., 1922.
5 shs. Trust Co. of America.
$9,000 Number 14,605 Broadway Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. 15-year Gold Bds., 1925.

IN THE MATTER OF HOLLAND TRUST COMPANY. Notice is hereby given that Samuel Bryant, Receiver of the Holland Trust Company, will sell at public auction on the second day of November, 1910, at 12:30 P. M., at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the following described assets of Holland Trust Company:

1. $50,000 2½ per cent. Consolidated Stock of the City of New York, (exempt from City and County taxation), payable November 1, 1929.
2. $52,500 4½ per cent. Corporate Stock of the City of New York, (exempt from all taxation, except for State purposes), payable November 1, 1957.
3. 800 shares Brigantine Beach Railroad Company, (of New Jersey), par value $100 each.
4. 260 shares Philadelphia & Brigantine Railroad Company, (of New Jersey), preferred stock, par value $100 each.
5. 260 shares Philadelphia & Brigantine Railroad Company (of New Jersey) common stock, par value $100 each.
6. 50 shares The Brigantine Building & Improvement Association, (of New Jersey), par value $100 each.
7. Interest in railroad property, about 14 miles long, represented by receipt of J. O. Heald, Attorney, for $28,000 of Philadelphia & Brigantine Railroad Company (of New Jersey) 5 per cent. bonds due May 1, 1909. These bonds were for 28-50ths of total indebtedness secured by mortgage foreclosed, the property having been bought by John O. Heald as attorney for the bondholders.

Dated City of New York, October 19th, 1910.

SAMUEL BRYANT, Receiver of Holland Trust Company, 19 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City

Public auction sale of five shares of the Common Stock of the Aeolian, Weber Piano and Pianola Company of the par value of One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars each, to be sold Nov. 2, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey St., New York City, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, to close the Estate of Annie P. Fair by order of William M. Patterson, Executor, 45 Cedar St. N. Y. City.

Further particulars from Executor or

STEEL ORDERS BELOW RECORDS SINCE 1904

Earnings for the Last Quarter $900,000 Under the Same Quarter Last Year.

SOME GAINS LAST MONTH

Deductions for New Property and Construction the Same as Previous, but Less Than Last Year's.

The quarterly statement of the United States Steel Corporation, issued yesterday after a meetig of the board at which there was a full attendance, including J. P. Morgan, showed total earnings for the three months of $37,865,187. This is a decrease of about $2,800,000 from the earnings of the previous quarter and a decrease of about $900,000 compared with the earnings for the third quarter of 1909. The unfilled orders at the end of the quarter, as previously made public, amounted to 3,158,106 tons, the smallest unfilled tonnage reported since September, 1904.

The September earnings were almost equal to those of July, but were about $1,000,000 under the earnings in August. Last year the September earnings were larger than those of either August or July. The surplus for the quarter, after the payment of the regular 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock and the usual 1¼ per cent. on the common, amounted to $11,078,063. For the third quarter last year, when the common stock dividend was only 1 per cent., instead of 1¼ per cent., the surplus was $12,135,132. The deductions made for expenditures for additional property, construction, &c., totaled $7,500,000 this past quarter, which was the same sum as was appropriated for these purposes in the June quarter, but $2,500,000 less than was appropriated out of the earnings of the September quarter last year. The final balance for the quarter was $3,578,063.

The earnings by months and for the full quarter, with the various deductions and appropriations for the quarter, compared as follows with the figures for the previous quarter and for the September quarter last year:

	Quarter Ended Sept. 30, 1910.	Quarter Ended June 30, 1910	Quarter Ended Sept. 30, 1909.
Earnings....			
First month...	$12,132,188	$18,414,956	$12,530,770
Second month.	13,132,755	13,229,289	12,437,754
Third month..	12,100,244	13,526,715	13,278,883
Total earnings.....	$37,365,187	$40,170,900	$38,246,907
Less subsidiary sinking funds and depreciation, etc.....	6,816,462	6,290,205	7,391,888
Net earnings.	$31,048,725	$33,880,755	$30,855,019
Deduct: Interest and corporation sinking funds	7,811,962	7,811,962	7,811,962
Balance	$23,736,763	$26,068,793	$23,548,057
Total dividends	12,658,700	12,658,700	11,387,944
Surplus for the quarter.	$11,078,063	$13,910,093	$12,155,113
Less, appropriated account of additional property, &c.....	7,500,000	7,500,000	10,000,000
Balance of surplus ...	$3,578,063	$6,410,093	$2,155,113
Unfilled orders (tons)	3,158,106	4,257,794	4,706,833

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Attempt of Government to Assess High Duty on Gauffre Leather Fails.

An attempt was made yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers to construe that part of the leather schedule of the Tariff act of 1909 which relates to so-called "gauffre leather." Tariff tangles over the rates of duty applicable to various kinds of leather have engaged the attention of the board since the new tariff became effective, and yesterday's decision adds one more to the judicial rulings under this head.

The White, Son, Company of Boston appears as the protestant in the test case. The importers object to the action of the Collector in classifying certain leather as "gauffre leather" with a tax of 15 per cent. and 10 per cent. under the provisions of Paragraph 451 of the Payne law. The claim is that duty should have been taken at 15 per cent. under the provision in the same paragraph for "sheep skins, dressed and finished." The merchandise is described on the invoice as "white Java lizard sheeps." The local Appraiser in his report states that the merchandise in the opinion of his office is gauffre leather.

General Appraiser McClelland, who writes the decision for the board, says that for the first time in the history of tariff legislation a provision for "gauffre leather" appears in the Tariff act of 1909. The General Appraiser makes the remark in his decision that "for some unexplained reason" the Collector assessed the leather here in question as gauffre leather. This action does not, in the opinion of the board, meet with approval. Mr. McClelland holds that the importers have made out their case, while the Government has failed to substantiate the claim for higher duty.

The decision says that the witnesses, who had long experience in buying and selling leather of the character involved, united in saying that in all of their experience they had never heard, up to the time of the filing of this protest, the term "gauffre leather" used in this country. According to these witnesses they had been importing and selling this kind of leather for years prior to the date of this importation, and had never heard of its being called "gauffre leather," nor had any of their previous importations been so classified. The General Appraiser says:

"The Government offered no evidence in support of its classification, but it is contended in a brief submitted by its counsel that the Collector's action should be affirmed for the reason that the testimony of the protstants is not sufficient to overcome the presumption of regularity to which the Collector's assessment is entitled. This would seem to be an unreasonable attitude. The most that may be said is that this presumption exists until there is sufficient evidence submitted in controversion of the Collector's action to shift the burden of proof, and if this has been done here the record is such that the protestants must succeed."

The General Appraiser, in finding for the importers, says that during the seven years in which the witnesses have been importing this leather it has been known in trade as "lizard gray moutons," and that during this period its classification for customs purposes has been precisely what the importers contend.

"This, in our opinion," says the decision, "shifted the burden to the Government, and it then became incumbent upon it to show that the Collector's action was justifiable. To give judicial sanction to such a classification under a new provision, unsupported and unexplained, would be an unwarranted assumption of regularity that might result in widespread injustice to importers. The protest is sustained and the decision of the Collector reversed accordingly."

A PITTSBURG TERMINAL PLAN

Wallace Committee Said to be In Agreement with the Wabash.

The holders of Wabash Pittsburg Terminal Railway first mortgage bonds will probably have submitted to them in the near future by the Bondholders' Committee, of which J. N. Wallace, President of the Central Trust Company, is Chairman, a plan of reorganization. Conferences have been held recently between this committee and the representatives of the Wabash Railroad, and the committee is understood to have received a proposal in respect to the reorganization of the Wabash Pittsburg Terminal from the Wabash Railroad. Representatives of the banking group, headed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Blair & Co., which two years ago took up the $8,000,000 note issue of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, a majority of whose stock is owned by the Wabash Pittsburg Terminal Railway, have also taken part in the conferences. The Wallace Committee is the only committee of bondholders which has taken part in these negotiations.

Just when the reorganization proposal will be submitted could not be learned yesterday, but it was made known that sufficient progress has been made to warrant the expectation that a plan will be ready shortly.

While none of those concerned in the negotiations would say what form the plan will take, it was reported that the first mortgage bonds, which lately sold as low as 32, would have a value in the neighborhood of 60. The bonds have been very strong lately, selling yesterday up to 49½ and closing at 48½, with ½ net gain for the day of 1½ points. The second mortgage bonds, which in June sold as low as 4, closed yesterday at 8.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

FAIR HAT AND CAP COMPANY.—Judge Holt has appointed Francis C. Huntington receiver for the Fair Hat and Cap Company, 533 West Broadway.

MAX KAUFMAN.—Max Kaufman, a dealer in men's furnishing goods at 136 Broadway, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,418 and assets of $3,075, of which $2,500 is stock in trade.

EMPIRE RAINCOAT COMPANY.—Judge Holt has appointed Porter Steele receiver for Daniel Bursk and Samuel Myers, individually and as members of the firm of the Empire Raincoat Company, 16 West Third Street.

SAMUEL LIEBERMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Lieberman, a dealer in boots and shoes at 84 Rivington Street, by the following creditors: Claflin, Thayer & Co., $168; Abraham Stein, $84; J. E. Bates & Co., $215, and Frank H. Hobbs, $178.

THOMAS P. BRESLIN.—Thomas P. Breslin of 115 West Ninety-sixth Street, formerly a liquor dealer at 466 Tenth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,506 and no assets. The largest creditor is Peter Doelger, whose claim for $3,800 is secured by a chattel mortgage on fixtures and chattels in store at 466 Tenth Avenue.

BIRNBAUM & MAYER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Birnbaum and Nathan Mayer, individually and as members of the firm of Birnbaum & Mayer, furriers, at 63 East Eleventh Street, by the following creditors: Dublin, Morris & Kornbluth, $287; Cohen & Walzer, $300, and Nicholas Trautman, $20; Judge Holt has appointed Charles R. Hickox receiver.

MORRIS OSHWITZ AND ANNIE FELDSTEIN.—Morris Oshwitz and Annie Feldstein, furriers, 63 West Fifteenth Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy individually and as a firm. The firm's liabilities are $6,120, and its assets $2,818, of which amount $2,300 is represented by stock in trade. The individual schedules show the same liabilities as those of the firm's, and the assets in each case consist of a half interest in stock and machinery.

BAY STATE BRASS COMPANY.—A complete list of creditors of the Bay State Brass Company of Haydenville, Mass., has been filed here by Carell & Henkel, attorneys for the creditors and receiver. The claims aggregate about $82,000. Among the largest creditors are the Nassau Bank, $30,800; First National Bank of Northampton, Mass., $10,000; Troy Trust Company, Troy, N. Y., $9,130, and the Harrisburg Plumbing Supply Company, $8,800.

FLORENCE B. WALKER.—Florence B. Walker of 598 Seventh Avenue has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $45,490, and no assets. Most of the liabilities are claims for personal injuries alleged to have been caused by an automobile accident near Coney Island on or about June 21, 1909, liability and amount disputed. The bankrupt says regarding damage claims that none of them was contracted by her as a partner or joint contractor with any other person, but it is alleged that she is jointly liable with the Knickerbocker Observation Car Company as to the liabilities on account of accidents, which liabilities are disputed.

Judgments.

These judgments, for amounts more than $100, were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Axelrod, Nathan, et al.—P. Emanuel, $328.
Adler, Moses—G. Plonsky, $538.
Apelbaum, Harry M., et al.—German Exchange Bank, $1,050.
Alexander, Julia D. and Troy—A. Williams, $1,770.
Adams, Frank J.—L. M. Adams, costs, $135.
Ashcom, Mary E.—Number One Hundred and Twenty-one Madison Avenue, $990.
Berry, John B., et al.—J. Flanagan, $580.
Bartlett, Henry M.—E. G. Hewitt et al., $158.
Brooks, Byron—I. L. Ernst et al., $739.
Brewster, Samuel D., et al.—Galland-Cohn-Hall Co., costs, $127.
Berry, John B., et al.—Standard Plumbing Supply Co., $521.
Brown, Isaac, et al.—S. Martinson, $170.
Bolugne, Emil, et al.—Lachman & Jacobi, Inc., $569.
Curtis, Thomas P., et al.—Galland-Cohn-Hall Co., costs, $127.
Currie, Charles H.—M. Currie, $841.
Cottrell, John W.—R. Goodell, $1,201.
Collins, Jeremiah J., (not summoned,) et al.—F. M. Small, $299.
Collins, James R., et al.—Mitchell-Fletcher Co., $785.
Campbell, George P.—W. La Bell, $438.
Dalton, James H.—Waldorf-Astoria Hotel Co., $534.
Donovan, John J.—P. B. Sweeney, $851.
Eagan, Thomas F.—E. Loran, $112.
Erber, Emil—G. B. Saloom et al., $243.
Erdtmann, Paul W.—K. Wolf, $112.
Fox, Charles A.—G. B. Saloom et al., $219.
Farnesworth, Daniel W., et al.—Galland-Cohn-Hall Co., costs, $127.
Fitzpatrick, Albert L., et al.—Same, costs, $127.
Frazer, Almira T.—Lord & Taylor, $151.
Goldsmith, Max—M. Reiser, $109.
Gutradt, Isaac—R. Auerbach et al., $441.
Graber, Samuel, et al.—S. Partinson, $170.
Graham, John H.—Standard Engraving Co., $113.
Green, Emanuel—M. Borck, costs, $102.
Harned, George S.—A. Brumme, $573.
Hatch, Harold A., et al.—Galland-Cohn-Hall Co., costs, $127.
Houck, Mollie—H. S. Goldberg, $123.
Harridge, Frederick T., et al.—Mitchell-Fletcher Co., $785.
Hamilton, William A.—L. Frank, $461.
Hyman, Moe—S. Nachtigall, costs, $110.
Ireland, John D. C.—J. D. Tobias, $2,915.
Joline, Adrian H., et al., receivers—E. Epstein, $947.
Jones, Arthur S. H.—W. S. Godwin, $990.
Knobloch, William C—New York Edison Co., $124.
Kremer, Lionel—J. B. Haggin, $888.
Kurasch, Dorothy—F. W. Sparks, costs, $107.
Ketterer, Percival C., et al.—G. H. Noetzel, $2,109.
Kennedy, Arthur—F. R. Holbrook, $8,317.
Klein, Louis B., et al.—Lachman & Jacobi, Inc., $500.
Lahn, Jacob, et al.—M. A. Bagen, $262.
Milliken, Seth M., Gerrish H., et al.—Galland-Cohn-Hall Co., costs, $127.
Maxwell, Henry, et al.—Same, $127.
Margarita, Alberto—H. Abrams, costs, $69.
Morton, George N.—L. F. Carroll, $324.
Merber, Joseph—R. M. Rodinson, et al, $3,181.
Moore, Crawford—Encyclopedia Britannica Co., $118.
McManus, Alexander J.—E. G. Saltmann, $173.
McOwen, Josephine—Sol Bloom, Inc., $124.
Hesdall, John T.—M. P. Speight, $1,062.
Nankivell, Frank A.—J. F. Quinn, $176.
O'Connor, Michael, guardian—W. H. Harrison, costs, $108.
O'Connor, Daniel A.—M. Hasbrouck et al, $242.
O'Neill, Thomas J., et al.—C. Campbell, costs, $455.
Parkes, James—Liquidation and Realization Co., $21,022.
Pessman, Nathan, et al.—P. Emanuel, $328.
Papantanio, Antonio—P. Zambetti, $1,031.
Pfaff, Edward F.—Sanitol Chemical Laboratory Co., $123.
Powell, Thomas, et al—German Exchange Bank, $1,050.
Robinson, Douglas, et al., receivers—G. Epstein, $947.
Ruth, Abraham—McVickar-Gaillard Realty Co., $1,079.
Richter, Bernard—S. A. Schonbrunn, $228.
Rich, Bert A.—Century Holding Co., $411.
Rosenfeld, Leon, et al.—I. Reich et al., $361.
Rodt, Max—T. Franco, $9,048.
Sheldin, Abraham—S. E. Jacobs, $154.
Spierel, William—I. Gottlieb, $447.
Schlerman, William, et al.—M. D. Kennedy, $392.
Shaughnessy, James J., et al.—same, $892.
Schein, Samuel, (not summoned,) et al.—M. A. Eagen, $292.
Shay, Joseph A., et al.—C. Campbell et al., $455.
Steinman, Bernhard P.—S. Wheatley, $661.
Schwartz, Isidore H.—A. Shapiro, $218.
Sullivan, Timothy D., et al.—German Exchange Bank, $1,050.
Van Patten, Frederick—G. Baldwin et al., $159.
Weiss, Jacob—S. Adolph Shor, Inc., $439.
Weiss, Simon—H. R. C. Watson, $701.
Same—Same, $890.
Same—Same, $724.
Same—Same, $1,115.
Wilson, Bernard, et al.—F. M. Small, $299.
Wax, Mandel, (not summoned,) et al.—I. Reich et al., $361.
Willett, Ernest E.—Joseph Saunders, Inc., $219.
Ziegenthaler, Charles—L. Barth et al., $191.
John B. Berry Co. et al.—J. Flanagan, $530.
Cherry Auto Cab Co.—M. J. McNamara, $388.
Union Alsacienne—A. Strauch, $122.
C. S. Goss & Co.—C. S. Goss, $378.
G. & W. Manufacturing Co.—E. F. Keating Co., $434.
Hudson Counties Co.—Ramapo Iron Works, $449.
Longfellow Realty Corporation et al.—P. Emanuel, $328.
Casey-O'Brien Co.—Durand Steel Locker Co., $142.
John B. Berry Co. et al.—Standard Plumbing Supply Co., $521.
Scholerman & Shaughnessy et al.—M. D. Kennedy, $392.
Repetti Co.—C. Repetti, $184.
Brighton Manufacturing Co.—R. McBratney et al., $2,568.
H. I. Sackett Electric Co.—W. P. Pressinger Co., $534.
City of New York—P. Ryan, $71,167.
Dixie Royal Mining Co., Ltd.—C. M. Robinson, $2,617.
Calumet Construction Co.—E. J. Hutter, $535.
Bedford Park Construction Co.—Globe Fireproof Door and Sash Co., $348.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Abraham, Morris—Kaskel & Kaskel, April 8, 1910, $384.
Bell, Harry K.—A. Rinschler, Jr., March 19, 1909, $185.
Blacker, Max and Beckie—Jacobson & Schvan, Oct. 10, 1910, $110.
Downes, John H.—F. V. Greene, June 8, 1905, $129.
Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—J. A. Nichols, Oct. 21, 1910, $11,673.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co. & Manhattan Railway Co.—Trustees of R. E. D. Church of Mott Haven, June 22, 1908, $1,108.
Same—Same, Oct. 13, 1910, $131.
Same—Same, March 11, 1905, $175.
Manhattan Railway Co.—Same, June 22, 1908, $325.
Maar, Wealthy—C. A. McManus, July 16, 1909, $2,161.
McKallor, E. C. Drug Co.—E. W. Lyon et al., Sept. 14, 1910, $124.
Nelson, Albert G.—Ransome Concrete Machinery Co., Aug. 22, 1910, $239.
Pfohl, George W.—American Sugar Refining Co. of N. Y., March 30, 1910, $2,136.
Rice, Nora H.—Smott-Weaver Co., Dec. 16, 1907 $287.
Simonetti, Paul—A. Cuneo, July 7, 1909, $111.
Stever, Arthur J.—F. Woll, April 22, 1898, $227.
Twentieth Century Match Co.—A. Jedel, June 2, 1910, $148.
Wilson, Louis, or Max Kohn—A. Vigo, April 22, 1909, $1,887.
P. J. Carlin Construction Co.—Lobel Andrews Co., Jan. 14, 1907, (canceled,) $721.
Nevelson Goldberg Realty Co. and Wolf Goldberg—J. A. Kearney, Aug. 24, 1910, $384.
Lazarre, Elizabeth, and John Lazarre—C. H. Searles et al., Oct. 15, 1910, $129.
Hirsch, Harvey—H. Hornfiesh et al., Oct. 20, 1909, $126.
American Motor Car Sales Co.—Co-Operativ Garage Co., Oct. 14, 1909, $115.
Nevelson Goldberg Co., Wolf Goldberg, and Bernard Nevelson—J. A. Kearney, Sept. 14, 1910, $768.
Adler, Louis—M. Lieberman, May 24, 1906, $218.
Picone, Joseph, and Olive Vincenzo—C. Borreill, Sept. 17, 1910, (vacated,) $806.
Hydraulic Properties Co.—W. D. Johnson, Oct. 21, 1910, $26,282.
McLaughlin, Thomas F.—H. Bernstein, Jan. 23, 1909, $159.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ABRAHAM DALLIN and JOSEPH PACHNER, individually and composing the firm of DALLIN & PACHNER, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that William H. L. Edwards, trustee in bankruptcy of the property, assets, and effects of the bankrupts above named, will sell at public auction by Charles Shongood, Esq., United States Auctioneer at No. 113 Leonard Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 15th day of November, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following property:

Lots 1 and 2, Block 28 of Hill's Addition to the City of Port Townsend, Washington, as recorded in the office of the Auditor of said County.

Lots 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25 and the west one-half of Lot 26, all in Block 12 of Everett Real Estate and Investment Company's First Addition to Everett, Washington, according to the recorded plan thereof on file and of record in the Auditor's office of Snohomish County, Washington.

Lots 5 and 6, Block 54, of Great Northern Addition in Ballard.

Lot 24 in Block 2, Vacher's Division of Green Lake Addition to the City of Seattle, Washington.

Lots 5 and 6 in Acre 1 of five acres, Tract 16, in the Maple Leaf Addition to Green Lake Circle, according to the recorded plan thereof in the office of the Auditor of King County, Washington.

Said sale must realize seventy-five per cent. of the appraised value. The trustee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Myers & Goldsmith, Trustee's attorneys, No. 100 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and also Messrs. McClure & McClure, 1,304 Alaska Building, Seattle, Washington.

Dated New York, October 24th, 1910.

WILLIAM H. L. EDWARDS, Trustee.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy, 80 Wall St., N. Y. City.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Trustee, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of JEMIMA S. MAY, Bankrupt.

To whom it may concern: Please take notice that assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a full and complete stock of wines, liquors, &c., including whiskies, sherry, Rhine wines, cordials, brandies, port wines, champagne, &c., and also certain fixtures, consisting of a corking machine, platform scale, measures, tools, instruments, safe, desk, &c., comprising the entire stock and assets of J. S. May, the above-named bankrupt, will be sold at public auction on the premises, 51 Stone Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, November 1st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, under the direction of the undersigned as receiver herein. The said property will first be offered in bulk and then in lots, and the highest aggregate amount will be accepted, provided, however, the same realizes at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value thereof, as required by the rules of this Court. The said property may be inspected on said premises on October 26th, 27th, 28th, and 29th, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., and further particulars with reference to said sale may be obtained upon inquiry at the office of the receiver or his attorneys. The bankrupt has been engaged in business at this location for many years, and the stock consists of a select and high-grade class of goods.

Dated New York, October 26th, 1910.

WILLIAM LESSER, Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York City.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Western District of New York.—In the matter of BENJAMIN HEILBRUN CO., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 3,667.

By Adolph Rebadow, Trustee in Bankruptcy of the Benjamin Heilbrun Co.

By order of the above-named Court.

The entire stock of Fine Woolens and Worsteds for men's wear will be sold in accordance with the rules of the Court, on Friday, October 28th, promptly at eleven o'clock, on a credit of four months. The stock consists of over 325 pieces finest quality 6/4 plain and fancy suitings, serges, corkscrew, untinished worsted, clay diagonals, broadcloth, melton, cravenettes, &c., all in high-cost grades and excellent styles and colorings, and about 110 pieces silk, satin, serge, sateen and silesia lining and vesting, all silk collar velvet, &c., &c.

TOWNSEND & MONTANT, Auctioneers, 87 and 89 Leonard Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS KNERLL, trading as KNERLL & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Nov. 1, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 47 East 12th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of large lot of raw skins, furs, fixtures, &c.

EDWARD C. WARD, Receiver.

JAMES F. McNABOE, Attorney for Receiver, 68 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES B. BRADY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Nov. 2d, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 104th St. and East River, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of six horses, six wagons for carting, builders' supplies, mortar, brick, safe, desk, also a large quantity of stone and granite for building purposes.

CHARLES BURLINGHAM, Receiver.
CARRELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM RAFALOWITZ, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Oct. 26, 1910, by order of the court at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of thread, trimmings, rolltop desk, fixtures.

FREDERICK DWIGHT, Receiver.
WILLIAM C. RITTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 116 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ISMAR SCHNAPP, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Oct. 26, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 53 East 9th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fur coats, scarfs, muffs, machines, fixtures, &c.

CHESTER T. NEAL, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 350 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of MORRIS SHAPIRO, Alleged Bankrupt.

It appearing to my satisfaction that a petition was, on September 30th, 1910, duly filed herein for the adjudication in bankruptcy of Morris Shapiro, and that said alleged bankrupt is not within the district, and that service of subpoena herein cannot, after diligent search be made upon him, and upon reading and filing the petition in bankruptcy herein, the return of the marshal herein, and the annexed affidavits of William Lesser and Joseph A. Reitman, and on motion of Lesser Brothers, attorneys for petitioning creditors, it is ordered that Morris Shapiro appear, plead, answer or demur, on or before the 14th day of November, 1910, to the petition aforesaid, filed herein on September 30th, 1910, and in case of his failure to appear, plead, answer or demur, an adjudication shall be had according to the prayer of said petition; and it is further ordered that this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two consecutive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 28th day of October, 1910, and that a copy of this order be mailed to said Morris Shapiro, at his last known place of abode, on or before the day of the first publication.

Dated, October 24th, 1910.

GEO. C. HOLT, U. S. D. J.

LESSER BROTHERS, Attorneys for Petitioners, 299 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,001.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX RINGEL & JULIUS SCHEK, individually trading as O. K. BROOM WORKS, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Max Ringel and Julius Schek, individually trading as O. K. Broom Works of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1910, the said Max Ringel and Julius Schek, individually trading as O. K. BROOM WORKS, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1910, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

October 20th, 1910.

NO. 14,116.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEOPOLD HECHTER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Leopold Hechter of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 8d day of October, A. D. 1910, the said Leopold Hechter was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1910, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

October 20th, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—PHILLIP ROSENBERG and MAX BLAUNER, individually and as members of the firm of PHILLIP ROSENBERG & COMPANY, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupts have filed their petition, dated October 20, 1909, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, individually and as members of the firm of Phillip Rosenberg & Co., and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judge in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 14, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

MARGRANI COHEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, October 24, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—SIMON J. MARKS and CHARLES C. SAINE, individually and as members of the firm of MARKS & SAINE, Bankrupts.—No. 18,749.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupts have filed their petition, dated October 11th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, individually and as members of the firm of Marks & Saine, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on the 7th day of November, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, October 24th, 1910.

NO. 12,937.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS RHEINISH, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Louis Rheinish of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of November, A. D. 1909, the said Louis Rheinish was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Oct. 24th, 1910.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

Pacific Coast AND The Far East

A comfortable journey with ever changing scenes of natural beauty.

Atlantic Ocean
Sunset Route
Pacific Ocean

New York to New Orleans
New Orleans to San Francisco
San Francisco to China, Japan, Hawaii, Philippines

via Pacific Mail S. S. Co.

Elegantly Furnished Steamships
Trains of Superior Equipment

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.
366, 1158 & 1 Broadway, New York

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ANTON LANG

The CHRISTUS of OBERAMMERGAU and Mrs. Lang will be members of our Orient party this Winter. Party sails by larrest of Mediterranean steamships Jan. 25. The only tour that offers
A selected party
A scholarly leader
A private Nile Steamer
A private yacht in the Mediterranean
(A second tour sails February 23.)
Special Orient Announcement now ready.
BUREAU OF UNIVERSITY TRAVEL,
68 Trinity Place, Boston, Mass.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St. week days and Sundays, 8:00 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 6:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 23d St. 5:30 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North. Week days only leave Pier 28, E. R. 3:45 P. M. Foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M., Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only leave Pier 27, E. R., 11:00 A. M., Str. BRIDGEPORT.

Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.

NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES

PEOPLES LINE To Albany — STR C. W. MORSE or ADIRONDACK—Daily (Sunday excepted) Pier 32, N. R., 5 P. M. Saturday night Str. connects with D. & H. train Sunday morning for Rutland, Plattsburg, Montreal.

CITIZENS LINE To Troy — New Str. TROJAN or RENSSELAER. Pier 46 N. R., 6 P M daily (Saturday excepted). Sunday Steamer stops at Albany, in either direction. Splendid accommodations.

Best service. Direct rail connection at Albany and Troy for points North, East and West. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."

COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON Via Boat and Rail..... $2.65
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 1.75
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail..... 2.65
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail..... 2.65

Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 9, N. R., foot of W. Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.

FOOTBALL AT WEST POINT
ARMY-HARVARD, OCT. 29th
STEAMER HENDRICK HUDSON

Will run special for this game, leaving Desbrosses St. 10:20, W. 42d 10:45, W. 129th 11:00 A. M. Arriving at West Point in time for Full Dress Inspection before the game. Return immediately after game, reaching New York in time for Theatres. Tickets $1.35 each (not including admission to game.)

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG AMERICAN

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG

President Grant.....Oct. 26, 1 P. M.
†Moltke .....Oct. 29, 2 P. M.
†Kaiserin Aug. Vic...Nov. 5, 11 A. M.
*Pennsylvania .....Nov. 12, 2 P. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
*Second cabin only.

EUROPE

GIBRALTAR, NAPLES & GENOA

†*S. S. CINCINNATI..Nov. 3, 10 A. M.
*S. S. CLEVELAND...Dec. 6, Jan. 29
*S. S. CINCINNATI...Jan. 5, Feb. 14
*New, 17,000 tons. Elevator, Electric Baths, Gymnasium, etc. †Calls Gibraltar, Algiers, Palermo, Genoa, (omitting Naples.)
BOOKINGS FOR NILE SERVICE.
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To the Interesting Eastern Lands.

The ORIENT

An Oriental Cruise leaving New York JANUARY 28, 1911, by the magnificent large new transatlantic steamship CLEVELAND (17,000 tons) for Madeira, Spain, Italy, Greece, Turkey, Egypt, Holy Land, &c.

DURATION 80 DAYS. RATES FROM $325 UP, including landing and embarking expenses.

Other Cruises to the West Indies, South America, Around the World and up the Nile.

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INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES

NEARBY SAILINGS — All our steamers have Wireless Telegraph and Submarine Signals.

Teutonic Oct. 26, 3:00 P. M. — WHITE STAR LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Minnewaska Oct. 29, 7:30 A. M. — ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE. London Direct.
St. Louis Oct. 29, 10:00 A. M. — AMERICAN LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Vaderland Oct. 29, 11:00 A. M. — RED STAR LINE. Dover—Antwerp—Paris
Baltic Oct. 29, 3:00 P. M. — WHITE STAR LINE. Queenstown—Liverpool.

CRUISES West Indies Spanish Main PANAMA CANAL S.S. NEW YORK Jan. 28 Mar. 4 1911 Send for Particulars

American Line Pier 62 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Louis..Oct. 29, 10 AM|St. Paul..Nov. 12
New

One Hundred Dollars Reward!

¶A reward of $100.00 is offered by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

LOST

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST OR STRAYED from Samuel McMillan's stock farm at Lake Mahopac, N. Y., bay cob horse, short tail, white strip on face, and four white feet; liberal reward and expenses paid for immediate return. Notify William Crawford, address, 7 East 42d St., N. Y. City. Telephone 776 Murray Hill.

LOST—Silver bag, containing small silver chain purse with small amount of money and gold watch with initials, "I. B. D.," Tuesday, Oct. 25, between 3 and 5 P. M., either at Cammeyer's or Greenhut's. Liberal reward. C 160 Times.

LOST — Southern Pacific Company Common Stock Certificate No. 859369 for ten shares in the name of Harriet F. Bain. Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Harriet F. Bain.

LOST—Between 50th and 72d St. and Broadway, Monday, Oct. 24, about 9 P. M., lady's pocketbook, containing hat and two shirtwaists. Suitable reward to anyone returning to Wyckoff, 11 Wall St.

LOST—Oct. 25th, between 88th St. and Columbus Av., 26th St. and Broadway, probably on street car, diamond and ruby ring; reward. Return, Mrs. Staley, 105 West 88th St.

LOST—A gold medal on black ribbon, with pole vault, won by H. S. Hough; engraved on back; of value to owner. W. Fox, 434 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST—On Oct. 21, heavy soft gold ring, Chinese workmanship; cost $7; will pay $10 for return. Collier, 318 East 15th St. Telephone 2411—Stuyvesant.

LOST—Monday, Oct. 24, at or near Belmont Park, gold watch, prized for its associations; reward. 17 Smith St., Jamaica, L. I.

LOST—Pocketbook, gentleman's black threefold, with name inclosed; liberal reward for return; no questions asked. M. C., 162 Times.

LOST—Breast pin, heavy gold design; centre red stone, three diamonds on outer edge; highest reward. Store, 9 West 29th St.

LOST—Lady's large diamond afternoon ring, last Sunday or Monday; reward. L. Housen, care of O. Glockops, 702 Broadway.

$200 REWARD return box containing gold brocade gown, &c., &c., taken Saturday night; no questions asked. 'Phone 6134 Murray Hill.

LOST AND FOUND. CATS. DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of tan Chow dog with a curly tail; lost in the Murray Hill district Monday afternoon. Finder return to Miss Harbeck, 306 Lexington Av.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 1024 St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Oct. 24—HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD COMPANY—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.; Purse, collars, silk, book, tracings, baggage check.

FOUND, Oct. 20 to 24. POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at the Detective Bureau, Correspondence Room, Grand and Centre Sts: Gold hunting case watch, marked "From Mother to Gus, Dec. 25, 1891"; brown horse, set of harness and 2 coats, fine ladies' coats with tags marked "E. & I."; black buggy black horse, 3 white feet, harness, and black runabout wagon; dress suit case containing carpenter's tools, 25-foot cabin launch, 10-foot beam, with engine; runabout wagon and a bay horse, black horse and set of harness, brindle bulldog, large amount of money, cameo bracelet, brindle bulldog, brass automobile lamp.

FOUND, Oct. 24.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City. Dress suit case, lady's coat, 2 umbrellas, cane, pair gloves.

FOUND, Oct. 24.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.; Umbrellas, packages, raincoat, two suit cases.

FOUND, Oct. 24.—CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW Jersey: ON RAILROAD TRAINS. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.; Five umbrellas, pair gloves. LIBERTY STREET FERRY. Apply Superintendent of Marine Department, foot of Liberty St.; Necktie, wooden block.

FOUND, Oct. 24.—DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.; Six umbrellas, 7 packages, pair gloves, overcoat, hand bag.

FOUND, Oct. 24—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Four packages, 3 umbrellas, pocketbook, 2 railroad tickets.

FOUND.—Oct. 24.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Station Master's Office, Jersey City, N. J.; ON RAILROAD TRAINS—Belt, derby hat, cane, gloves, 4 umbrellas, pair slippers, pajama coat, hair brush and comb, hunch keys, safety razor, tooth brush, nightshirt, ring. AT JERSEY CITY STATION—Umbrella. CORTLANDT STREET FERRY—Package. ON LEHIGH VALLEY R. R.—Rosary.

HELP WANTED EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Domestic.

GROCERY SALESMAN, good house, $15. Young man, real estate office, $7. Good clerical positions always open; your full fee returned if not placed. Employers Reference Service, 144 West 23d St.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent, thoroughly trained servants, including housecleaners, supplied after a careful investigation of references. Personal attention given to opening of houses.

MRS. DICKINSON'S Co-operative Employment Agency, 373 5th Av., supplies high-class household servants, male and female; references personally investigated; houses opened and cleaned. Tel. 6422—Madison Square.

MISS WILD Employment Agency,
Marbridge Building, 47 West 34th St.,
Tel. Murray Hill 2963-2944,
Room 1,011-15-17.
Great care taken to supply only thoroughly competent servants; references personally and strictly investigated; houses opened, cleaned; circular sent on request.

MRS. MACK, Waldorf Employment Agency, 12 West 33d St., Phone 300 Madison. (formerly of Eaton Terrace, London, England.) Only first-class help supplied, of all classes and nationalities, after careful investigation of references; no fees until positions are secured.

THE BUREAU OF SOCIAL REQUIREMENTS,
6 East 43d St.
Tel. Murray Hill 3183-4-5.
Supplies housekeepers, secretaries, social and business; teachers, governesses, nursery governesses, and nurses; also every kind of domestic help, male and female; no fee charged until positions are filled.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

AUTOMOBILE INN.
Indorsed by Automobile Blue Book.
Strategically located on popular touring route; New Jersey, 30 miles out; $6,000; satisfactory terms.
HOMER JONES, 36 EAST 23D ST.

Garage business for sale; good will and equipments; modern three-story building, 50x100, in the 50s, near Broadway; established five months and on paying basis; six years' lease at right rent; easy terms to responsible party. Address W. H. S., 44 Times.

Agency with three expert solicitors, permanent office, would handle good proposition requiring soliciting, collecting, advertising, &c.; side line; large acquaintance among manufacturers. Write or call, Malitz, 61 W. 15th.

Furnished-room house near Borough Hall, Brooklyn; 23 rooms; newly furnished; fully occupied; long lease; fine investment; principals only. Chas. J. Campbell, lawyer, 346 Broadway.

CORPORATIONS FORMED, $32.
Bankruptcy, $40 and disbursements; competent lawyers all matters; advice free. Room 1,233 Tribune Building, 154 Nassau St.

A little money will derive comfortable income invested in rooming house, this vicinity; reliable information free. Ludlow Day, 10 East 42d St.

GROCERY, fruit and vegetable store for sale; business on trial; established five years; full particulars; retiring. Pompeo Chiappa, Bronxville, N. Y.

WANT associate, office man, with $5,000, to establish company importing crude India rubber and ivory; profits yearly $16,000 to $20,000. G 232 Times Downtown.

Butcher's shop, a good paying market, on Staten Island, for sale; no opposition; good trade; sacrifice. Box 151, P. O. Prince's Bay.

A handsomely furnished rooming house, vicinity this office, can be bought right; fine location. Krueger & Co., 153 6th Av.

CANVASSERS with ability to sell high-grade corsets; liberal commissions. Address for interview, Box 33, Station N, city.

Good chance for a man who would like to invest $1,000 or more in bonnaz embroidery manufacturing. C 130 Times.

A fine front office, 5th Av.; large reception room; service of stenographer. H. A. Daniels, 507 5th Av., near 42d St.

Moderate sized office in Flatiron Building will be sublet for 6 months at reasonable rental. Apply Room 1,106.

First-class position is offered to lady or gentleman who will invest $2,000 in safe business. C 157 Times.

For Sale—Controlling interest in one of best New England building finish mills. B 166 Times.

Want six hundred dollars, six months; furnish security, evidence reliability. C 154 Times.

Will exchange residence in Lakewood, value $6,000, for business in city. C 139 Times.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BEST & CO.,
FIFTH AV. & 35TH ST.,
REQUIRE NUMBER OF BRIGHT, ACTIVE GIRLS, 16 YEARS OF AGE, AS MESSENGERS.

BEST & CO.,
FIFTH AV. & 35TH ST.,
REQUIRE SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKERS ON SPECIAL ORDER WORK. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT.

EMBROIDERERS on white goods, homework, out-of-town workers, send sample. Mrs. Frankenthal, 1,978 Lexington Av., part of Real Estate Office.

GIRLS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require several well-recommended girls for permanent positions as parcel wrappers; excellent opportunities for advancement. Apply at office of General Manager.

MAID.—Professional lady's maid; colored; experienced; rapid, and with references; give 'phone number. C 163 Times.

Matron for cottage of small boys, hour and a half from city; communicant of the Episcopal Church; under middle age; must have had experience in institutions; $25 monthly. Apply by letter only to Mrs. L. 328 6th Av.

SALESLADY WANTED for postcard department in picture store. C 161 Times.

SALESWOMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in various departments throughout the store for competent, experienced saleswomen. Apply at office of General Manager.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO. REQUIRE SEVERAL BRIGHT YOUNG GIRLS TO ACT AS PACKERS; MUST BE OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENT BEFORE 10 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER.—Remington machine; a young man of American parentage; high school or college education; neat, refined, and exceptional character, is required; he must be between 21 and 25 years of age, capable of taking rapid dictation accurately, and of transcribing his notes without any errors. If lacking in any of the aforementioned qualifications, it is useless to call; others may seek interview between 11 and 1 o'clock, Wednesday, at Eugene Glaenzer & Co., 560 Fifth Av.

WANTED—An A1 salesman to represent a line of ready-to-wear hats, by a New York manufacturer; must show several years' experience and come well recommended. Write, Box C 80 Times.

WATCHMAN wanted in factory; sober, steady, and reliable man as night watchman; must have experience and highest references; none other need apply; wages, $14 seven nights. Address Watchman, Box 342 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED. FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AS VISITING TEACHER.—College graduate; English branches; morning hours. Address Competent, 2,756 Broadway.

A YOUNG LADY, EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, AND GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT; MORE THAN AVERAGE INTELLIGENCE; EDUCATED; OPPORTUNITY DESIRED; FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. C 156 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER.—Understands double entry thoroughly; take entire charge of office; six years' experience; excellent references; $15. Reliable. G 295 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—Nine years' experience; accurate, reliable; trial balances, &c.; excellent references. G 247 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, stenographer, typewriter; competent; salary $18. Advertising office, 1,821 Third Av.

GENTLEWOMAN desires few hours daily, engagements writing, reading aloud; would travel; references. C 35 Times.

GERMAN-AMERICAN wishes position as nurse for children or infant; reference. 59 West 87th St., basement.

NURSE, &c.—Swedish trained nurse, 40; refined, bright, neat, obliging; companion, care of invalid, or housekeeper in refined family; highest references. Permanent, C 158 Times.

NURSE or ATTENDANT.—Middle-aged, to elderly person; read, sew, and generally useful; good references. 356 West 23d St.

NURSE.—Middle-aged woman; by day; good reference. 137 West 111th St.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.
On account of business changes I am compelled to dispense with my private secretary; she has been with me eleven years. Is thoroughly capable, an expert stenographer, familiar with correct English, and during the time she has been with me her experience has been wide and varied; this is an excellent opportunity for some high-class business man to secure an exceptional employe. Address C 81 Times.

SEAMSTRESS, assistant dressmaker, by day; private family; neat sewer. 137 West 11th St.

SECRETARY.—College graduate as secretary; experienced in literary work. Box 172, Westwood, N. J.

SECRETARY.—Visiting social secretary; college graduate; day or hour; highest references. H., 263 West 125th St

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady of fair education and neat appearance, experienced in office work, accurate and rapid typist, desires position where could advance; excellent references furnished. Typewriter, Box 277, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Anxious for position as stenographer, young lady highly endorsed; conscientious, accurate, trustworthy; unsurpassed references; desire $15 weekly; no agencies. C., 9 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable business woman, several years' experience; competent to hold difficult positions; understands routine office duties; unquestionable references. G 305 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—One year's experience; good speller and grammarian; neat appearance; accurate; references; $8; understands office work. Miss B., G 294 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; willing, obliging; accustomed to hard work; neat, accurate, rapid; excellent references; $10. Refined, G 304 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; can handle large correspondence quickly, intelligently; references; $15. Competent, 240 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Business college graduate; will work hard to get a good start. Agnes Brady, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good worker; excellent education; references furnished; salary desired $8. Accurate, 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent young woman; rapid, neat, accurate worker; references. Expert, 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable, good speller and grammarian, references, desires position; $10. L. 263 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience, accustomed taking difficult dictation; references; $12. W. 262 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, accurate, refined, with good reference; two years' experience. Levy, 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat typist; familiar with office work; references; $10. Steno, 250 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High School; neat, accurate; writes good hand; $6; references. Capable, 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, A1, bright, clever, young woman; 6 years' experience. Good English. 265 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced stenographer, or office work. Barry, 1,422 Second Av.; Telephone, 8184 Lenox.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent; neat, accurate; references; $12. H. Kessler, 241 East 118th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, two years' experience; moderate salary. Z 225 Times Downtown.

TWO girls; cook and laundress, other chambermaid; no cards; private family. 217 East 66th St., Mulcahy's bell.

YOUNG woman, pleasant voice, experienced, wishes engagements for reading aloud. Miss M., C 140 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN wishes position as waitress or chambermaid. Fannie Krakora, 436 East 73d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,317. 'Phone 2993 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

AUDITING.—Expert accountant (chartered and certified) is prepared to undertake all branches of accountancy and auditing; moderate, but not cheap rates, high-grade work only being performed. Apply to B 38 Times.

BOOKKEEPING.—Errors are always annoying, very costly, sometimes; my system detects all errors the instant they are made; eliminates trial balance troubles; does not change your present mode of bookkeeping; efficient, inexpensive. Accountant, C 135 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2825 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, experienced, accurate, reliable, knowledge stenography, desires prospective position. Hertzfeld, 388 East 121st St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; reliable, careful driver; life-long abstainer; honest, neat appearance; will prove by worth; expenses minimized. Hand, 2,110 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Can make all repairs; careful driver; wishes position; single, (30;) first-class references. Scheid, 351 West 20th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Careful driver; two years' experience; city, country. Mandry, 1,034 2d Av.

COLORED STUDENT desires position at anything for few hours nightly. W 261 Times Downtown.

DETECTIVE, bonded, seeks work by day's pay; expert shadowing. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

GENTLEMAN desires employment evenings after 5; clerical work, correspondence, or companion; best references. G 244 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORK.—Young man, (Chinese,) well educated, English, wishes position at housework, wait on table. G 249 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Experienced; 20; knowledge shorthand, typewriting; start 8, with advancement. G 303 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE PARTY, wide awake, keen, will render services where eyes and ears are essential; submit problem and I will solve it; experienced. Confidential, C 155 Times.

SALESMAN, with established trade South, open for cloak and suits or dress and skirt line of A1 standing. C., 153 Times.

WANTED—Position as traveling companion and assistant with accounts and correspondence. Address J. Warren Hardwick, 209 Piquot Av., New London, Conn.

YOUNG MAN, 22, good stenographer and bookkeeper, desires a position not necessarily limited to the above; five years' experience in Wall Street; salary, $25. F. W., 252 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, experienced clerk, office assistant, understands typewriting, desires connection with firm where hard work will be appreciated. G 250 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years, American; neat appearance, wishes position as office assistant; well recommended; moderate salary. Assistant, Box 267, Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, 23, wants an opening at bookkeeping, typewriting, or any other line. W 260 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position as office helper; experienced; bonded. G 245 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) desires a position in shipping department. W. Langan, 174 East 102d.

YOUNG MAN wishes a position as valet. J. McGruder, 9 West 135th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

A DESIRABLE LIST OF APPLICANTS FOR positions as stock, shipping clerks, and office assistants is at present available at the office of the Employment Department of the Y. M. H. A., 92d St. and Lexington Av; references of all prospective candidates for employment are very carefully looked into and kept on file; employers are invited to make use of this medium; no charge to you.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 8167 John

DOYLE AGENCY, 'phone 2829 Beekman, Tribune Building.—Stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, clerks, switchboard operators furnished.

Domestic.

COOKS, houseworkers, chambermaids, waitresses, day workers; references. Shepherd Agency, 107 West 138d St. 6916 Morningside.

COOKS, houseworkers, chambermaids, waitresses; references. Instant Relief Agency, 131 West 133d St. Tel. 7288 Morningside.

FIRST-CLASS domestic help supplied; male, female; references. Shepherd Agency, 344 West 59th St. 6460—Columbus.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, firemen; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th. Telephone 486 Morningside.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 326 6th Av.; strictly reliable domestic help furnished. Telephone 8089 Bryant.

MISS CURRY'S AGENCY
23 West 42d St., fifth floor, supplies an excellent class domestic help. Telephone Bryant—3894.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 88 West 134th St., bond, $1,000; guaranteed colored help. 1119—Harlem.

WEST SIDE AGENCY.—First-class domestic help furnished; references. 615 Columbus Av. 7095 Riverside.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (corner 106d.)—Block from Riverside Park. Subway express station, surface cars and Riverside buses; finest location in New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished rooms; excellent cuisine; table guests; gentlemen; couple.

11TH ST., 28 WEST.—Clean room, comfortably furnished, running water; telephone; good table.

16TH ST., 20-22, 83 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; reference.

44TH ST., 214 WEST.—Good rooms, with good board; telephone; references.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Sunny rooms, good board; refined home for business people; parlor; telephone.

47TH ST., 58 WEST.—Rooms, large and small; private bath, telephone; exclusive; with board.

58TH ST., 306 WEST.—Large, sunny room, well heated, hot water system; best board; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large pleasant room; finely furnished; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Large, small rooms; suites, with baths; reference; parlor dining room.

69TH ST., 107 WEST.—Handsome large, two rooms, bath; separate rooms; first-class home table.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Attractive third-floor suite, three rooms, two baths; hot-water supply; telephones in rooms; exceptional table; references.

71ST ST., 116 WEST.—Pleasant second-story front room, with board; table guests accommodated; reference.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms or suite; parlor floor dining room; references.

73D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; bath, fine meals; Subway, elevated; table guests; Jewish.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Clean, bright suite; private bath; single rooms; quiet; refined; table guests.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, with bath, large closets; parlor dining room; excellent table; table board; telephone; Christians; references.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure large single room; water, steam, closet; excellent board; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; parlor dining; references required.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Pleasant, medium rooms, southern exposure; excellent table; select neighborhood; references.

79TH ST., 135 WEST.—Large, furnished front room, fourth floor; lavatory; attractive prices for business guests; reference.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath, sunny front rooms; parlor dining; references exchanged.

80TH ST., 152 WEST.—Large, pleasant front rooms; every convenience; refined surroundings; parlor dining room.

82D, 74 WEST.—Newly furnished, large, sunny room; private bath; second floor; references; telephone.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Second-story front room, handsomely furnished; southern exposure; private bath.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Large, small rooms; every convenience; superior board; telephone; near "L," Subway.

91ST, 48 WEST.—Single, double rooms; near Subway, elevated; superior table; telephone 2371 Riverside.

94TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large and small rooms; running water; telephone; "L" station; Subway express.

95TH ST., 63-65 WEST.—The Rozalle.—Handsomely furnished rooms; cuisine and service exceptional; references.

95TH, 50 WEST.—Near Park, "L," Subway express; only few accommodated; cuisine Francaise; references.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large and small rooms; delightful parlor dining room; refined service; all transportation convenient; telephone; references exchanged; table board.

122D ST., 150 WEST.—Double room; excellent table; select, quiet neighborhood. Telephone 1991—Morningside.

123D ST., 148 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, dressing room; excellent table; telephone; reference.

181ST ST., 264 WEST.—Large room; conveniences; only two gentlemen; good table; telephone; American family.

142D, 512 WEST.—Unusually pleasant suite, with one or two bedrooms; also other rooms; steam heated; superior board; near Subway.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all conveniences; excellent board; private residence; telephone; Subway; elevator.

149TH ST., 542 WEST, Near Broadway Subway, (The Audubon.)—A few unexpected vacancies; large, bright, comfortably furnished rooms; very reasonable to first-class parties; every comfort; the place you are looking for. Booklet on request. Telephone.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 761—Several pleasant rooms, for gentlemen or married couples; private; trains convenient; references.

Washington Heights.—Delightful outside room, suitable one or two; high-class elevator apartment dining room; 1,573; Subway. Telephone 3292 Audubon.

East Side.

15TH, 218 EAST.—Large and small rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; 'phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; nicely furnished small rooms; telephone.

21ST, 145 EAST (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable large, small rooms suite; excellent table; reference; telephone.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Entire floor, two rooms, bath; also single room; elevator, steam heat; excellent table; parlor dining room; American.

80TH ST., 40 E.—High class suites with bath; elevator; parlor, dining; superior board.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

80TH, 115 EAST.—Finely furnished, sunny second floor front; bath; other rooms; good table.

80TH ST., 1,845 LEXINGTON AV.—Large, small rooms; excellent cuisine; table board. Gross.

127TH ST., 18 EAST.—Large room for two, nicely furnished, with board.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,343, (89.) — Desirable room, one, two gentlemen, married couple; quiet, refined; reference.

MADISON AV., 484.—Pleasant third floor room; large closets; desirable for gentlemen; can accommodate a few table guests; references.

MADISON AV., 103-110.—Large, small rooms; permanent arrangement made for Winter; table guests.

MADISON AV., 839, near 70th St.—Large and small rooms, with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Large and single rooms; second floor; excellent board; parlor dining.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—Subway, five minutes Broadway; parlor floor; furnished, unfurnished; large front room; reasonable; two, three persons; neighborhood, house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets. 905 Main.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 11.—Large rooms; overlooking water; convenient to Wall St., car lines, and Subway; splendid cooking; reasonable; references.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 290.

JOHNSON AV., 144, Richmond Hill, L. I.—Best of board and large, beautifully furnished rooms; elderly couple or semi-invalid cared for by trained nurse; reasonable terms.

Country.

COUNTRY BOARD AT
"THE CHESTNUTS,"
RIVERDALE-ON-HUDSON,
NEW YORK CITY.
Amid Bracing Air and Beautiful Scenery.
'Phone 135 Kingsbridge.

COMFORTABLE home for elderly people; $7 upward; ask circulars. 315 Gramatan Av., Mount Vernon.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—ATTRACTIVE, scrupulously neat front and back parlor, with lavatory; one flight; telephone; references; gentleman. 2,333 Broadway, 86th St. Subway. Barnes.

5TH AV., 2,016 (Corner of 125th St.—Beautiful, large front room; running water; conveniences; homelike. Deisinger.

12TH, 115 WEST.—Large and small rooms; all conveniences.

21ST ST., 167 WEST.—Large, sunny, front homelike parlor, $8.50; improvements; first floor hall room.

84TH ST., 859 WEST, (The Williston.)—Large, small, newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable rates.

88TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large front, second-story room and connecting room for bachelor or studio.

44TH ST., 118 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms, conveniences; also basement, suitable for storage.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished, large, small rooms; quiet, refined; references.

45TH ST., 156 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, from $3.50 to $7 per week.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large and single, adjoining bath, suitable for two; conveniences; gentlemen; references.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, bath, for gentleman. Telephone 8043 Bryant. References.

51ST, 333 WEST.—Large furnished room, with dressing room; also small; all conveniences; gentlemen.

52D ST., 229 WEST.—Large front room; conveniences; 'phone; private house; Subway; gentlemen; $5; reference.

52D ST., 236 W.—Parlor floor, 1, 2 or 3 rooms; furnished or unfurnished.

58TH ST., 337 WEST.—Beautiful front parlor, water, piano, $8; other rooms; clean; respectable; telephone.

64TH ST., 164 WEST.—Large sunny room, piano, running water; superior service; telephone; references.

65TH ST., 128 WEST.—Gentlemen; newly furnished; homelike, quiet; hotel service; meals cooked to order.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, scrupulously clean, large rooms; private bath; first-class house; references.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large room, private bath; smaller rooms; steam heat, electric light, phone.

70TH, 273 WEST.—In select house, handsomely furnished rooms for one, two gentlemen; private bath, electricity, telephone; breakfasts served; references required.

70TH ST., 146 WEST.—Front room, bath, closet; running water; private residence; permanent; references.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Newly decorated desirable rooms, with board; handsome house; references.

72D ST., 242 WEST.—Large and small modernly furnished rooms; private house; near Broadway; references required.

78D ST., 166 WEST.—Large, small, newly decorated sunny rooms; hot, cold water; baths; Subway.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, private bath; newly furnished; other rooms; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Doctor's office, with extensions; also small rooms; table guests.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 101 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedroom; all conveniences; private family; reasonable. Brown.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Gentleman; handsome, sunny rear room, dressing room; quiet, refined home; references.

80TH ST., 208 WEST.—Single rooms, with board if desired; convenient L and Subway. Knodell.

81ST ST., 204 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms, with use of kitchen; business and professional women.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Large rooms, dressing room floor with bath; 2 gentlemen; southern exposure

84TH ST., 101 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, steam heat, running water, telephone. Carter.

85TH ST., 112 WEST.—Private family will rent to gentlemen two rooms, bath, en suite or singly, furnished or unfurnished; references.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Couple will rent connecting rooms, lavatory, or separately. 9,160 Riverside.

91ST ST., 15 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room, elevator apartment; every convenience. O'Connor.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant front room, southern exposure; bathroom floor; all conveniences.

95TH ST., WEST.—Floor with bath, heat, light, service, furnished, unfurnished. C 93 Times.

118TH ST., 416 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; elevator apartment; convenient Subway. Wheeler.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Sunny corner, four windows; running water; steam; telephone; $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 511 WEST.—Singly or en suite; everything modern; reasonable; board optional; references. La Van.

124TH ST., 458 WEST.—Attractive furnished room; private family; bath, telephone; all conveniences; near L station. Apartment 52.

LARGE, beautiful, newly furnished parlors; select, private residence; central, near Park, Riverside, to clubs, specials, or doctor; daily or permanent; all conveniences; telephone; references. Address Select, 442 Columbus Av.

LARGE front, finely furnished; one or two gentlemen; water; also back parlor, furnished or unfurnished, in quiet, private family; New England. Stationary, 709 Amsterdam Av.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

MANHATTAN AV., 21.—Two fine rooms; southern exposure; bath, steam, gas; breakfast optional. Charlton.

NEAR 127TH AND RIVERSIDE (192 Claremont Av.)—Light, clean, attractive room; subway; moderate. Cooley.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (Corner 127th St.)—Handsomely furnished suite, four, five rooms and bath; elevator, phone, electricity, silver, linen; $12.50 weekly; beautifully furnished room, bath, kitchen, $4-$6.

WEST END AV., 534.—Desirable rooms for gentlemen; exclusive neighborhood; valet service; Subway; references.

East Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Large front; one flight; running water, electricity; steam; telephone; moderate. Campbell.

18TH ST., 118 EAST.—Near Subway station and Broadway; large and small; reasonable.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square.)—Suite two rooms, bathroom, by month; references.

55TH ST., 55 EAST.—LARGE ROOMS, BATH; ELECTRICITY; REFERENCES.

43D, 131 EAST.—Refined home, every comfort; sunny; closet; permanent; gentleman; moderate; references. Nellson.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms, all improvements; telephone; reasonable.

BROADWAY, 2,728, (104th St.)—Splendid accommodations in private family, at moderate terms. Third floor south.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYE, 38, seeks bachelor to share his apartment; all improvements; $10 month; references. Address R, 1,117 Fulton Av., corner East 166th St.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Attractive newly furnished, large, sunny room, near bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select house.

LEXINGTON AV., 359, (Near 40th St.)—Front and back parlor; also large room.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for men, with and without private baths; convenient Wall St., Subway, and Bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABSOLUTELY select private families desiring one or two roomers can secure same without publicity; boarding and rooming houses also listed. No place listed without inspection. Applicants requiring refined, desirable accommodations, consult us. Telephone Madison Square 4742. St. James Realty Co., 1,133 Broadway.

WANT AT ONCE, 3 elegantly furnished rooms, bath, kitchen, between 50th and 80th Sts.; near 5th Av. preferred. Answer to Mr. Syburg, Savoy Hotel.

FOR SALE.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

SALVAGE SALE OF A FULL LINE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, SLIGHTLY W

RAIDS BY DRISCOLL FILL NIGHT COURT

More Than a Dozen Prisoners Taken After Tour Through Mercer Street.

CLEANING UP BROADWAY

Commissioner Cropsey, Interested, Talks with Men Sent Out—Letters Inspired Driscoll.

Deputy Police Commissioner Driscoll at 6 o'clock last night made a requisition upon Second Deputy Commissioner Flynn for four of his best men, and an hour later another requisition went in for seven more. By 11 o'clock the results began to tell in the form of reports of raiding parties who had entered three disorderly resorts in Mercer Street, and had sent a dozen women to the Night Court.

From Broadway other reports came in until after midnight telling how unaccompanied women who seemed to be loiterers had been warned off that thoroughfare, and two against whom complaints were made had been arrested.

These police assignments were the result of letters sent to Mr. Driscoll following his announcement that he was going to force white women away from Chinatown and keep them away. The letters told him of other neighborhoods which might well be investigated.

Commissioner Cropsey became so interested in the developments that he remained in his office late to see the detectives sent out, talking at some length with the first four men sent out.

The four went to the Mercer Street Station, where they were in conference for some time with Capt. Dominick Henry before proceeding to make their raids. The first place raided was that of "Kitty" Hicks, once notorious as the white wife of the late Major Hicks, colored, who held a post under the Government. Six women were taken from this place to the Mercer Street Station. From another Mercer Street place six more women were removed. Along Broadway the work was chiefly to warn women that Broadway was too busy a street to loiter in, especially during the after-theatre rush hour. The three women arrested were said to have refused to take this suggestion kindly.

The police authorities were well pleased yesterday with the success of their campaign for a cleaner Chinatown. The police in the district were again instructed last night to stop all white people trying to enter the district after 1 o'clock in the morning, and to see that no white women had quarters in houses where Chinese lived.

Sam Lock, 51 years old, a Chinaman, having a tearoom on the ground floor of 563 Seventh Avenue, was arrested yesterday for selling opium, and in the West Side Court was held in $1,000 bail by Magistrate Krotel for examination on Tuesday.

WIFE SUES E. H. PATTERSON.

Edward H. Patterson, a young college graduate, whose secret marriage led to his being cut off by his family and who met the situation by taking a job as a sandhog in the construction of the Pennsylvania tunnels, installing his wife, also cut off by her family, in two furnished rooms, appeared yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Gerard to answer his wife's suit for separation.

Patterson is a graduate of Andover Academy and Columbia University. His father is a wealthy manufacturer living in Mount Vernon. Justice Gerard closely questioned Mrs. Patterson on the stand yesterday, and observers in the courtroom believed that he was attempting to effect a reconciliation.

The trial will continue to-day.

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FOR

WEDDING PRESENTS

FIFTH AVENUE and 47th ST.

MISS VOLINSKY'S STORY.

Woman Accused of Threatening Schiff Testifies for Herself.

Anna Volinsky, against whom lunacy proceedings have been instituted, testified yesterday in her own behalf before Referee Charles W. Dayton, Jr. She said she was 40 years old and had been employed as a collector for the Beth Israel Hospital and the United Hebrew Charities before she worked for the Montefiore Home. She received, she said, one-half of the contributions of new patrons of the home and one-quarter of the dues she collected from old subscribers.

Miss Volinsky repeated her allegations against Kaufman Mandel, a Director of the Montefiore Home. Her repetition of this story to other Directors is what she says led to the institution of the lunacy proceedings and her arrest on the charge of threatening to kill Jacob H. Schiff. She denied that she made any such threat.

Kaufman Mandel took the stand to deny Miss Volinsky's charge against him and contradicted every detail of her story. He said Miss Volinsky had come to him with a tale of graft prevailing in the Montefiore Home.

Miss Mary Coleman, the lawyer, and two stenographers who lived at the Trowmart Inn, where Miss Volinsky had quarters, testified that her actions were always rational. Miss Coleman said that she had not told Jacob H. Schiff, as testified, that he was lucky Miss Volinsky had not shot him, and denied that Mr. Schiff told her, as had been testified, that Patrolman Cohen's family, with whom Miss Volinsky once lived, had told Mr. Schiff that Miss Volinsky had epilepsy.

Dr. Alexander Strong, Miss Volinsky's family physician, said that, in his opinion, she had never suffered from true epilepsy and that she was entirely rational. He said he had advised her when she told him about Mandel, but was not allowed to tell what advice he had given her. The hearing continues to-day.

THINK TELEPHONE FEE HIGH.

Aldermen Ask Public Service Board to Investigate the Brooklyn Charge.

The Aldermen, at their weekly meeting yesterday, passed a resolution asking the Public Service Commission to investigate the ten-cent telephone charge from Manhattan to Brooklyn, the argument being based on the fact that only 5 cents is charged to certain sections of the Bronx which are further away than any part of Brooklyn.

Resolutions were also passed by the board on the death of ex-Gov. Hill. They were introduced by Alderman Dowling, Tammany leader of the board, and said, in effect, that the death of Gov. Hill was a loss to the Nation.

Alderman Levine introduced a resolution, which was passed, recommending to Borough President McAneny of Manhattan that he use all possible leniency in doing away with the stand merchants and peddlers of Delancey Street.

"Bathtub Trust" Hearing To-day.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The Department of Justice will begin taking testimony in the Government's suit against the so-called "Bathtub Trust" in Pittsburg on Oct. 31, before Lindsay C. Spencer, a Baltimore attorney, who has been appointed a special master to hear the proceedings.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
12:10	303 West 119th St.; Andrew Peterson	$2,000
12:25	200 East 3d St.; unknown	Trifling
12:30	60 East 114th St.; Abe Johnson	$50
1:15	756 East 155th St.; James C. Ohlink	$50
2:35	23 Water St.; Mary Delaney	$15
8:15	138-40 West 17th St.; Montague & Gillette	Trifling
10:15	1,486 Lexington Av.; A. J. Panthal	Slight
10:20	456 East 165th St.; Anthony Sarcaro	$200
11:00	34 Scammel St.; Morris Herkelman	$25
P. M.		
1:15	161 Attorney St.; Synagogue Vethe Erepon Chodrower Verein	$25
1:40	20 East 67th St.; Kate Seoli	$50
3:20	306 Fifth St.; Lena Josephson	$25
4:20	148 East 86th St.; James Fisher	None
5:00	301 East Broadway; Home of Daughters of Jacob	$250
5:00	242 East 127th St.; A. Van Buren & Co.	Trifling
6:10	500 West 181st St.; G. Taylor	$150
7:30	59 Broad St.; Baron Cafe	None
8:00	535 East 13th St.; David Haslan	$10
8:15	28 Ludlow St.; Isaac Lichensky	$5
8:20	67 East 92d St.; Louis Ginsberg	$5
8:40	8 Gansevoort St.; Harry Weir	$1
8:45	416 East 80th St.; James Latch	$25
9:00	1,037 Broadway; John Miller	$25
9:00	877 Park Av.; unknown	None
10:00	52 Allen St.; Max Hart	$10
10:15	24 11th Av.; Jacob Holober	$200
10:35	2 West 72d St.; Hotel Majestic	None

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. JOHN DREW in his greatest success. Smith.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. LAST WEEK—Mat. Sat. 2:15. G. P. HUNTLEY - HATTIE WILLIAMS in DECORATING CLEMENTINE. NEXT MONDAY.....Seats To-morrow MARIE DORO in Wm. Gillette's new play, ELECTRICITY

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Sat. only 2:15. LAST 4 NIGHTS KYRLE BELLEW in THE SCANDAL. NEXT MONDAY.....Seats To-morrow KYRLE BELLEW in his greatest success RAFFLES.

KNICKERBOCKER. B'y & 38 St. Eve. at 8 FIRST MATINEE TO-DAY at 2 SHARP. JULIA NEILSON FRED TERRY and their London Co. in THE SCARLET PIMPERNEL as presented 2,000 times in London.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eve. 8:20. Mat. To-day & Sat. 2:15. HELEN WARE in THE DESERTERS

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. LOUD, LONG, LUSTY LAUGHS! THE COMMUTERS By JAMES FORBES.

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way, 46th St. LAST 2 WKS. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Sat. at 2:15. THE GIRL IN THE TRAIN

BIJOU B'way, 30 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. A Drama Entitled "NEW YORK"

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. To-day Mat. $1.50. Lina Abarbanell with Ralph Herz. MADAME SHERRY!

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2. ORIGINAL CAST AND PRODUCTION Greatest of All Musical Comedy Successes. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs 8:15 Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT! GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. A LEAD PIPE HIT! THE COUNTRY BOY By Edgar Selwyn.

JOE WEBER'S B'WAY & 29th ST. MAT. TO-DAY. KITTY GORDON in ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE? with JOHN McCLOSKEY.

GRAND 23d St., 8th Av. Mat. To-day. The Spendthrift

THE NEW THEATRE Cen. Pk. W., 62d St. Tel. 8800 Col. "The Blue Bird For Happiness" Evs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. 2:15. Maurice Maeterlinck's THE BLUE BIRD Extra Matinees To-day & Thursday at 3.

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COMEDY. 41st, E. of B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mat. To-day, $1.50. A New Comedy Keeping Up Appearances

NEXT TUESDAY (Nov. 1.) DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS (For Two Weeks Only) Seats on Sale To-m'w. in THE CUB

MR. FAIRBANKS APPEARS AT THIS THEATRE FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY. IF SUCCESSFUL, "THE CUB" WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER THEATRE.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S TH. 39th, bet. B'y & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-day, 2:30. Maxine Elliott in The Inferior Sex.

MON., Oct. 31, Seats To-m'w. A New Play by Charles Klein, THE GAMBLERS with GEORGE NASH.

LYRIC. 42d, W. of B'y. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day, $1.50. Grace La Rue Mme. Troubadour Van Rensselaer Wheeler. Alan Dale, AMERICAN—"'Mme. Troubadour' is a bewitching little musical surprise, and I'd like to hear it again."

BROADWAY TH. B'y, cor. 41. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. MARIE CAHILL in the New Musical Comedy, JUDY FORGOT.

CASINO. B'y & 39th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. SAM BERNARD in He Came from Milwaukee.

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'y & 35 St. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15 Marie Dressler in Tillie's Nightmare.

DALY'S B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day, $1.50. BABY MINE

HACKETT. 42d Street, West of Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-m'w. $1.50. MOTHER

Nazimova's 39th St. Thea. 39th, nr. B'way. (Opp. Casino). Evs. 8:30 $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:30. Henry W. Savage offers THE LITTLE DAMOZEL Most appealing and entertaining comedy in town; extraordinarily well-acted.

CIRCLE. B'y & 60th. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day, 25, 50c, $1. LOUIS MANN in THE CHEATER.

WEST END. 125 W. of 8 Av. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day, $1. Eddie Foy UP & DOWN BROADWAY Emma Carus

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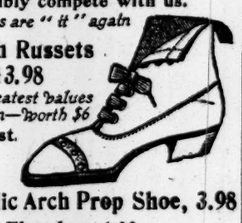

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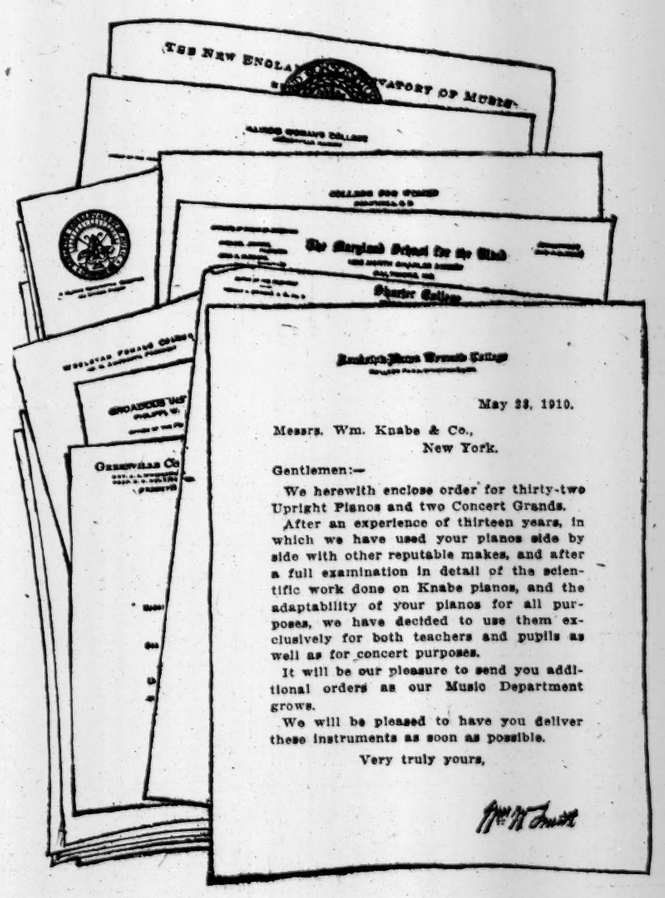

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